Cribune

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Clinton Pledges to 'Persist Until We Prevail'

Tripoli Hands Over Pan Am 103 Suspects

2 Ex-Agents Arrive in Netherlands for Trial

By Anne Swardson

ROTTERDAM — The suspected bombers of Pan Am Flight 103 arrived in the Netherlands on Monday from Libya to face trial under Scottish law more than 10 years after a bomb blew up the Boeing 747 passenger jet over Lockerbie, Scotland.

It was the long-awaited end of seven years of diplomacy and negotiation involving the United Nations, President Nelson Mandela of South Africa, the Libyan leader Colonel Moammar Gadhafi, President Bill Clinton and the familiae of seven and the familiae of the seven and the seven Clinton and the families of some of the 270 people who died in the disaster on Dec. 21, 1988.

Eleven of the victims were Scottish citizens who died on the ground in the town of Lockerbie; 189 of the passengers were Americans.

A suitcase containing the bomb exploded shortly after the flight took off, just before the flight was to start

Indonesian Election

Poses Fairness Issue

By Michael Richardson

International Herold Tribune

JAKARTA — Preparations for what are supposed to be Indonesia's first free

and fair general elections since 1955 got off to a shaky start Monday as voter

registration began amid more reports of violence and concern that neither the

commission organizing the polls nor the government of President B.J. Habibie

There is widespread anxiety that intense rivalries among some of the 48 political parties will fuel the religions,

ethnic and social tensions that have caused the deaths of several hundred

Indonesians so far this year, mainly in

and around Ambon in the Moluccas and the Kai Islands farther to the east and in

arts of Kalimantan on Borneo island.
In the latest outbreak of communal violence, Christians and Muslims renewed fighting Monday with bows and

arrows, machetes, axes and spears in the Kai Islands, 3,300 kilometers (2,050 miles) east of Jakarta, where searchers pulled 20 bodies from burned-out build-

ings, taking the death toll in the conflict to 54, Reuters reported from Ambon.

Despite a ban on street rallies and

some other campaign restrictions, ana-

lysts say they worry that as election fervor intensifies, the violence might

spread to the main Indonesian island of

lava, where many of the largest industrial centers, including Jakarta and

Surabaya, are located. Such a devel-

opment could frighten away urgently needed investment and plunge the econ-

gmy, which has recently shown signs of bilizing, deeper into recession.

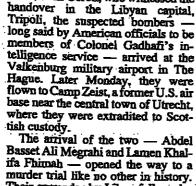
But the General Elections Commis-

sion, bowing to the views of its party

members, recently decided not to ban outdoor railies or travel by party sup-

porters to and from rallies in convoys of

would be neutral referces.



across the Atlantic to New York.
Accompanied by the UN legal
chief, Hans Corell, who witnessed the

Their surrender by Lîbya followed a complicated deal under which the two can be tried in the Netherlands under Scottish law on charges of planting the suitcase bomb that blew up Pan Am Flight 103.

See LIBYA, Page 4

Malaysia Opposition

Faces Uphill Battle

By Thomas Fuller

tional Herald Tribune

KUALA LUMPUR—The leaders of Malaysia's political opposition have unveiled what is potentially the most

serious, broad-based challenge to the 18-year rule of Prime Minister Mahathir

A new party inaugurated over the weekend by Azizah Ismail, the wife of Anwar Ibrahim, the dismissed deputy

prime minister, promises to usher in a new era of Malaysian politics, linking

the often fragmented, racially diverse political groups that oppose Mr. Ma-

See MALAYSIA, Page 4



Accused: Abdel Basset Ali Megrahi, left, and Lamen Khalifa Fhimah.

New Political Challenges

For Southeast Asians

Children running toward French military belicopters Monday as they delivered rations to refugees in Albania.

New Concern Over a Surge in Nationalism

The Silent Issue: Greater Albania

By Joseph Fitchett

PARIS — Refugees have become an instrument of war that Slobodan Milosevic, the Serbian leader, is using to unleash a specter haunting the Balkans: Greater Albania. An explosive issue little discussed in the West, the prospect

ANALYSIS

of a nationalistic surge for unity among the roughly 8 million Albanian-speaking people throughout the region fills most governments there with apprehension about a chain reaction starting in Macedonia. The repercussions could shatter the veneer of states and boundaries across this least-developed corner of Europe.

President Bill Clinton evoked this risk at the start of NATO's campaign, saying that Kosovo, in contrast to Bosnia, was not confined by natural borders but instead could evolve into an open-ended conflict liable to spread through the southern Balkans and ultimately involve two North Atlantic

Treaty Organization allies, Greece and Turkey.

Belgrade's ferocious campaign to empty Kosovo of its ethnic Albanians, and NATO's determination to preserve their future place in their homeland, are both dictated by the possibility of a polarizing confrontation across the fault line in the southern Balkans.

On one side are Orthodox Christian groups in charge of Serbia, Montenegro, Macedonia and Greece. On the other are Muslim Albanian-speaking minorities in all these countries, with an impoverished motherland in Albania, an ally in

Bulgaria and an ultimate protector in Turkey. In spawning refugee flows that strain economies and ethnic coexistence around Kosovo, Mr. Milosevic seeks to trigger a chain reaction of confrontations multiplying faster than NATO's ability to contain them. Western officials and spe-

His strategic goal is to consolidate Serbia, by overthrowing the government in Montenegro to drive out its Albanian minority, they say. He plans to repopulate a partly emptied

See KOSOVO, Page 5

In Montenegro, Split Loyalties

By Blaine Harden

PODGORICA, Yugoslavia - At the bus station Sunday morning, nervous people with suitcases were skipping out on Montenegro, convinced that soon there would be bloodshed in this mountainous Yugoslav republic.

The NATO bombing of Yugoslavia, which consists of Montenegro and the far larger republic of Serbia, has blasted open a chasm of suspicion and resentment in this republic of about 640,000 people. They are split between supporters of an elected government that wants to embrace Western Europe and supporters of the Yugoslav president, Slobodan Milosevic, the

Serb who is defiantly waging war against NATO.

The bombing of military targets inside Montenegro, which NATO halted four days ago as it accelerated the pace of strikes inside Serbia, has handed Mr. Milosevic's supporters a resonant battle cry. At the same time, it has badly undermined the arguments of Montenegro's moderate leadership that good things come when you cozy up to the West.

"There is hate here now, and I think there will be civil war. There are two sides that disagree about everything," said Samira Sukolica, a Muslim woman who with her children and grandchildren was voting with her feet, abandoning

fontenegro by bus for the safety of neighboring Bosnia. Like Bosnia, which was convulsed by war from 1992 to 1995, this republic is a soup of different ethnic groups — Montenegrin, Serb, Muslim, Albanian and Croat, Once started, as everywhere in the Balkans, ethnic violence in this

republic could spin out of control as it did in Bosnia

The fear voiced by people packing outbound buses has been echoed by the State Department. It said last week that Washington was "highly concerned" that Mr. Milosevic would provoke violence in Montenegro in order to give the estimated 12,000 Yugoslav troops based in the republic an excuse to take over an elected government that has declared itself neutral in the conflict over Kosovo. Late last week Mr. Milosevic replaced the commander of those troops with

See MONTENEGRO, Page 4

First Group Of Refugees Is Airlifted To Turkey

By Brian Knowlton

WASHINGTON — President Bill Clinton, saying that NATO would "persist until we prevail," warned President Slobodan Milosevic on Monday that the alliance would not accept any outcome short of the objectives it has laid out.

"Empty promises and token half-measures won't do the job," Mr. Clinton said at a White House news briefing.

He appeared to allude to speculation that the mounting pressure on Yugoslavia from a punishing and stillexpanding air campaign might lead Mr. Milosevic to seek a cease-fire based on terms short of NATO's requirements. "If Mr. Milosevic does not do what is necessary," Mr. Clinton said, "NATO

More on Kosovo: Pages 3, 4 and 5.

will continue an air campaign. It will be undiminished, unceasing and unrelent-

ing."
NATO has insisted that Mr. Milosevic withdraw his forces from Kosovo. allow refugees to return, grant self-government to the province, and allow a NATO peacekeeping force to enter the province.

Nothing less would suffice, Mr. Clin

"We are up against a dictator who has shown time and again he would rather rule over rubble than not at all.' he said, adding, "The ethnic cleansing of Kosovo cannot stand as a permanent

The first tangible signs of coordinated relief emerged Monday for tens of thousands of terrified and exhausted refugees huddled along the muddy borders of Kosovo, as NATO pursued both a humanitarian airlift and intensified raids against Serbian military targets.

The first of hundreds of thousands of

daily rations were delivered to refugees. Mr. Clinton said that on Monday, the first of eight planned Boeing 747 flights took a large shipment of rations to Italy. From there, he said, C-130 cargo planes will fly 10 missions daily to Tirana, the Albanian capital, from where helicopters will relay the supplies to the border.

Mr. Clinton acknowledged that the administration had been caught offguard by the suddenness with which the humanitarian crisis unfolded. "It is im-possible to prepare fully for the chaos that this kind of cruelty inevitably creates," he said.

With governments hard-pressed to meet all the needs of the swelling tide of refugees, he made a direct plea to the American people to contribute money to private charities involved in relief efforts. "We do need help," he said.

See NATO, Page 4

AGENDA

U.S. Baseball Season Starts Off in Mexico In a break with longstanding tra-dition, Opening Day in Major League Baseball took place for the first time outside the United States or Canada as the Colorado Rockies defeated the San Diego Padres, 8-2, in a National League game in Monterrey, Mexico. The venue signaled baseball's increasingly aggressive bid to expand its reach and Mexico's growing importance to U.S. culture,

	The Dollar	
New York	Mondey @ 4 P.M.	previous close
Euro	1.0715	1.0776
Pound	1.6003	1.603
Yen	121.85	120,75
DM	1.8251	1.811
FF	6.121	6.0737
Dollars per po	und and per euro	
	The Dow	

sports and entertainment. Page 16.

Dollars per poum	d and per euro	
_a	The Dow	
***	Monday close	percent change
+ 174.82	10,007.33	+ 1.78%
4	S&P 500	
+ 25. <i>4</i> 1	1,319.13	+ 1.96%
4	Nasdaq	
+ 65.10	2,558.47	+ 2.61%
Books		Page 7.
Crossword		Page 8.
Opinion		Pages 6-7.
Sports	ABIEFE: 77	Pages 16-17.

	hathir.	
٠.	But the opposition, even if it is united,	
	is long way from threatening the 73-	
	year-old prime minister and his gov-	
	ernment, political analysts say.	
	So tight is the grip of Mr. Mahathir	
	and his allies that the new opposition	
	oronoing may not even be able to strip	
	the governing coalition of its two-thirds	
	majority during the next round of gen-	
	eral elections, which must be called	
	within a year.	
	"The ruling coalition is powerful,	
	overwhelmingly powerful," said	
	Chandra Muzaffar, deputy president of	
	the newly formed opposition grouping.	
	the National Justice Party. "It will be	
	very difficult to unseat them. But you	
•	have to set your sights high and hope for	
-	the best."	
	The National Justice Party, a name	
	chosen to evoke the travails of Mr.	
	Anwar, who is awaiting a verdict in a	
	politically charged trial that has cap-	
•	tivated the country, is up against not	
	only Mr. Mahathir's formidable polit-	
	ical skills but also proven party ma-	
	chinery that has held power without	
	interruption since independence in	
	1957	
٠.	Mr. Mahathir also has strong influ-	
	ence over the Malaysian mass media.	
	CICC. 0.01 All 1.12231-2	Barbar Barbar The Assessment

An ethnic Albanian taking his children to a bus Monday near an improvised camp on the Yugoslav border.

Vehicles, a major source of trouble in the See INDONESIA, Page 4

	Newsstand Prices	
Behrain	1,000 BD Malta	55 (
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REDMOND, Washington - The company well known for its aggressive domination of the software world has set itself a new target; the best minds of With cash, stock options and the promise of vast resources, Microsoft Corp. is luring faculty elites to its research center at a pace so fast that some campus departments say they are being picked clean.

By Mark Leibovich

Last month, Microsoft hired Lazlo Lovasz, a mathematician and recent winner of his field's prestigious Wolf Prize, away from Yale University. He will start in June and will join, among others, Michael Freedman, a Fields Medal-winning mathematician from the University of California at San Diego, and Jim Blinn,

With Stock as Bait, Microsoft Lures Elite Professors

a MacArthur fellow and computer graphics expert from California Institute of Technology.

Microsoft Research, known as MSR, is aiming for a "faculty" of 600 people by the end of next year. It already is among the biggest computer science lab-

oratories in the world, with 350 researchers.

But while other private research labs, including Lucent Technologies Inc.'s Bell Labs. IBM's T.J. Watson Research Center and Xerox Corp.'s Palo Alto Research Park, recruited faculty stars long before Microsoft, no company has raided universities so brazenly, university administrators said. And none has offered such stock options as those that have mass-produced so many Microsoft millionaires.

See MICROSOFT, Page 10

ASIA/PACIFIC

In China's Graveyards, Tiananmen Memorials

By Michael Laris Washington Post Service

BELIING - Zhou Shuzhuang walked reached down and began brushing away

the bevy of undercover agents peeping at Mrs. Zhou's every move was a potent reminder that in China, mourning is often much more than a family affair.

Mrs. Zhou's son, Duan Canglong, was 23 when Communist Party leaders ordered the army to open fire on unarmed iananmen Square almost a decade ago. Mr. Duan was shot through the chest just after 1 A.M. on June 4, 1989. He was a student leader and chemistry major from Qinghua University who took to the streets to push reform in China.

"With such a patriotic child," Mrs. Zhou said, sobbing, "how could they

Mrs. Zhou has swept her son's grave every Qing Ming — and every June 4 since 1991. She was too devastated to do it in 1990, on the first anniversary of his

"For those first two years, every time I thought of Canglong, I would run outside like a crazy person," Mrs. Zhou said. "Ten years later, my thinking has gradually become stronger. My child was shot dead for no reason. I want to defend my son.'

government is starting early to make sure the 10th anniversary of the June 4 crackdown will pass without incident.

The authorities have already walled off ing" the 1989 democracy movement in the entire square with sheet metal to terms of the interests of China's current prevent any public memorials for the leaders.

hundreds and perhaps thousands of Chinese killed in the armed assault.

The Qing Ming festival on Monday was the first in a long series of aninto a cemetery on the west side of niversaries connected to the crackdown. China's capital on Monday morning, In an indication of government nervousness, the authorities briefly detained Ding the leaves and dust that had settled on her son's grave.

Zilin, an outspoken advocate for Tiananmen victims and their families, over the It was a scene repeated across the country as millions of Chinese paid respects to deceased relatives in the Qing spects to deceased relatives for the Qing and her husband might cause trouble Monday as they commem-Ming, or tomb sweeping, festival. But orated the death of their son, who was

also shot by troops in 1989.

Prime Minister Zhu Rongji is expected to face tough questions on China's human rights practices when he arrives in the United States on Tuesday for a

Political reformers jailed for their involvement in the demonstrations have began calling on the government to reappraise the Tiananmen demonstrations, which has added to official nervousness. A senior Communist Party official purged for his role in the demonstrations called last month for China's leaders to reverse their verdict on the protests and admit that the government was wrong to

use tanks and troops against its citizens.

Bao Tong, the former top aide to the ousted Communist Party general secretary, Zhao Ziyang, wrote: "If such a large case of injustice is not redressed, the hearts of the common people will not be able to bear it.'

Mr. Bao remains one of the most sensitive political figures in China today. He was the only senior official jailed for his role in the protests, and he has spoken out infrequently since his release from prison in 1996.

Tiananmen remains the most incen-diary political issue in China, and the ership often reads more like a policy memo from a political adviser than an appeal from a purged official.



Wang Xizhe, left, a Chinese dissident, being escorted by a South Korean official at the Seoul airport Monday on his foiled attempt to enter China.

■ Dissident Is Turned Back

The exiled Chinese dissident Wang Xizhe arrived in Bangkok on Monday after his attempt to return home to pay respects to his deceased father was aborted in Seoul, Reuters reported. He had

been traveling on Asiana Airlines, a South Korean carrier, from New York to Beijing before he was taken off the plane during a stop in Seoul and put on a flight to the Thai capital. In Bangkok, he unfurled a poster that read "Going back to the home-land is a right that cannot be deprived."

JAKARTA - The detained East Timor guerrilla leader Xanana Gus-

mao ordered his supporters to take

up arms against Indonesia on Mon-

day after troops and Jakarta loy-alists killed 17 civilians.

In a statement issued by his at-torney. Mr. Gusmao called for a

"general popular insurrection," say-ing he had no choice after continued

attacks against his supporters, in-cluding the killings Monday in Li-quisa. The rebel leader said Jakarta was deliberately undermining

tempts to reach a peaceful solution on the status of East Timor by arming

"I am compelled to authorize the

guerrillas to undertake all necessary

action in defense of the population

against the unprovoked and mur-

derous attacks of armed civilian groups backed up" by the Indone-sian military, he said in the statement

issued from the Jakarta bungalow

Asked if that meant resuming an

armed fight against Indonesian forces and supporters, the guerrilla

leader's attorney, Johnson Panjaitan,

said, "That means taking up arms."

Many had hoped that a peaceful

solution to East Timor's status

might finally be within reach after

In January, in an abrupt reversal,

Jakarta raised hopes of an end to the

strife when it said it might grant the

former Portuguese colony indepen-

dence if East Timorese voted down

In Lisbon, Portugal expressed in-

dignation Monday over the killing

of civilians in East Timor, but said it

was willing to continue UN-brokered talks with Jakarta.

17:62 21/70 15:61 14/57 29:84 37:98

Printed by Newskin international, a said in Registered at a sensy operation post office.

an offer of autonomy.

more than 23 years of bloodshed.

where he is under house arrest.

A Risky Mission for Zhu; Reforms Could Suffer if U.S. Trip Fails By John Pomfret Washington Paus Survey. Mr. Zhu was By John Pomfret Washington Pon Service BEIJING — When Gordon Smith, a Republican senator from Oregon, met with Prime Minister Zhu Rongii last week, the 71-year-old Chinese leader confided that he was concerned he would return from the United States covered in extran towastees and execution.

covered in rotten tomatoes and eggs.

Mr. Smith encouraged Mr. Zhu to go anyway and confront his U.S. critics.
"I told him there will be a heck of a stage for him to speak to the American people about where he's trying to take China, and how we can resolve our dif-

ferences," he said.

Mr. Smith admitted to being wowed by the straight-talking former mayor of Shanghai, who recently completed his

first year as prime minister.
"I actually believe he would be a wonderful face for China in America," Mr. Smith said. "I found him a very warm and friendly human being that brings a charisma that Americans would warm to, like we have with few other Chinese leaders.'

Chinese leaders."
On Tuesday, Mr. Zhu is scheduled to begin an eight-day trip to six cities in the United States and to Canada. Mr. Zhu's journey to the United States, his first since 1990, comes at a critical time for relations between Washington and Beijing, for China itself and for the United States.

The United States is waging a war in

The United States is waging a war in Yugoslavia that Beijing stridently opposes. China is under attack in the United States for allegedly stealing nuclear weapons secrets and for undertaking a new crackdown against dissent. The one possible centerpiece of the impending summit meeting — progress on China's application to join the World Trade Organization — could easily be subsumed by political wrangling.
At home, Mr. Zhu and President Jiang

Zemin are under pressure from hard-line politicians, such as Mr. Zhu's predecessor, Li Peng, the No. 2 man in the Communist Party, for pursuing close ties with the United States.

Hard-liners such as Mr. Li, security officials and some military officers, along with vested interests in the Chinese bureaucracy, might take heart in a failed trip to America, Western and Chinese sources say. It could presage a setback to ministerial bailiwicks and a chance to deal U.S.-Chinese relations a serious blow and to bolster ties with Moscow, which sells Beijing an estimated \$1 bil-

lion worth of weapons each year.

This complex interplay of domestic politics in America, domestic politics in China and geopolitical rivalry between the most powerful nation in the world and the most populous one have com-bined to place intense pressure on Washington's ties with Beijing.

"Of course, it will not be an easy task to visit the United States," Mr. Zhu said last month.

"I don't think my visit to America will be entering a minefield," he said, "but for sure I do expect to encounter hostile or unfriendly feelings.

Chinese leaders have debated the wisister told Mr. Smith and other U.S. senators that he was concerned about the

"I told him," Mr. Smith said, "that while it is a time of peril, it's also one of real opportunity to roll back some of the criticisms and make some changes in the policies that will help us make progress between our countries."

Still, a U.S. diplomat cautioned about hoping for too much from the visit.
"Zhu's a very impressive guy," the diplomat said, "but he's not a closet capitalist, he's not China's Gorbachev or anything like that. He's a Soviet-trained engineer. He's a central planner. He

believes in a state-run economy." Also, at root, the problems between the United States and China are not ones that even a talented politician like Mr.

During the summit meeting between President Bill Clinton and Mr. Jiang in October 1997, the two countries announced the creation of a "constructive strategic partnership." But, actually, the countries are at loggerheads.

Some Chinese and Western experts have argued that Mr. Zhu's trip could succeed if he opened up to Americans and spoke about his own troubled his-

WEATHER

room in the United States. room in the United States.

"Zhu is in a box right now," said and Asian diplomat who has long served in Beijing. "His instincts tell him to open up to the United States. But the hard-liners would be able to use that to daminate the said of the sa age him at home."

BRIEFLY

Estrada Threatens Communist Rebels

MANILA— President Joseph-Estrada of the Philippines threatened Monday to order a full-scale military offensive against Communist rebels if they did not free within two weeks five army and police officers they were holding.

He also offered to give rebel noninees advisory posts in his admin-istration if they laid down their arms. "Up to now, they have been giving us a run-around," he said. "That's up to them but only until April 19. If they still do not release them, we will give them an all-out fight."

The National Democratic Front

has promised to release the five, including an army general, in ex-change for a halt in military operations and the withdrawal of troops from areas where the rebels operate. Mr. Estrada said he had accepted the demands. (Reuters)

North Korea Lacks Children's Vaccines

BEUING — After four years of chronic food shortages, children in North Korea are stunted and malnourished and have not received the immunizations they need to prevent childhood diseases, an activist said

As many as 2 million children under age 5 are not getting shots for measles and other illnesses, said Bernard Krisher, head of the Internet Appeal for North Korean Children. Mr. Krisher's assessment under-

scored the damage that the eco-nomic collapse has wrought on the Communist country's once well-

Sri Lanka Tightens Guard on Elections

COLOMBO - Sri Lanka tightened security at polling places ical rivals intensified before regional elections.

One person was killed Monday in the central town of Matale, raising to four the death toll in unrest linked to the elections Tuesday, the independent Center for Monitoring Election Violence said. About 35,000 police were being deployed. officials said, and the military was on standby alert.

Classes in Pakistan For Afghan Women

PESHAWAR, Pakistan - Auniversity for Afghan refugees opened Monday in this border city, giving 2,000 young Afghan women an op-portunity to study, something denied them in their homeland.

The Taleban forces that control 90 percent of Afghanistan have imposed a version of Islamic law that. prevents women from attending school or working. They say they will open schools for girls after peace is established.

After Killings, Indian Government Facing a New Test **Timor Rebel** Vote of Confidence Looms as Key Partner Challenges Hindu Nationalists Calls for War

By Barry Bearak

NEW DELHI - The governing Hindu nationalist party is facing a political showdown with its largest coalition partner, a very public test of wills that has much of India speculating about whether the year-old government is about to fall.

Prime Minister Atal Bihari Vajpayee defiantly declared Sunday that he would welcome a no-confidence motion in Parliament, calling it an opportunity for his Bharatiya Janata Party to prove that if old allies desert the ship of state, new of Tamil Nadu, from 1991 to 1995. ones will come aboard.

cabinet reiterated that view Monday.

Over the weekend, Miss Jayaram for her income tax problems, and three demands on the government:

Whatever her legal problems, she commands the loyalty of her party, the demandes, reinstate the ousted naval All India Anna Dravida Munnetra made three demands on the government: Dismiss Defense Secretary George Fernandes, reinstate the ousted naval up a parliamentary committee to investigate charges of corruption that Admiral Bhagwat has made against his former

IN THE MATTER OF

WASTE MANAGEMENT

INTERNATIONAL PLC

(IN MEMBERS, AOTHAINA,

AND IN THE MATTER OF THE INSOLVENCY ACT 1966

A statute under the law of England and Wales providing for, amongst other fisings, the winding up of

NOTICE IS HEREBY CIVEN that the las

NOTICE IS PRESENT GIVEN that the last date for proving debts against the ahovenamed company, which is being voluntarily wound up, is the 12th day of May 1999. Claims must be sent by this date to the statestigned, Finbarr O'Connell of Grant Thomaton, Grant Thomaton House, Melton Street, Esstats Square, London NW1 2EP, England, the liquidator of the company.

This notice is purely formal and the directors believe that all known creditors have been, or will be, paid in full.

This notice relates only to Wash Management International plc (i Member Voluntary Liquidation), I does not relate to any other

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THE WORLD'S DAILY NEWSPAPER

DATED this 31st day of March 1999

NBARR O'CONNELL Liquidator

boss, Mr. Fernandes. The prime minister has refused to give in.

from the 13-month-old governing co-alition with "immediate effect." In the pas Agence France-Presse reported.

The move could embolden the opposition Congress (I) Party and its allies to force a confidence vote when Parliament reconvenes April 15, observers said.]

The flamboyant Miss Jayaram is no stranger to corruption charges herself. She faces trial in several alleged scams that stem from her term as chief minister When she was arrested in 1996, press

"We are prepared to face a trial of reports said that among the treasures kilograms (64 pounds) of diamond-stud-The coalition is an odd union of ill-fitting parts. It has held power with a thin pairs of shoes, 91 designer watches and 19 majority, dependent on the 18 votes of a automobiles. Three weeks ago, she was state party from Tamil Nadu run by a accused of beating her former accountant mercurial former actress. Jayalalitha Jawith a shoe and then forcing him to sign papers that confessed full responsibility

chief, Admiral Vishnu Bhagwat, and set Kazagham. On Saturday, the party's general council unanimously gave her power to form "new alliances depending on the evolving political situation."

Miss Jayaram is prone to political tantrums, and much doubt has been ex-[Miss Jayaram then said Monday that she was withdrawing her two ministers shows for the defense secretary's job

In the past, her demands have involved more personal matters: the charges filed against her, which the government recently transferred to a court charges she would like to see filed against her longtime nemesis. Muthuvel Karunanidhi, present chief minister of Tamil Nadu.

Her current threats might be considered as the bombast of a limelight addict except for a reception given March 29 in Miss Jayaram's honor in New Del-

(I) Partywas among the guests. The two women spent less than 10 minutes together, drinking tea. But the mere fact of their public chat made the front pages. Conjecture began about a budding alliance.

Since her party outperformed the Hindu nationalists in state elections in November, there has been talk that Mrs. Gandhi might try to take power.

But what argues against that possibility is the fact that Congress Party would find itself in the same situation as the Hindu nationalists, sewing patches on an easily frayed coalition.

China Calls Report of U.S. Funding 'Concocted'

Internet address:

http://www.iht.com

BEUING — China again denied allegations Monday that it had funneled money to the Democratic Party in the United States, calling reports of its secret political donations a "random and wanton fallacy."

Sun Yuxi, the Foreign Ministry's spokesman, told the official Xinhua press agency that China had "never donated" to a U.S. presidential campaign and was opposed to interference in the affairs of another nation.

He was reacting to reports in the U.S. media that China's head of military intelligence used \$300,000 to aid the re-election of President Bill Clinton in 1996. He said such accusations had been "concocted by a few people with ulterior motives." The Los Angeles Times on Sunday quoted sources familiar with state-ments made by Johnny Chung, a Democratic fund-raiser, to federal investigators that a Chinese government official had funneled the cash through Mr. Chung to the Democrats.

TRAVEL UPDATE Correction An article in editions Mon-

day analyzing the Balkan Rickshaws on the Streets of Paris situation gave an incorrect date for Greek independence PARIS (AFP) - Bike rickshaws are to hit Paris next week. from the Ottoman Empire. It

enabling footsore tourists to tour the heart of the city in springtime while someone else does the pedaling.

Painted bright yellow and black, like New York cabs, an inaugural fleet of around 10 rickshaws is scheduled to begin service Monday. They will take off from the Tuileries gardens near the vast Place de la Concorde and continue for five kilometers (three miles). The one-hour ride will go past the

Opera, the Louvre Museum, the Seine river and the Orsay impressionist museum Velos Taxis were the brainchild of two brothers, Patrick and Didier Leonhart, both former members of the French Foreign Legion. The vehicles, consisting of a two-seat, fiberglass cabin atop a tricycle, are being produced at the rate of about six vehicles a month, with orders coming in from other French cities, including Nice.

Portuguese Truckers Begin Strike

LISBON (Reuters) — Portuguese truckers began an in-definite pay strike Monday that could disrupt fuel supplies, a union spokesman said. Fernando Fidalgo of Festru, or the Federation of Road and Urban Transport Unions, said most of the country's 35,000 to 40,000 truckers would join the strike.

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Unsettled and cold from the Southwest into the central Rockies with rain and mountain snow, there may be heavy snow from north-burst scross the Alps and dry in the Midwest and the Great Lakes region Wednesday and Thursday. Wednesday and Thursday and Thursday and Friday. Wednesday and Thursday and Friday. Warm with plenty of sun in but also spread across the area Friday.

Man and Friday.

Asia

Plenty of sun and midder across England Thursday and Friday. Surmy with rain and snow with burst scross the Alps across forthern Japan with rain and snow with the across the street of the surmy with rain and snow with the across the Alps across the Alps across forthern Japan with rain and snow with rain is likely Thursday. Wednesday: Tokyo may have showers Wednesday. Cloudy and rainy from Sichuan Maps, forecasts and data provided by Accellisation, Inc. @1909 - http://www.accel North America

Oceania



THE AMERICAS

For Zhi High Court Supports Police in a Car Search

fustices Say Passengers, Too, Face Scrutiny

The Associated Press

The Associated Press

In dissent, Justice John Paul Stevens said: "Today, instead of adhering to the settled distinction between drivers and passengers inside a vehicle when law-said faily seeking criminal evidence against the driver, the Supreme Court ruled Under that rule he said the second s

By a 6-to-3 vote in a Wyoming case, the court expanded the aiready considerable police power to search motor vehicles without a court warrant.

"Effective law enforcement would be appreciably impaired without the ability in search a passenger's personal belongings when there is reason to believe contraband or evidence of criminal contraband or evidence of criminal wrongdoing is hidden in the car." Justice Antonin Scalia wrote for the court.

POLITICAL NOTES

Gore's Rough Ride In Silicon Valley

WASHINGTON — It was not exactly the welcome wagon.

As Vice President Al Gore arrived in Los Angeles on Monday for a two-day California visit, two distinct Republican groups were trying

to rain on his bandwagon.

The Republican Leadership
Council, a centrist Washingtonbased group, launched a two-day television advertising campaign in San Francisco and San Jose which Mr. Gore will visit Tuesday - poking fun at his recent claim

that he had taken the "initiative in creating the Internet." Meanwhile, a group of Silicon Valley Republicans — aiming to dispel the impression that Mr. Gore has locked up the support of the high-tech community for his presidential campaign in 2000 - pur-chased a full-page ad in the San Jose Mercury News on Monday urging the Texas governor, George Bush, to seek the presidency.

Together, these Republican ads underscore two intriguing subplots already emerging in the competition to succeed President Bill Clinton: a growing interest by independent groups in purchasing ads to shape the campaign, and a spirited competition for the allegiance of the high-technology entrepreneurs of

might be able to search a taxi passenger's briefcase if they had reason to believe the driver had a syringe somewhere in his vehicle.

In other rulings on Monday, the court took these steps.

 It agreed to review the death sentence of a convicted Virginia killer whose scheduled Tuesday execution it postponed last week. The justices said they would decide whether a death row inmate, Terry Williams, should get a federal court hearing on his claims that he was denied adequate legal help during his seatencing trial.

• It ruled that criminal defendants who

 It ruled that criminal defendants who plead guilty have a constitutional right to remain silent at sentencing without judges' holding it against them. Judges cannot impose harsher punishment if such defendants refuse to give details about the crime, the justices said in a 5-4

decision in a Pennsylvania drug case.
Justice Anthony Kennedy's opinion
was joined by Justices John Paul
Stevens, David Souter, Ruth Bader

Ginsburg and Stephen Breyer.

The Wyoning case that spurred the decision Monday began as a routine traffic stop.

A car driven by David Young was stopped for speeding on Interstate 26 on July 23, 1995. After a Highway Patrol officer saw a hypodermic syringe in Mr. Young's pocket, the driver candidly said he had used it to take drugs.

In the ensuing search, two other officers asked the car's two female passengers to get out of the car. One of them

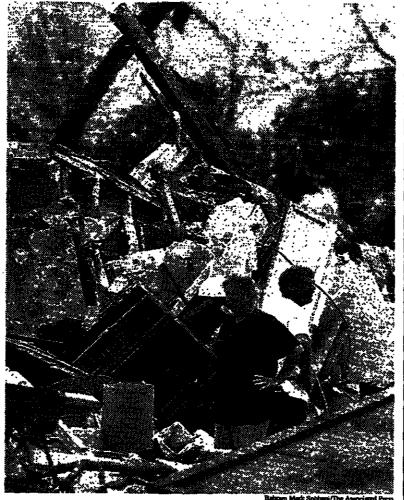
sengers to get out of the car. One of them, Sandra Houghton, left her purse on the car's back seat. Inside it, the police found drug paraphernalia and liquid methamphetamine. She was convicted

on a felony charge but appealed.

The Wyoming Supreme Court threw out her conviction last year, ruling that the police were justified only in searching the car for drugs Mr. Young may have had with him — and could not search Ms. Houghton's purse.

The decision on Monday reversed the

The decision on Monday reversed the state court's ruling, "The sensible rule is that such a package may be searched, whether or not its owner is present as a passenger or otherwise, because it may contain the contraband that the officer has reason to believe is in the car,"



FLATTENED IN LOUISIANA - A couple searching for belongings in the ruins of their Benton, Louisiana, mobile home that was destroyed by a weekend tornado. The final death toll from the twister was six, with about 100 people injured and 500 left homeless.

Away From Politics

• The FBI completed a search of a could send electronic mail to all its remote Texas ranch for clues to the employees, showing that technology is 1995 disappearance of Madlyn Murray surpassing the government's ability to O'Hair, the atheist leader, but it did not cope with it. The rules aim to prevent a disclose what, if anything, it had found. deluge of e-mail, which can be sent An FBI spokesman said investigators instantly to thousands of bureaucrats. from the FBI and other agencies had The convenience of e-mail for citizens ended their search of the Camp Wood is inconvenient for the government, ranch, 100 miles (160 kilometers) west (Reuters) of San Antonio.

• The 31th anniversary of the Reverend Martin Luther King Jr.'s death drew only 15 marchers to Memphis. one year after 4,000 marchers stretched six blocks to remember the slain civil rights leader. The rally Sunday featured chants, songs and speeches. The group stood under the balcony of the Lorraine Motel, where Mr. King was assassinated in 1968.

adopt new rules about how taxpayers mentary school.

is inconvenient for the government, which is struggling to balance its obligation to listen to taxpayers against the need for employees to get their work done.

A tornado touched down in Wichita, Kansas, on Monday, causing property damage but no serious injuries, officials said. The twister blew through the city after dawn, forcing merchants and residents to flee to the safety of basements and other shelters. Radio reports said that the tornado ripped the roof off a shopping center The U.S. Forest Service rushed to and did limited damage to an ele-

Military Chiefs Doubted Efficacy Of Air Strikes

By Bradley Graham

WASHINGTON - In the weeks before NATO launched its air campaign
against Yugoslavia, U.S. military chiefs
expressed deep reservations about the
Clinton administration's approach to
Kosovo and warned that bombine alone
Voice of their talks. "But you know, you make likely would not achieve its political aims, according to sources familiar with

province before resorting to air strikes.

They also complained about what they saw as the lack of a long-term vision for the Balkans and questioned whether ried that this would evolve into yet and the same that the same table. enough to merit a military confronta-

"I don't think anybody felt like there terest," said one senior officer knowledgeable about the deliberations.

[Defense Secretary William Cohen denied division among the top com-manders, Agence France-Presse report-ed from Washington on Monday. "There was significant debate during the course of the weeks leading up to the air campaign," Mr. Cohen said. "But relay the chiefs' views to Mr. Cohen said. "But and his national security advisers. ultimately, everyone understood that we could not afford to sit on the sidelines; that this action had to be taken."

["Whatever divisions there were or doubts there were, they were resolved before the president made a decision," he continued. "And it was consistent with the recommendation of both the intelligence community and the mem-bers of the joint chiefs."] Led by General Henry Shelton, chair-

man of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the commanders challenged in particular the "domino theory" being pressed in in-teragency discussions by Secretary of State Madeleine Albright. "Losing" Kosovo, she and her allies in the discussions maintained, would lead to wider destabilization in the Balkans that sooner or later would damage U.S. interests in Europe - so better to act before it was too late.

Ultimately, the chiefs agreed unanview that U.S. leadership in NATO had gaining table.

President Bill Clinton and his aides, and reports from the White House have said doubts from the military were weighed in the final decision to go to war.

Kosovo and warned that bombing alone your case, and that's why we have civilian control over the military.

Twelve days into the bombing cameir thinking.

paign, the military leaders remained doubtful that air strikes alone could satficers, meeting in closed-door sessions, isfy the larger political objectives put argued that the administration should forward by Mr. Clinton and other NATO use more economic sanctions and other leaders: stopping the violence in Kosovo nonmilitary levers to compel Belgrade and driving President Slobodan Miloto make peace in the rebellious Serbian sevic of Yugoslavia back to the bar-

U.S. national interests there were strong other open-ended commitment of U.S. troops in a foreign trouble spot. At the same time, if a political decision were made to send ground units to combat had been a compelling argument made Yugoslav troops, the service leaders that all of this was in our national inhave stressed that the force should be enhetantial

The heads of the army, navy, air force and Marine corps do not participate in running the war day to day. But they continue to be consulted regularly on its course, and General Shelton and Defense Secretary Cohen are supposed to relay the chiefs' views to Mr. Clinton

From the outset, the chiefs reportedly were skeptical of the rationale for U.S. military involvement in Kosovo.

"There were other tools that maybe just had not been exploited to the degree they could have been," said a senior officer, reflecting the view of the

Asked about the commanders' doubts, a spokesman for the Joint Chiefs, Captain Steve Pietropaoli of the navy, said that none of the military leaders dissented when presented with the NATO strike plan. "They all agreed that the operation envisioned could achieve the articulated objective," he said.

But by then the military mission had been framed narrowly: "to degrade Serbian capability to conduct repressive actions against ethnic Albanians in Kosovo." There was no specific requirement to halt Belgrade's relentless drive to push ethnic Albanians out of the imously last month to go along with air province, nor was there a mandate to strikes, embracing the administration's bomb Mr. Milosevic back to the bar-

to be preserved and that the looming humanitarian catastrophe in Kosovo had to be addressed, the sources said. But the earlier hesitations had been forwarded to

The same of the sa **Doctors Are Turning Away Uninsured**

By Amy Goldstein

des after he became a doctor, Glenn patients each week who could not pay their bills. But not long ago, he began encouraging people without insurance to look elsewhere for care.

The local hospital would no longer allow Dr. Littenberg to bring occasional patients for free tests. And in the heart of Southern California, where nearly everyone who has insurance belongs to a managed-care plan, Dr. Littenberg's own income was falling even as he squeezed more patients into his days.

Today he sometimes feels guilty, but he also is a realist. Speaking as one pinched for money and time, Dr. Littenberg says that "charity care has pretty care has pretty much gone by the wayside." It has been suspected for the last few years that, in the privacy of their offices,

doctors in the United States, like this 50year-old Pasadena gastroenterologist, quietly have been cutting a lifeline to the uninsured. But nobody had documented their actions.

Now, the scope of that phenomenon is evident for the first time in research which suggests that managed care erodes physicians' willingness to treat

people without insurance or mone Based on a survey of 12,000 U.S. physicians, a study published in the latest issue of the Journal of the American Medical Association found that doctors whose income depended most heavily on health maintenance organizations and other managed-care health plans devoted on average only half as much time to charity care as did their colleagues who were not participating in

managed care.

where managed care was most common and new limits on financial help from the WASHINGTON — In the two de- tended to spend significantly less time federal government. treating uninsured patients, regardless of own practice.

States: Even as the nation enjoys an era of less medical care.

Sustained prosperity, more Americans are being pushed to the margins of the health turned away when they have strokes, private-market answer the nation has grasped in hopes of curbing medical

Managed care seems to be eroding physicians' willinguess to treat people without insurance or money.

costs, sometimes has adverse effects on

number of uninsured Americans has in-creased by about 1 million a year to more than 43 million today.

Doctors are not the only ones feeling the strain. Charity care by physicians is eroding at the same time as the dominant facilities that care for poor patients -the community clinics and public hospitals that traditionally have formed the nation's medical "safety net"—are doctors, hospitals and clinics. themselves resting on increasingly shaky ground

care of their clientele of uninsured pa- expense of treating the uninsured.

BRIEFLY

Even more striking, the study found tients, as they struggle to cope with that physicians working in communities changes in states' Medicaid programs

Although no one knows the results for tenberg had fit into his schedule a few how many HMO patients were in their sure, some physicians and public health officials are starting to worry that, as a The findings are the latest evidence of result of these new economic stresses, a bleak aspect of health care in the United many poor people in America are getting

> care system. And managed care, the asthma attacks or other medical emergencies. But Mohammad Akhter, executive director of the American Public Health Association, said more routine care "is being denied all over the place." He added that a "large burden of disease is being built up among the uninsured people of this country.

The group that sponsored the research into charity care, a Washington-based nonprofit organization called the Center for Sudying Health System Change, re-leased another study last month indi-cating that Medicaid managed care is, indeed, squeezing out medical resources

the people it has not embraced.

"I think the system is on the verge of a major breakdown," Dr. Littenberg said.

Throughout most of this decade, the second study found, uninsured patients are less likely to have a regular physical content. were less likely to have a regular physician or to have visited a doctor or clinic in the previous year.

The main author of both studies, Peter

Cunningham, and other health policy experts believe the reason for these pattems is simple: HMOs and other man-

As a result, those physicians and facilities have been forced to abandon their In many U.S. communities, those longtime habit of making enough profit clinics and hospitals are less able to take from their insured patients to cover the

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Rebels Kill 22 Algerian Troops

ALGIERS — Twenty-two Algerian government soldiers were shot and killed when Muslim guerrillas ambushed a military convoy, a local daily reported.

The guerrillas sprayed the convoy with machine-gun fire early Sunday in Melaha hamlet of Blida Province, about 50 kilometers (30 miles) south of Algiers, El Watan newspaper

Twelve rebels were killed in an ensuing clash, the news-

Term Over, Mexican Said to Flee

MEXICO CITY -- An outgoing Mexican governor under MEXICO CITY — An onigoning wheatening governor and may investigation for drug trafficking has fled the country and may be in Panama, according to media reports Monday.

The term of Mario Villanueva, governor of the state of The term of Mario Villanueva, governor of the state of The term of Monday meaning he no longer enjoyed.

Quintana Roo, ended Monday, meaning he no longer enjoyed "If he has decided to leave the country, it is occause he reft if would be easier to defend himself from abroad than to stay in China.

"In spite of all the sadness, I think that things are changing for the better," the Tibetan spiritual leader said on his second today, "Mr. Villanueva's attorney, Raul Carde for the better," the Tibetan spiritual leader said on his second trip to Brazil since a 1992 conference on the sadness. in Junity from prosecution.

es, told 2 local radio station.
The Jornada daily said Mr. Villanueva fled to Panama, ment.

where he is said to have business interests, while Reforma said the governor left the country with his state's police chief,

Sharon to Meet With Albright

JERUSALEM - Foreign Minister Ariel Sharon of Israel announced he would meet with Secretary of State Madeleine Albright in Washington on Friday to discuss the stalled Middle East peace process.

Mr. Sharon told Israel Radio on Monday that he would meet Mrs. Albright and other officials "to say again that the delay in agreements with the Palestinians is their fault solely. Israel halted the implementation of the U.S.-brokered Wye River interim peace accord late last year over alleged Pal-

RIO DE JANEIRO - The Dalai Lama arrived in Brazil on

The Battle Plan /'We Are Clearly Moving Toward a Ground War'

With Dispatch Of Gunships, **U.S. Crosses** A Threshold

By Eric Schmitt
New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - The 24 Apache helicopter gunships and the long-range rockets that President Bill Clinton has ordered to Albania, combined with 8,000 NATO troops sent to aid refugees there, form the backbone of what could quickly be turned into the vanguard of an invasion force.

Administration officials insist this is not their plan and that, at most, these troops would be sent into Kosovo to escort ethnic Albanians back to their homes once hostilities ceased.

The Apaches, these officials say, are bound for the Balkans because General Wesley Clark, the NATO military commander, wants a potent, all-weather tank-killing weapon to bolster an air campaign that has been stymied by fog, rain and political constraints.

mission will be to attack hostile air de-fenses, and possibly other targets, deep preserve our objectives." behind Serbian lines.

southern NATO forces who helped direct the allied operation in Bosnia. Senior congressional officials echoed

air campaign, fine, but they're a ground support unit," a senior congressional aide said. "We are clearly moving to
One official told reporters the ward a ground war in Kosovo.

Last week, a senior NATO official in soon. Brussels said the fact that the United States wanted to send Apaches and rocket batteries operated by U.S. Army troops from Germany "raises some in-teresting questions about their position not to use ground forces."

Here is why: The Apaches add a deadly new dimension to a NATO air campaign that has failed to deter the forces of President Slobodan Milosevic from expelling tens of thousands of ethnic Albanians from the besieged province and that has been hampered in destroying the military machine waging

If dispatched in combat, which still needs concurrence from NATO's political leaders Monday and a second approval from Mr. Clinton, the Apaches would streak into Kosovo at night hug-ging the earth at speeds of over 150 miles per hour (240 kilometers per hour), running lights off.

Within minutes, peering through night-vision goggles, pilots would lock knows well as his former patron.
on targets identified from surveillance Mr. Djukanovic's government is

but also trying to avoid a direct challenge to the Yugoslav Army. That army has Each helicopter can fire up to 16 laserguided Hellfire missiles from more than three miles away. Except for dense fog, the Apaches can

fly in the foulest weather. grade that he was not alerted by the West

But flying closer to the ground than any piloted warplane also makes the helicopters much more vulnerable to cilities in his republic the very first night automatic-weapon ground fire or shortrange shoulder-fired missiles.

Continued from Page 1

"We can confirm they have been de-

From now until the end of the trial,

Camp Zeist is legally Scottish soil. The

suspects will be tried by Scottish judges

under Scottish law, accused by Scottish prosecutors, defended by Scottish law-yers and watched over by more than 100

What has been achieved by the

Scottish police and prison officers.

states concerned is unprecedented,"

said the UN legal counsel, Mr. Corell,

who accompanied the suspects on the

four-hour flight aboard an Italian gov-

ernment aircraft flying under the authority of the United Nations.

Colonel Gadhafi has not indicated

what persuaded him to finally turn over

the two men, though part of the agree-ment negotiated with the UN secretary-

general, Kofi Annan, authorized the sus-

pension - which took place Monday -

of the seven-year-old economic sanc-

tions against Libya. The sanctions will

not be lifted permanently until Libya

meets other conditions stipulated in the

agreement, including promising to pay

compensation to the victims' families if

ful to reinforce what the UN legal coun-

sel called "a very dignified transfer"

and to show respect for Colonel Gadhafi and his authority. "Apart from living

with the sanctions for seven years, no

country likes to be treated as an out-cast," Mr. Annan said. "I think Libya

wanted to get back into the international

Mr. Clinton said he was "gratified"

to hear that the suspects had arrived in

the Netherlands, news agencies report-

ed. "But most important," he added.

"today is a day to remember the men and

women who lost their lives on Pan Am

103. I know their loved ones have

suffered greatly. They, too, have labored

hard to bring justice."

■ Clinton Praises the Families

Mr. Corell and Mr. Annan were care-

the suspects are found guilty.

community.



A Kosovo refugee carrying diapers distributed by British soldiers at a refugee camp in Macedonia on Monday. posed to the elements

NATO: Clinton Pledges to 'Persist Until We Prevail' on Kosovo

Continued from Page 1

Mr. Clinton said the advisers all real-But the helicopters mark an important threshold in the 13-day allied operation. These are U.S. Army weapons flown by pilots wearing army green.

And while the long-range U.S. Army rockets may not be in Kosovo, their rockets may not be in Kosovo.

hind Serbian lines.

The first tangible signs of coordinated relief emerged Monday for tens of thouspokesman. have no problem whatsoever switching to a combat role if such an order is given," said Lieutenant General William Carter 3d, a retired chief of staff of manitarian airlift and intensified raids

against Serbian military targets. With improved weather, NATO bombs and missiles hit barracks, bridges and an air force headquarters inside Ser-'If they want to call them part of the bia early Monday, and officials broadly hinted later in the day that they expected

One official told reporters that "very direct results" would be coming very

U.S. spokesmen said that there were 'indications'' that in coming days Mr. Milosevic, having so devastated and dis-placed the ethnic Albanians, might seek a cease-fire arrangement to cement the

Joe Lockhart, the White House spokesman, said that such an attempt at

Continued from Page 1

General Milorad Obradovic, believed to

likely provoke a fight from the estimated 8,000 police in Montenegro, who are

loyal to Milo Djukanovic, the young Montenegrin president who has been

trying for a year and a half to ease this republic out of the crushing embrace of

Mr. Milosevic, whom Mr. Diukanovic

heavy weapons; the local police do not.

Djukanovic, who has told friends in Bel-

that NATO would bomb military fa-

of the air campaign, complained angrily that NATO's action had made his po-

group that represents 160 American families who lost relatives in the crash.

may lead, and we firmly believe that this

will go all the way to the top of the Libyan government — Moammar Gadhafi, he said.

"We look for the truth wherever it

LIBYA: 2 Ex-Agents Turned Over for Trial

In an interview Sunday night, Mr.

Mr. Djukanovic's government is walk-

Any such takeover, however, would

be a nationalist hard-liner.

half-measures and "hollow cease-fires" would not be a surprise.

He added, however, that NATO's requirements for a cease-fire were unchanged: Mr. Milosevic must withdraw his forces from Kosovo, allow refugees to return, permit self-government, and allow a NATO peacekeeping force to

enter the province.

NATO countries are simply not going to accept some phony peace deal," said James Rubin, the State Department

Asked about reports that members of the Joint Chiefs of Staff had raised doubts before the NATO campaign began about the efficacy of air power alone, Mr. Lockhart would say only that the chiefs, and the president's national security advisers, had ultimately agreed that such a campaign was necessary.

Airports in Macedonia and Albania,

which are struggling to absorb most of the estimated 360,000 ethnic Albanians driven from Kosovo in the past two weeks, are being appraded for 24-hour operations as relief supplies begin to flow in steadily.

U.S. troops began building a tent city
on Monday for 200,000 displaced

people near the Tirana airport in Albania as more helicopters moved to ferry refugees from the isolated mountains at A key goal of the refugee effort is to

MONTENEGRO: A Chasm of Suspicion

sition "much more difficult."

"It is hard, very hard to speak and work for a democratic and pro-European policy," he said. "NATO bombs have allowed Mr. Milosevic to create a new division in the Yugoslav political scene. A highway that would take it to either Patriots are those who support his policies, and anyone who criticizes him is a traitor.

It included tanks, trucks and other In Montenegro, pro-Milosevic forces are becoming much more aggressive."
Police officers loyal to Mr. Djukanovic
were out in force Sunday night as Mr.

Milosevic's supporters put on a huge rock concert in the capital's central square. It ing a tightrope, trying to prove to the West was an event that mimicked regime-that it is opposed to dictatorship in Serbia staged concerts in Belgrade, where in the past week Serbs have gathered to sneer at the United States and the NATO bombing and to voice their support for Mr. Milosevic's war in Kosovo.

"We must help our Serbian brothers against the NATO attack," said one of the placards that waved above a crowd that was by far the largest gathering in this republic since NATO bombs started

to fall 12 days ago.

The bombings in Montenegro stopped after what Mr. Djukanovic described as his furious complaints to Western dip-lomats that NATO was destabilizing its best friend in Yugoslavia. He said that the absence of falling bombs and cruise Families of the victims expressed concern that the trial would fail to immissiles in the republic in the past four days had eased tensions only slightly. plicate the person they believe is relivered, "a representative of the British government's Scottish Office told reporters at Camp Zeist, where the two men will be incarcerated and later stand trial.

Even new weight the and of the Teleston they believe is reported in the person they believe is responsible for the crash: Colonel Gadhafi. "If trying these two is the ultimate goal of this trial, then it's a travesty," said George Williams, prestricted in the person they believe is responsible for the crash: Colonel Gadhafi. "If trying these two is the ultimate goal of this trial, then it's a travesty," said George Williams, prestricted in the person they believe is responsible for the crash: Colonel Gadhafi. "If trying these two is the ultimate goal of this trial, the person they believe is responsible for the crash: Colonel Gadhafi. "If trying these two is the ultimate goal of this trial, the person they believe is responsible for the crash: Colonel Gadhafi. "If trying these two is the ultimate goal of this trial, the person they believe is responsible for the crash: Colonel Gadhafi. "If trying these two is the ultimate goal of this trial, the person they believe is responsible for the crash: Colonel Gadhafi. "If trying these two is the ultimate goal of this trial, the person they believe is responsible for the crash: Colonel Gadhafi." If the person they believe is responsible for the crash: Colonel Gadhafi.

"The bombing has really made a hor-rible mess for this republic," said Milka Tadic, general manager of Monitor, an independent weekly.
"Djukanovic was put in this horrible

political situation of being bombed by his allies," he said. "It gave the nationalists and the regular people of this country who are very confused a perfect reason to say that this government does not want to defend itself from outside attacks."

At the concert, Mr. Milosevic's men Before leaving Tripoli, the two suspects said they hoped to return to their families after being found innocent.

In the same political hay out of Mr. Djukanovic's woes. Girls in skintight pants writhed on stage as a singer tight pants wither 20 000 in families after being found innocent tight pants writhed on stage as a singer They said they were leaving Libya of led a crowd of more than 20,000 in their own accord because they were sure chants about how Montenegro and Ser-of their innocence. (AP. Reuters) bia must be united against NATO.

gradually move the massed Kosovars away from the border hillsides to more table inland locations.

that four tent cities were nearing completion. But some aid officials continued to plead with the Macedonian government to allow an expedited transfer.

Despite improvement on some fronts, NATO conceded that the plight of the massed refugees remained "precari-ous," and the vast majority of them were without shelter under conditions that saw temperatures below freezing.

A shuttle of some refugees to the

Macedonia capital, Skopje, that was to have taken place Sunday never got started, NATO said.

"We have food coming in, but we need more," a Red Cross aid worker at Blace said on CNN. The situation appeared to have improved in the mountainous Albanian border town of Kukes.
A spokesman for the UN World Food
Program said, "We estimate that now, with the assistance of other agencies, about 80 percent of the people are getting rations.

Early Monday, NATO bombs and missiles struck Yugoslavia's air force headquarters near Belgrade and a key army installation in the south of the country, at Nis, that caused a fire at an adjacent tobacco factory.

An airfield near Pristina, the capital of Kosovo Province was also bit accord.

Kosovo Province, was also hit, according to Yugoslav media reports.
In Podgorica, Montenegro, sources in

in Podgorica, Montenegro, Sources in roreign and organizations are provided in the republican government told The Associated Press that a large column of and the UN refugee agency are together Serbian military vehicles had been seen setting up camps to take the refugees moving south of Belgrade on Sunday on elsewhere in Macadonia, yet the specific setting up camps to take the refugees.

armored vehicles, they said. Overnight, NATO bombed a bridge but they do over the Ibar in the area in an apparent official said. attempt to block the movement.

idence that we are causing pain."

NATO was expected later Monday to approve a U.S. plan to send 24 Apache ground-attack helicopters and 18 mul-tiple rocket launchers.

A source at NATO headquarters told

the International Herald Tribune that, as of midafternoon, no NATO government had specifically objected to the deploy-

UN Assails Macedonia Over Refugee Delays

By Carlotta Gall New York Times Service

BLACE, Macedonia — As conditions deteriorated for the tens of thousands of Kosovo refugees stranded on the border with Macedonia, officials from the UN High Commissioner for Refugees accused Macedonia of endangering people's lives by processing refugees

too slowly.

"Not enough are being processed, and this is going to cause problems and health hazards for those inside," P. I.N. Ghedini, press officer for the UN agency, said at a news conference in Skopje, the Macedonian capital.

People were dying at a rate of 10 per day, she said, adding that the rate would increase if the refugees remained ex-

Macedonian authorities were registering 5,000 refugees a day, Mrs. Ghedini said. 'That is not enough.'
"We have to get them out of the mud," she added. 'It is extremely cold, is here been mining only to late them.

it has been raining quite a lot; people are weakened, fatigued and in a state of NATO reported that 200 tons of food and medicine had been transferred to the border town of Blace in Macedonia and arriving in the past few days. The UN refugee agency estimates that about 65,000 Kosovar Albanians are stuck on border at Blace.

Blocked by Macedonian police and army troops from entering the country, they are camping on a muddy hillside in a sort of no man's land beside the border post. A further 30,000 people are thought to be on the other side of the border in Kosovo.

A trail of cars stretches back for miles along the road where people have been waiting nearly a week to cross the border. At least one more train arrived Monday morning from Pristina, carrying some of the 5,000 people who had arrived in the previous 24 hours. The latest arrivals have come on foot

from the towns of Urosevac and Vucitm in northern Kosovo, fleeing Serbian forces and police who had ordered them out at gunpoint.

One official of the refugee agency, who asked not to be named, said the

Macedonian authorities were delaying the processing of refugees through immigration intentionally. They do not want to move people

incredibly widespread among the population in Macedonia." Foreign aid organizations are provid-

thorities were simply not letting: ...
refugees through, the official said.
"We have the experience and ability to process 20,000 refugees in one day, but they do not want us do it," the

Government officials have said the A NATO spokesman, Air Cominflux of refugees threatens Macedomodore David Wilby, said the attacks nia's economic and political stability. had been "ramped up" and, without They have also expressed anxiety about details, declared, "We are seeing ev the immediate security of the border region and have brought in extra troops and police to secure the area.

But many Macedonian citizens, including some policemen on the border, acknowledged the policy was a result of their general antipathy for the ethnic Albanians who make up the bulk of the

refugees.
"Why don't your countries take them?" asked one young policeman,

crading an antomatic weapon as he guarded the road at the camp. "We don't want them."

Macedonians are nervous that an influx of Albanians will upset the course. try's ethnic balance. Albanians already make up an estimated 20 percent of the population, while Macedonians, who generally sympathize with neighboring-Serbia in the current conflict with. NATO, make up some 45 percent.
The Macedonian government's

blocking of the refugees from Kosovo is also clearly aimed at forcing the international community to take in a large-

Vilosevice

part of the refugees.

By Monday morning European countries had pledged to take in some 36,000 refugees, Mrs. Ghedini said. But meanwhile the refugees should be given immediate help in Macedonia, she said.

Major Relief Groups Aiding the Refugees

A large number of relief organizations

are directly and indirectly seeking help refugees from Kosovo. Updates of many of their activities are at the fol-lowing sites on the World Wide Web:

http://www.sahcr.ch/youhelp/ kosovo.html (Operated by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees and gives regional addresses for donations.)

http://www.interaction.org/kosovo/detail.html (Provides brief descriptions of activities being undertaken by InterAction members to assist refugees from Kosovo.)

http://www.interaction.org/kosovo/ index.html (Gives addresses for U.S. based organizations affiliated with InterAction, a coalition of more than 160 private relief, development and refugee assistance agencies that have agreed to abide by a set of standards to ensure accountability to donors.)

http://www.reliefweb.int/library/ contacts/dirhomepage html (Operated by the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs).

Among the most active groups in Kosovo are: CARE International Secretariat Boulevard du Regent, 58/10; B-1000 Brussels, Belgium Tel: 32-2-502-43-33

Oxfam; 274 Banbury Road Oxford OX2 7DZ Tel: 44 1865 311 311

United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

Centre William Rappard 154, rue de Laussane 1202 Geneva D7-100.000.0 Switzerland Tel: 41 22 739 8111

Medecins Sans Frontieres International Office 39. Rue de la Tourelle B-1040 Brussels, Belgium Tel: 32 2 280 18 81

ba -

Part of

Medecins du Monde 62, rue Marcadet

75018 Paris, France Tel: 33 1 44 92 15 15

INDONESIA: Voters Sign Up Amid Unrest and Fear of Partiality.

Continued from Page 1

last general elections, in 1997, even though those polls were tightly con-trolled by the authorities.

'We all know that clashes are likely to happen if crowds gather," said Eep Saefulloh Fatah, a political scientist at the University of Indonesia.

The elections are seen as essential for establishing a legitimate government in Indonesia. The first of as many as 128 million eligible voters registered Monday for the parliamentary voting to be held June 7, the first elections since riots and street protests forced former Pres-

ident Suharto to resign last May. He handed power over to Mr. Habibie, his protégé and vice president.

Mr. Habibie has surprised many of his critics by taking steps to dismantle the authoritarian system that Mr. Suharto had used to govern Indonesia for more than three decades. Under his rule there has been better protection of human rights,

civil liberties and political freedom.

But foreign diplomats and Indonesian political analysts worry that the country lacks the credible institutions needed to ensure that the rules and results of the elections will be respected.

Mr. Habibie appointed the new elections commission, saying that it would be independent of the government. The body has only five government representatives, compared with 48 from the contesting political parties.

The commission recently decided that officials of the central government, including cabinet ministers, as well as those holding provincial and local posts, would have to resign if they wanted to campaign for a political party.

Since Mr. Habibie and most of his ministers are members of the governing Golkar party, and all officials and their families had to support and vote for Golkar under Mr. Suharto, opposition politicians and many voters feared that they would continue to use the resources of their office to help the party.

Mr. Habibie, after saying that only five of his 36 cabinet ministers and the tween him and Mahathir." attorney general would be barred from campaigning, asked the Supreme Court to review that decision. Last week, the

He has yet to announce what he will

do, although Marzuki Darusman, a ment not to do just that. It would be as Golkar official, said he believed it would opportunity to prove their integrity, honhelp if cabinet ministers were allowed to take leaves of absence to campaign. Analysts said Mr. Habibie would have

to weigh his desire to bolster his low ratings in public-opinion surveys against his wish to sustain Golkar support and have it choose him as its candidate for the presidential election in November. At present, he is only one of five potential candidates named by the party.

Soedjati Djiwandono, an Indonesian

political scientist, said: "If cabinet ministers and other government officials larangeng, a commission member.

court decided that Mr. Habibie had the authority to make the final decision on the issue.

really do not intend to make use of the state's facilities in their campaign activities, it is hard to understand why they would object to an expressed commitesty and sincerity to ensure a fair elec-

> Many Indonesians have also code dard by the election commission, which ruled last month that its own members." were free to campaign for their political parties and run for Parliament.

> As a result, the commission members: will "face a conflict of interest because" they would be both referees and players in the elections," said Andi Alfian Malbal

MALAYSIA: Uphill Battle for New Party

Continued from Page 1

The launching of the party, for example, received scant treatment in newspapers Monday, despite the thousands of people

Perhaps the biggest potential weak-ness of the opposition movement comes from within. The new party is meant to serve as a bridge between two groups at opposite ends of the political spectrum: a secular, urban-based Chinese party and a rural, Muslim party that says it would like to transform multiethnic Malaysia into a Muslim state.

With such diverse partners, the new party may find it difficult to build a common platform, something noticeably absent from the inauguration Sunday. The party sent out a message of broad

themes: justice and reform. Perhaps the group's most unifying factor is its strong opposition to Mr. Mahathir. This election will be a referendum

on Mahathir," says Jomo K.S., a pro-fessor at the University of Malaya What Anwar is trying to tell the Malay electorate is that the choice here is be-

Mr. Anwar last year as deputy prime 1minister and as his probable successor in leading to a political crisis and widespread disaffection among the Malays, the country's largest ethnic group.

Analysts say that Mr. Mahathia whose standing in his party was buoyee? by a victory in a state election last month; in might be tempted to call elections before the new opposition party has a chance to organize itse<u>lf.</u>

The most important thing now is now. the state of the economy, it's the state of the opposition," said Abdul Razak Abarra dullah Baginda, executive director of the Malaysian Strategic Research Center in "If the opposition is in disarray, that's a the time to call elections."

One wild card for Mr. Mahathir and his allies might be the April 14 verdict its? Mr. Anwar's trial — and the public's 5 reaction to the ruling. Mr. Anwar is an accused of ordering police officers to cover up allegations of sexual indiscretion. He faces 14 years in jail or and 20,000 ringgit (\$5,260) fine, or both, 27. each of the four counts against him.

Mr. Anwar and his allies have little

hope that he will be acquitted. "I think most Malaysians think the" outcome is a foregone conclusion." Mr. 312 Chandra said.

U.S. Shifts Planes to Europe, **Slowing Air Action in Iraq** WASHINGTON - The Pentagon flight ban in that period, and the al-

Yugoslavia, officials said.

Among the planes joining the in-tensifying conflict with Yugoslavia southern Iraq also has slackened, alare Navy EA-6B Prowlers, which are electronic-warfare planes designed both to jam and to attack air-defense radars, and refueling aircraft, according to defense officials who discussed the matter on the condition they not be munications sites south of Baghdad, identified.

As a result, the U.S. and British flight zone over northern Iraq have not ganization began the air strikes against Yugoslavia.

Not coincidentally, U.S. officials in the Pacific.

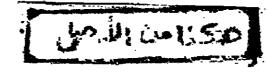
have reported no Iraqi violations of the has diverted important parts of the most daily U.S. and British attacks on U.S. air fleet charged with monitoring Iraqi air defense sites in the north have most daily U.S. and British attacks on northern Iraq to Europe to sustain its stopped. Air Force F-15E attack role in allied air strikes against planes conducted the last attack in

northern Iraq on March 16. though allied planes are continuing

On Sunday, American and British fighters attacked a surface-to-air missile battery and two unspecified comand there was an attack Friday.

The air war in Yugoslavia has also fighter aircraft used to enforce a no- put a squeeze on U.S. naval resources. An aircraft carrier is being added to flown since March 20, four days be- the allied forces in the Adriatic, but fore the North Atlantic Treaty Or- that has forced the Pentagon to shift the Kitty Hawk carrier battle group in Japan to the Gulf, leaving a carrier gap





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By John Kifner New York Times Service

'KUKES, Albania — There are mounting reports that Serb forces have killed hundreds of people — many in mass executions — in their nine-day drive to purge Kosovo province of its ethnic Albanian majority.

While the major thrust of the Serbian campaign, which has been stunningly successful, has been to force out the Albanians in terror, there have been repeated accounts by the haggard refugees of people being shot by masked gummen arclose range as well as being hit by tank or artillery fire, or in one case, aerial hombing.

gene O'Sullivan, cmer or use case of cooperation and Security in Europe observer team, which is monitoring the refugee crisis at the border. Indeed the reports of killing have been so frequent, and so repetitive in their detail, he said, that his group has brought in 60 specially trained investigators from Geneva and other areas to interview refugees and keep records for any possible future war crimes trial.

There have been a nomber of overlapping accounts given by refugees a widely scattered places and times to foreign journalists and humanitaria workers of a massacre of roughly 10

By Dana Priest

Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - U.S. officials

say that support is growing in the

Clinton administration and among its

Yugoslavia to include the ouster of

.. Having witnessed a startling on-

alaught by Yugoslav forces against

Kosovo's ethnic Albamans and a sea-

of hungry and shivering refugees stranded at the borders, NATO polit-

ical leaders have grown resistant to

entering into a political settlement with the man ultimately responsible

for those atrocities, the officials said.

. The idea of removing Mr. Milo-

sevic from power has been discussed

among President Bill Clinton's top

national security advisers and was on the agenda Friday for a preliminary

discussion with Mr. Clinton, admin-

istration officials said. It has also been

a subject of conversation in the five-

syay phone conference call that Sec-retary of State Madeleine Albright has each day with her counterparts in Bri-

tain, France, Germany and Italy.

Adding Mr. Milosevic's removal as

a condition for stopping the war could have far-reaching military implica-

tions, but there is no sign that these

have been seriously examined. At the very least it would require a more

concentrated effort at circumventing

the state-controlled media to appeal directly to the Yugoslav people, of-

Although the administration re-

President Slobodan Milosevic.

NATO allies for expanding the objectives of the air war against Press.

Should Milosevic Go?

U.S. and NATO Warm to Idea of Ouster

The dead will probably number at people gathered together in the adjacent least in the "high hundreds," said Euvillages of Kruse-E-Vogel and Kruse-E-Company of the automatic gene O'Sullivan, chief of the Organi- Madhe and executed with automatic

so frequent, and so repetitive in their sobbing people stretching about 65 kidetail, he said, that his group has brought lometers (40 miles) back into Serbia. By in 60 specially trained investigators Monday morning, 19,246 people had from Geneva and other areas to inter-

of people being shot by masked gummen arclose range as well as being hit by tank or artillery fire, or in one case, aerial bombing.

There have been a number of overlapping accounts given by refugees at days.

Lat foreign journalists and humanitarian burner of a massacre of roughly 100 crosses.

alized strategies for ousting Mr. Mi-losevic had been developed, although ideas have been outlined. Neverthe-

less, Mrs. Albright revealed the grow-

ing mood against having to treat Mr.

Milosevic as a head of state Sunday on

the NBC television show "Meet the

as a modern-day Hitler, she was asked,

could she ever again negotiate with

Having demonized Mr. Milosevic

"I think that this is increasingly the

But the bottom line," she added,

"more and more people are asking

that question: Is it going to be possible

to deal with somebody that is behind

all this? And that is something that we

NATO leaders voiced similar feel-

Defense Minister Rudolf Scharping

of Germany expressed the feeling of some of his North Atlantic Treaty

Organization colleagues when he told German television, "In my eyes he belongs before the human rights court in the Hague, not at a negotiating table." He suggested in another interview that Mr. Milosevic "shouldn't

have the feeling that he can murder people in Kosovo but remain unmo-

The U.S. ambassador to Macedo-

nia, Christopher Hill, told Fox News: "We need to do something about his regime. We need to make it clear that

we will not let them get away with

ings, as did members of Congress.

Several other prominent U.S. and

question," she replied. "I suppose the

possibility always is that we will have

to deal with him.

are focusing on."

ted himself."

Late Sunday afternoon, a badly burned 6-year-old boy, Breni Caka crossed the border. He said he had been hiding with his family in the basement of their home in the city of Dakovica when the Serbs torched the building, burning 18 people alive. What is striking about the lines of

188,036 who had passed over the Merini

Some had been walking for seven

crossing by the end of Sunday.

weapons fire. Some bodies were later

The refugee flow continued unabated

burned, according to the accounts.

refugees is that they are largely women, children and old men. The young men, they say, are either hiding in the mountains or have been separated out by the Serbs and taken away.

While there is no way to independ-

ently verify the accounts of killings foreign journalists have been expelled from Kosovo — their similarity sug-gested they were credible. Earlier Serbian efforts to "ethnically cleanse" parts of Bosnia of Moslems were ac-

companied by numerous massacres.
"When you keep hearing the same story over and over from different sources, you have to lend some credence," said Dorian Vienneau, a member of the European security observer team. "The sheer volume of reports leaves me to believe this is going on."

A number of accounts have described a massacre in the nearby villages of Kruse-E-Vogel and Kruse-E-Madhe which lie south of the major town of Orahayac. The BBC received an amateur video-

tape said to be have been shot in Kruse-E-Madhe running 1 minute and 42 seconds that shows the crumpled bodies of several young men lying on the ground who appear to have been shot in the head or throat. Two of the bodies were charred and burned. A 55-year-old woman, Naxhije Zymi,

who said 10 of her brothers had been killed, gave the following account of what had happened in Kruse-E-Vogel:

"On Friday, the police came early in the morning. They executed almost 100 people. They killed them all, men, women and children. They set a fire and threw the bodies in the fire and put car tires on the fire." Her account was similar to others

given to foreign reporters and organization and security observers. These accounts describe people being gathered: sanctioned information about the war, near a mosque and being moved down. "It is classic Goebbels-esque propa told organization and security observers mational agency administering the Bos-The bodies were then set on fire, he Goebbels, the Nazi propaganda chief.



An ethnic Albanian refugee child from Pristina peering out from a truck Monday after entering Albania near the northern village of Morina.

Belgrade Keeps Control Of Cross-Border Media

By R. Jeffrey Smith

SARAJEVO, Bosnia-Herzegovina-Strict media controls by the Yugoslav government are severely limiting information on the Kosovo conflict available to Serbs living in Bosnia's Serb republic, as well as to their ethnic brethren across the border in Serbia proper.

Television and newspaper reports have prominently featured public demonstrations and angry comments by Serbian civilians opposed to NATO policy.

But they rarely show ethnic Albanian refugees fleeing the Serbian province of Kosovo for fear of attack by troops and paramilitary police, and when the refugees are mentioned, media reports say their plight is the result of NATO

Since NATO first threatened to attack Yugoslav military targets last October, President Slobodan Milosevic of Yugoslavia has cracked down on independent media, closing at least four major newspapers and a half-dozen or more independent broadcast outlets in Serbia. Those he allowed to stay open have been threatened with large fines if they question the government's official policy or "security interests."

Last week, the police confiscated a transmitter owned by the sole independent radio station in Belgrade, B92. They also telephoned many of the station's reporters at home and threatened to harm them if they continued working, sources

As a result, the vast majority of Serbs have no access to anything but officially "It is classic Goebbels-esque propaganda," said an official of the inter-

that in Kruse-E-Vogel he had seen a mian peace settlement here, equating the truck with about 20 bodies driven to a Yugoslav information policy on the nearby river and dumped out on a bank. NATO air strikes with that of Joseph The Yugoslav broadcasts have been speculation. I was in Belgrade."

retransmitted here by the government of the Bosnian Serb republic.
The Western official, who asked not

to be identified, said the reports were helping to whip up public sentiment against the West not only in Serbia but also in the Serb republic in Bosnia. which has been governed under international supervision since the end of the Bosnian war in 1995.

The NATO force in Bosnia is "very concerned about the quality of some media reports' in the Serbian republic, said Lieutenant Colonel David Scanlon, the force spokesman.

An address by Secretary of State Madeleine Albright to the Serbian people, translated into Serbian, appeared on Bosnian Serb television "only under direct order" of Bosnia's international administration, according to a report from that agency.

A Kosovar Leader Seeks Bombing Halt

Agence France-Presse PRISTINA, Yugoslavia — The moderate Kosovar leader Ibrahim Rugova said Monday that bombing "should be halted" in Yugoslavia, He also urged Belgrade to be "more cooperative with the international community."

Mr. Rugova spoke with reporters after meeting with the Russian ambassador to Belgrade, Yuri Kotov, in his house in Pristina, capital of Kosovo Province. He has been reported to be under house arrest by the Serbs.

'There should be an end to the situation in Kosovo, the bombing should be stopped and monitoring put in," he said. Asked whether he actually met with President Slobodan Milosevic of Yugoslavia in Belgrade on Thursday, a meeting whose authenticity has been questioned, Mr. Rugova said: "This is

BRIEFLY

Explosives Found By French Police

BAYONNE, France - French investigators have uncovered more than 100 kilograms of explosives in a search for an ETA arms cache, the police in Bayonne said Monday.

The police found the explosives Sunday after receiving a call from a resident complaining that a man was wandering about armed with a pistol. The man told the police he found

the weapon in a nearby garage.

The Spanish daily ABC reported Sunday that the group had bought \$500 million worth of arms on the black market several months ago and that French and Spanish police were seeking a big ETA cache. (AFP)

Georgia Threatens To Scrap CIS Pact

TBILISI, Georgia - President Eduard Shevardnadze of Georgia said Monday his country might end its security cooperation with the Commonwealth of Independent States, a loose grouping of former Soviet states.

"We will not prolong our par-ticipation in this treaty if it is not adjusted to our conditions and demands," Mr. Shevardnadze said at a news conference. He said the security treaty had not been of any use so far. Azerbaijan and Uzbekistan have also said they will leave the security treaty.

Ukraine Might Sell Weapons to Egypt

KIEV - Ukraine is expected to offer Egypt its modernized version of the Soviet-era Shilka self-propelled anti-aircraft system this year, the official press agency, DINAU. said Monday.

The agency quoted a statement from the Ukrainian Ministry of Industrial Policy as saying that Egypt was planning to announce an international tender to modernize its 150 Soviet-made Shilkas, and that Ukrainian companies were planning to take part. (Reuters)

New Chief Named For Russian Force

MOSCOW - President Boris Yeltsin appointed a new commander Monday to lead Russian Interior Ministry troops, the ministry said. Ovchinnikov, 53, replaces Pavel Maslov, who resigned Friday as head of the 250,000-strong member military force. General Ovchinnikov also becomes a deputy interior minister.

grade air war against Baghdad and Some options circulating for preliminary discussion in the adminisother plans to promote an Iraqi opposition have yet to produce any tan-tration include working with Yugoslav Anny dissidents in the Officials pointed out that no de-cisions had been made and no form-to encourage a popular uprising.

'KOSOVO: In Milosevic's Strategy, Raising the Balkan Specter of a Greater Albania Continued from Page 1

Kosovo with Serbs, according to NATO officials, who said that Belgrade would bus in Serbs who were ousted in the early 1990s from their homes in Krajina and eastern Slavonia in the fighting accompanying Yugoslavia's collapse.

The explosive trigger of a wider Serbian-Albanian confrontation is the former Yugoslav republic of Macedonia - "the powder-keg of the Balkans" that has ignited conflicts over the centuries that ended with World War L A coveted regional intersection, it remains a potential prize in a four-sided tug-of-war among Greece and Serbia and their Muslim neighbors, Bulgaria and Albania.

Macedonia's ethnic patchwork includes a Serbian majority and an ethnic Albanian minority estimated at 25 percent to 40 percent, already concentrated mear the Kosovo frontier where the Alhanian refugees have gathered. The influx has created a dire predicament for President Koro Gligorov of Macedonia, 80, a former Communist, amid mounting panic in the ruling Serbian majority about a potential tilt in the country's ethnic equilibrium.

If Macedonia starts collapsing amid internal conflict, the position of NATO forces there, currently 12,000 troops waiting for peacekeeping duries in Kosovo, would be untenable, Western officials said.

Greece, Macedonia's biggest neighbor, would almost certainly be sucked in, crossing Macedonia's southern border in a bid to grab its share of territory and the pro-Greek population.

Athens reluctantly recognized Macedonia's independence five years ago when the republic was carved out of the former Yugoslavia. Only strong U.S. pressure overcame Greek hopes of controlling its land gateway to Europe.

And Greece has been feading with Albania, with incidents sometimes ap-

proaching the boiling point.
The hypothetical situation could play out as follows: Bulgaria would come to the rescue of the Bulgar minority in Macedonia, confronting the Greek push. At that point, Turkey could not stand aside because the Turkish armed forces, struggling to fend off Islamic fundamentalism, would have to back Bulgaria and Albania, officially secular but historically Muslim countries.

The crisis between Greece and Turkey would wedge apart the alliance's southem flank, weakening NATO's ability to project stability into the eastern Medi-Francan and protect Western interests.
Similarly, Montenegro, Serbia's junior partner in the federation, could be targeard by Belgrade for a coup to overthrow

.Germany, according to National Security Council officials in Washington. If Mr. Milosevic's surrogates gained control, they would drive out Montenegro's ethnic Albanian minority, increasing pressure on Macedonia and Albania. In effect, Mr. Milosevic, in hammer-

ing out his Serbia, including parts of Kosovo and Macedonia, would also raise fears and possibly the reality of Greater Albania as the rallying cry of increasingly desperate Albanian-speak-

Evoking that outcome, John Meersheimer, a Europe expert at the University of Chicago, said that the West could welcome a Greater Albania as a pro-Western bastion — and perhaps the lannching pad of future operations against Mr. Milosevic's Serbia.

A darker reading came from other analysts, who agreed that Mr. Milosevic was exploiting fears of a Greater Albania in an effort to destabilize neighboring countries but warned that his success would shatter the West's position in the Balkans. In a regional realignment, Serbia would emerge in an unofficial alliance with Greece, a tandem backed by Russia, according to Stratfor, the U.S.

strategic consultant group.

The key to the lives of the Kosovars, the U.S. analysts wrote last week, lies "in Belgrade and Moscow: Serbia wants guarantees of a unified, sovereign nation, Russia wants a sphere of influence." In other words, they said, the Kosovo issne masks a wider potential drive by Serbia, Greece and Russia, cemented by their Onthodox heritage, to oppose U.S. global authority, a drive that could attract support from China and Iraq if it succeeded in the Balkans.

Using Albanians as the threat capable of creating this anti-American alliance may seem irrational in the light of the situation of Albania, Europe's poorest economy whose gross national product is smaller than the \$2.2 billion price of a

B-2 bomber. Albania's weakness actually deepens the fragility of the southern Balkaus. complicating NATO's efforts to stay on solid ground in opposing Serbia, Balkan experts said. The combination of poverty and galloping birthrates among Albanians could produce a diaspora of refugees festering on Kosovo's borders, breeding insecurity in the way that Palestinian refugees undermined stability in

Israel and the surrounding Arab states. The unspoken proportions of the Albanian issue help to explain some oftenbaffling features of the Kosovo war, including the apparently wanton Serbian ferocity in emptying Kosovo and Western insistence on preserving Kosovo as the homeland for its ethnic Albanians.

geted by Belgrade for a coup in overall on the Understanding Mr. Milosevic's the pro-Western government helped into Understanding Mr. Milosevic's power last year by the United States and strategy, centered on the Albanian ques-

to international pressure. "He only had to give an inch, at Rambouillet or later in Paris, to be spared the NATO attacks," a French policymaker recalled this week. threat of Albanian nationalism. But his baffling, suicidal-seeming stance was part of a strategy in which Serbia hammered itself into shape on the anvil of fears of Albanian nationalism.

in this calculation, Serbia would emerge as the bulwark of Europe against than individual countries' differing na-Balkan turbulence, with Mr. Milosevic tional identities. But in the Balkans, possibly being courted for help against the threat of Greater Albania that Mr. Milosevic played the major role in creating.

Tensions around the Albanian question could also change Western attitudes toward Kosovo's independence, U.S. officials said. Until now, conventional wisdom has held that recognizing Kosovo would alarm governments in the region as a step toward Greater Albania.

That view is being reconsidered, they

said, as Serbian ferocity has made it increasingly unthinkable for ethnic Albanians to return under even nominal Serbian sovereignry. If that perception takes hold, immediate recognition of Kosovo's independence could help convince people in the region that the Kosovar Albanians are going home — and not staying in the region as ethnic tinder. British leaders have insisted strongly

that the Kosovo refugees must go home - a point echoed by Paris in resisting calls to offer even temporary asylum. Similarly, German officials said,

tion, explains why he was so impervious Kosovo cannot be partitioned. That would push a rump Kosovo-Albania merger and fulfill Mr. Milosevic's scenario of a consolidated Serbia facing the

> Superficially, this scenario sounds similar to the "domino theory" used, and discredited, during the Vietnam War. This facile image proved faulty when Marxist ideology proved less powerful

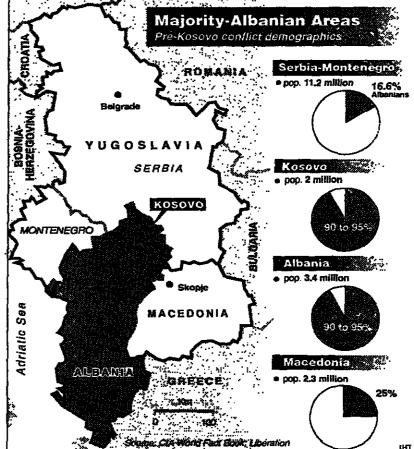
tional identities. But in the Balkans, many borders are recent and often demarcate historically unstable territories disputed by the ethnic groups that coexist in and around each country. Long a latent problem, the threat of Albanian nationalism burst into the open as a destabilizing pressure at the dis-

memberment of Yugoslavia, a mini-em-

pire of races, languages and religions held together with dictatorial commun-ism that stifled any chance of learning Western-style pluralism. The last avatar of Serbian nationalism that survived the interlude of Marshal Tito's Yugoslavia, Mr. Milosevic apparently thinks that the West might finally be forced to recognize what seems to be his mythic view of Serbia: a ram-

of the Muslim East. Resembling Western prophecies of a clash of civilizations as the threat to peace in the post-Cold War world, it would, in fact, only be Mr. Milosevic profiting from the specter he created.

part of Christendom against the hordes



Loved and Hated, Kurdish TV May Be Turned Off

By Stephen Kinzer New York Times Service

LONDON - Every night in the turbulent Kurdish provinces of eastern Turkey, thousands of families gather before their television sets to watch Med-TV, the world's only Kurdish-language station.

Many Kurds say they enjoy the station's mix of news, entertainment and political commentary. But the Turkish authorities say it is formenting terror, and in a case that crystallizes the Kurdish conflict they are waging an intense campaign to have it shut down.

Their campaign may be on the verge of success. Officials in Britain, from which the station broadcasts, have suspended the station's license and are expected to decide this month whether to shut it

Turkish leaders say that closing the station will help end the Kurdish insurgency, which has cost more than 30,000 lives over the past 14 years. Station managers say it will be a step toward destroying Kurdish identity.

Although the station claims 16 million viewers in 70 countries, its greatest impact is probably in easiern Turkey. That region has been convulsed by separatist

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people distinct from Turks is inherently subversive. Most Kurdish organizations are banned in Turkey.

There are no Kurdish schools or language courses. In this climate, the very existence of Med-TV is a symbol of defiance. Med-TV has regularly featured leaders of the rebel

Kurdistan Workers Party, including Abdullah Ocalan, the party's top leader, who was captured by Turkish agents in February and faces a trial that could lead to his execution. After his capture, several of his supporters appeared on the station and urged Kurds everywhere to attack Turkish targets.

This led the Independent Television Commission, which regulates British-based broadcasters, to suspend Med-TV's license for three weeks beginning March 22 and to consider making the suspension permanent.

'Med-TV carried programs which included material that we felt was inciting violence and crime," said Guy Phelps, a spokesman for the television commission. He said the commission had intervened

war, and the Turkish authorities maintain that anything from eastern Turkey who was imprisoned at age 18 for that encourages Kurds to think of themselves as a separatist activities and spent 11 years in Turkish jails. In an interview, Mr. Tabak acknowledged that the station had broadcast appeals for anti-Turkish violence. But he said he regretted the broadcasts and had fired the employees responsible for them.

Mr. Tabák said Workers Party rebels did not finance Med-TV directly but encouraged their supporters in Europe to make the donations that have been the broadcaster's main source of income.

"This station has consistently instigated and encouraged terror," said a senior Turkish official who requested anonymity. "Lately it has gone a step further and named certain categories of civilians and public officials to be killed. This is a crime anywhere

■ Bomb Attack Kills 2 in Turkey

Two people died and 12 were injured Monday in a suicide bomb attack that security officials said had been aimed at a Turkish governor, Agence France-Presse reported from Diyarbakir, Turkey. The bomber at the station previously because of "problems with impartiality."

The director of Med-TV is Hikmet Tabak, a Kurd

and a teenage girl were killed. The govern leyman Kannci of Bingol Province, was unh none of the injured was in critical condition. and a teenage girl were killed. The governor, Suleyman Kamci of Bingol Province, was unhurt, and

! '~

Zhu and the United States

Clinton administration has let its pursuit of diplomatic engagement with : China take precedence over other important American interests, like dei fending human rights and protecting sensitive military secrets. The visit this week of China's prime minister, Zhu Rongii, should be used to encourage a

more exacting approach.
The timing of Mr. Zhu's visit, which begins Tuesday in Los Angeles and moves on to Washington later in the week, should be conducive to a sober . exchange of views.

China strongly opposes NATO's air strikes on Serbia. Washington is challenging Beijing's human rights record at United Nations meetings in Geneva. Meanwhile, efforts to finalize agreement on China's admission to the World Trade Organization, once planned as the visit's centerpiece, have hit a snag over Beijing's reluctance to open some of its markets.

The Clinton administration should use the Washington segment of the trip for a candid discussion of current differences. The White House ought to - make clear that its actions in Geneva come in response to Beijing's crackdown on dissent, which began after President Bill Clinton visited China last summer.

The administration should explain American policy on Kosovo and dispel Chinese fears that a precedent is being set for future international military intervention in Tibet or other Chinese regions troubled by ethnic strife. Mr.

Too often in the past six years, the Zhu, as China's most powerful economic official, might be able to help bridge the remaining differences over Chinese membership in the WTO.

Mr. Zbu has established himself as China's most powerful economic reformer, guiding programs to sell off or close down money-losing state companies, shrink government ministries and divest the army of its business empire. These reforms have been slowed by the Asian economic crisis, but Mr. Zhu seems determined to see them through. He has also been a relatively moderate voice on political issues, though his interest and his influence in this area are not as great.

But whatever his personal inclinations, Mr. Zhu is part of a Chinese leadership that suppresses peaceful political expression and worries some of its neighbors with its belligerent rhetoric and provocative military activities. China's government is also suspected of stealing America's nuclear weapons secrets and illegally funneling money into the 1996 Democratic presidential campaign. The administration must clearly convey strong American concerns about all of

Mr. Zhu is a lively and articulate personality, far more at ease with Western audiences than other Chinese leaders. He has a well-earned reputation for speaking clearly, without diplomatic evasion. Administration officials who meet with him should be equally direct.

-THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Press China on Rights

Despite the rocky state of U.S.-China relations, Prime Minister Zhu Rongji has decided to visit Washington this week as scheduled. Good; it is important for officials of both countries to establish and maintain contact. But such exchanges should be based on realistic expectations. Relations are rocky in part because the Clinton administration inevested too much in its hopes for a "strategic constructive partnership" with China and then — to justify its · inflated expectations — claimed more success than it had achieved. Mr. Zhu's visit offers a good opportunity to return to more solid ground.

Human rights provides one vivid example. The administration claimed last year that President Bill Clinton's visit to China had done much to advance the cause of political freedom. But China's rulers followed the meeting with a vicious crackdown on expression and dissent. People who sought to organize an alternative to the Communist Party received long jail terms. Others were imprisoned simply for providing e-mail addresses to pro-democracy newsletters. Publications offering the mildest sorts of criticism were shut down.

The administration responded to this crackdown, and to congressional pressure, by promising to sponsor a rescondemning China's human in Geneva this month. This is a welcome racy, such as Bao Tong, who recently reversal of last year's retreat, but it is not called the regime's Tiananmen crackenough. Mr. Clinton should use the oc-casion of Mr. Zhu's visit to press China to ratify the human-rights covenants it has signed; to release thousands of people imprisoned for their political goes home happy. views or religious beliefs, including

hundreds still in jail for taking part in the protests around Tiananmen Square; and to ease the repression against labor organizers, minorities and churches.

In the weeks leading up to the visit, officials have been negotiating hard to find mutually acceptable terms for China's entry into the World Trade Organization. In principle, it would be to everyone's advantage to have China included in the body that sets rules for international trade. China already has a clear shot at the U.S. market; improved U.S. access to China's market would be welcome. But given its too-trusting attitude in the past, the administration will have to overcome substantial doubts if it says it has negotiated a tough pact. New reports that Chinese government funds wound up in Mr. Clinton's 1996 presidential campaign, as yet unconfirmed, only stoke the suspicion. And with no free press, independent judiciary or impartial law. China faces a heavy burden in convincing the world that free-mar-

ket rules can be enforced there. In these and other issues, the key is to remember where U.S. interest lies. Too often, Mr. Clinton has seemed to consider friendly relations with China's leaders a success in itself. But America's natural allies in the region are democracies — Japan, Taiwan, South Korea and the rest. And its allies inside down "a shame upon humanity." The test of a successful summit will be how well it advances the cause of Bao Tong and his associates, not whether Mr. Zhu

—THE WASHINGTON POST.

Democracies Are Weak When Confronting Dictators

NEW YORK — Democracies have always had difficulty when they confront dictators. Dictators do not behave rationally. They impose self-defeating policies on their own countries. They lead them into disastrous wars against others. And they do not even pursue their own ends to best effect.

Stalin decapitated his officer corps in the years before World War II. Hitler diverted vital resources to the genocidal destruction of people who might have served the German war effort.

Faced with such men, democratic leaders helplessly apply their own cri-teria of political logic. Surely a dictator who is leading his people into an abyss must be vulnerable to public opinion, if only we can pressure him effectively. There must be something he wants. So fascism was born of a humiliating peace treaty? Then revise the treaty, and the fascist dictator will be appeased, right?

And if he is not local and international public opinion will turn against him (We ignore that in well-run dictatorships there is no public opinion.)

Forgetting this, we sometimes use the stated intentions of dictators against them while rallying world opinion. But to what end? When Stalin engineered the worldwide peace movement in the early 1950s, or Slobodan Milosevic promises to allow "peace-loving" Albanian refugees to return, it is our own intentions and our own public opinion that these dictators are reflecting and manipulating. It is democratic leaders, and the people who elected them, who crave peace, who do not want "to die for Danzig" (as the French fascist politician Marcel Déat craftily suggested on the eve of World War II).

Dictators make war not because they have failed to meet their objectives by peaceful means. War - whether against foreign nations or against their own citizenry — is their primary objective. The incomprehension of democratic nations is especially apparent when By Tony Judt

they are faced with small, weak dictators. Whereas Stalin and Mussolini recognized real-world constraints and preferred bluff to action whenever possible, the same does not hold for their modern micro-successors. Shortly after the start of the NATO bombing of Yugoslavia, an official at the U.S. National Security Council spoke of making Slobodan Milosevic pay an un-

acceptable price for his behavior. But the only unacceptable price for Mr. Milosevic is the loss of power. Short of that, he can only gain from the anra of heroic isolation and suffering in which he is now wrapped; better still. he shares it with a growing number of previously skeptical Serbs.

The notion — touted in Western military circles at the beginning of the NATO air assault — that the Serb leader would fold after a few NATO bombing raids reveals how poorly our leaders understand the world in which they now live.
What democrats dislike about Mr.

Milosevic, Saddam Hussein and their counterparts in North Korea and central Africa are their repeated violations of norms and rules established by international treaty, human rights conventions or simply the lingering memory of World War II.

The trouble is that these violations cannot be addressed by bombing raids and laser-targeted missiles.

In Kosovo, as in Cambodia, Somalia and Rwanda, ethnic cleansing (the "final solution" to a local political or communal problem) is an artisanal undertaking; the work of small groups of men wielding clubs, knives, axes, pistols, rifles, flame throwers or, at the technological high end, submachine guns.

the affairs of others.

When that fails he exploits our strength — a military machine and arsenal geared to ends completely different from those presented in Kosovo and utterly maladapted to the purpose.

In the case of the United States, he has yet another weapon at his disposal: America's fear of taking casualties. The proudest American claim to date is that not a single American life has been lost during combat there.

The United States has shifted its military objectives all over the place: First it sought to prevent humanitarian disaster, then it worked to avert a new Balkan war, now it has decided the problem is Mr. Milosevic himself (the same Mr. Milosevic whom President Bill Clinton once praised for making the Dayton agreement possible). But all along America's true goal has been to get in and out without having to use body bags.

In an era of professional armies, that concern is beginning to look very odd indeed. It also plays into the hands of Mr. Milosevic, who has no comparable anxiety over Yugoslav body counts.

NATO's leaders are making war the way they do because all other strategies are thought to be unacceptable. In short, this is the only war NATO can fight. In so doing, we have failed to learn the one lesson that should be common to democracies and dictatorships alike: Bombing does not win wars.

The British carpet-bombed Germany in World War II because they, too, had to do something and could do nothing else. It no more brought Hitler down than the Luftwaffe raids on London weakened Churchill or the national sentiment in his favor.

Mr. Milosevic is probably the last Against such weapons and those who command them, democracies are all but paralyzed. Mr. Milosevic first Thanks to Stalin and Hitler. Yugoslavia

exploits our inherent weakness — our distaste for war or for intervention in control of the complicated demographic residue of old empires; Stalin's population transfers and frontier adjustments and Hitler's policies of extermination had effectively resolved such difficulties elsewhere in Europe by 1945. But the general problem is not going to disappear. In order to confront dictators of his kind we must set aside the misleading lesson of our victory in the cold war, achieved by huge military expenditure on a deterrent strategy. It no longer deters.

Burk Was

The alternative, nonengagement, is not an option: It is Mr. Milosevic and his associates who have raised the price of nonintervention to a level we cannot accept. Playing by their rules they oblige us to respect our own.
We cannot complain that Mr. Mi-

losevic has caught us by surprise. In a speech he gave in Pristina in 1987, he put the world on notice of his intention to extend and secure his power in Serbia by playing the ultranationalist card against Kosovo's Albanians. The opportunity to expel these people is one he has long awaited and is consistent with the logic of his stance. The logic of our response must be that the international community or NATO or the United States must be ready to do what is necessary to stop him.

Yes, this means ground troops, and yes, that means casualties. If we cannot admit this, we lack the military courage of our moral convictions. We must pray for a new political leadership that grasps this and can explain it to the electorate. The alternative is to unlearn every lesson we thought we had learned in the past 60 years. Dictators have long memories; so should we.

The writer, director of the Remarque Institute at New York University, is the author, most recently, of "The Burden of Responsibility." He contributed this comment to The New York Times.

NATO Should Make Milosevic's Exit Its Exit Strategy

WASHINGTON — Thir-teen days into the NATO bombing campaign in Serbia and Kosovo, the administration still has not clearly articulated its political and military objectives. It is therefore little wonder that the results thus far have been less than a

complete success. Our immediate objectives should be to remove all Serbian military, paramilitary and police forces from Kosovo and create a safe environment for the Kosovar Albanian population to return and exercise their right to self-government.

These goals, however, must be part of a larger objective of creating and maintaining a peaceful, stable and democratic Balkan region. It should at goal cannot be achieved until Second, the United States identify allies within Serbia's Slobodan Milosevic is reshould promote democratic small, weak and divided polit-

By Bob Dole

longer inflict terror. We can succeed in this objective if the administration adopts three immediate measures.

First, it must isolate Mr. Milosevic internationally and treat him as a pariah. President Bill Clinton and other U.S. officials must immediately identify Mr. Milosevic as a war criminal. They also should call for his indictment by the UN War Crimes Tribunal in the Netherlands and provide the court with all relevant evidence collected by the United States in the past eight years. They also should begin to treat him as a suspect. This means that the only Americans who should be officially authorized long last be clear to the Clinton to deal with him are those who administration that this greater can escort him to The Hague.

moved from power or political and military oppoisself from the West's mission to Mr. Milosevic within learned from the West's mission to Mr. M

country's most professional and reasonable military com-manders and deliver the folmanders and deliver the fol-lowing message: "We are lowing message: "We are working vigorously not only to end Serbian aggression against its own and other countries' non-Serb civilians, but also to

end its tyranny and promote democratization. If you stand with us and support democratic principles, we will work with you in the critical days ahead to promote Serbia's emergence as a peaceful and democratic nation. If you do not, you will lose this war, your military will be utterly destroyed, you will risk indictment for war crimes and, at the end of the day, Milosevic, who cares about his own power rather than Serbia and its people, will make you the scapegoat."

At the same time, we should identify allies within Serbia's of the founding of NATO could small, weak and divided polit-become NATO's funeral.

tionalist in the current Serbian with those who also oppose authoritarian rule of any kind. Third, the administration

must vow to achieve nothing less than all of its objectives and to use all necessary means to do so. In Serbia and Kosovo, we have the capability, need, and legal and moral authority to act. In addition, NATO is strong, while Serbia is weak and corrupt. The credibility of the administration, the alliance and the United States are therefore all at stake. If we fail and allow Serbian aggression in Kosovo to stand, this month's celebration of the 50th anniversary

so doing, it will make it possible not only for hundreds of thousands of refugees to return government, we must work not with those who simply oppose Mr. Milosevic personally, but home safely but also for the Kosovar Albanian people to begin to exercise their fundamental political rights and civil liberues. It also will make it possible for Serbia, at long last, to join the rest of Central and Eastern Europe on the

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road to democratic prosperity. If, however, the United States and its allies continue to .pull their punches or cut a compromise deal with Mr. Milosevic, we will doom Kosovo's Albanian society to oblivion, consign the Serbian people to greater tyranny, fur-ther erode U.S. credibility and render NATO almost meaningless in the 21st century.

The writer, former Senate majority leader and Repub-

The 3 Captured Soldiers

Herald Eribune

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by Serb forces while atrocities in Kosovo itself, President Bill Clinton is right to insist that these three be treated in a fashion that comports with in-

ternational law. It should surprise nobody that the same regime that has flouted international norms regarding the treatment of civilians in Kosovo should also lose no time in making a mockery of the Geneva Convention, once it got its hands on NATO servicemen. The prisoners were displayed, bruised and roughed up, on Serbian television, and Serbian authorities have announced that they may be subject to legal proceedings - although plans to try them remain sketchy. Ironically, these soldiers were not even a part of the NATO bombing campaign itself but were assigned to patrol the Macedonian-Yugoslav border. But

It is perhaps a little myopic to focus on the three U.S. servicemen captured ritory when captured, as the Yugoslavs claim, and their capture was not itself an Kosovo are continuing. Yet even as the administration's attention remains on they have received violates a treaty that was designed to protect soldiers from abuse by their captors.

It remains to be seen whether

Slobodan Milosevic would release them while NATO continues its campaign. But the notion that these men could be tried is absurd and little more than a way of turning them from prisoners of war into hostages. This is offensive. As long as they are held, they must be afforded the protections due to prisoners of war under the Geneva Convention, a treaty to which Yugoslavia is a signatory. And just as the United States must hold Mr. Milosevic accountable for his behavior in Kosovo, the administration also has a duty to American troops to hold him accountable for his behavior toward captured soldiers.

-THE WASHINGTON POST.

A Good Time for Washington to Get Tough With China

Clinton separated China's "most

By Paul Wellstone past year." As that record has proach, I am dismayed that worsened, though, the 1994

favored nation" trading status from its human rights record, he insisted that this did not diminish America's commitment to pursuing a vigorous human rights policy. Washington even went so far as to claim that economic growth and liberalization in China, fueled by increased trade with the United States, would promote political liberalization.

Five years down the road these assurances have proved to be empty rhetoric. Last autumn the Chinese authorities undertook the toughest crackdown on dissidents since the Tiananmen Square massacre a decade ago. The State Department's human rights report, released in Febacknowledged that 'China's human rights record

"de-linkage" has turned into complete disassociation.

Two recent pronouncements dramatically demonstrate the contradictions — if not downright schizophrenia — of the current American approach. On the same day that Charlene commercial concerns alon Barshefsky, the United States not determine its policy. trade representative, said she would travel to China to try to close the deal on China's entrance into the World Trade Organization, the State Department announced that the United States would sponsor a United Nations resolution condemning China's

terrible human rights record. While I welcome the decision on the resolution, having been co-author of a Senate reshas deteriorated sharply over the olution calling for this ap-fail to honor contracts or restrict

momentum toward WTO membership for China builds as if the human rights situation there is irrelevant. A return to a link between trade and human rights policy is not in the cards. But the United States should ensure that the Chinese understand that commercial concerns alone will

As the administration and Congress consider China's request for WTO admission, we should insist that China, at a minimum, take concrete steps to establish an independent judiciary, a free press and respect for the rule of law. A govemment that routinely violates its own laws to crack down on dissent is equally likely to cheat on market access agreements,

formation from abroad. Congress should insist on voting on whether the president should support China's entry into the fore the administration signs off ол a WTO deal. This week, Prime Minister

Zhu Rongji will pay an official visit to Washington, the first by a Chinese prime minister in 15 years. This is an opportunity for the president to tell the Chinese leader why the United States is calling for United Nations condemnation of China's human rights abuses and signal to him that these abuses could jeopardize any WTO decision.
Since Mr. Clinton's visit to

China last June, the Chinese commit abuses and has taken actions that flagrantly violate the commitments it has made to respect internationally recognized human rights.

European Union.

government has continued to

the free flow of business in- cord, the resolution the United States is sponsoring at the United Nations Commission on Human Rights is clearly justified. But simply introducing it World Trade Organization be- is not enough. The administration must commit to pushing for adoption, an effort that must include having the president, vice president and members of the cabinet lobby other countries, particularly those in the

> Even if the resolution is not adopted, simply having a debate on human rights in China will make a difference. It is essential for the administration to make clear that at this moment in history the United States stands with the courageous Chinese who are struggling to achieve the rights they

The writer, a Democratic Senator from Minnesota, contributed this comment to The New York Times.

Based on this deplorable re-IN OUR PACES: 100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO:

1899: Sun Dying CHRISTIANA — The Norwe-

gian Professor Birkedal has just given a lecture in which, he stated it as his opinion that the sun is growing cold. According very little to hope for. given a lecture in which, he to the professor the sun will lose its light in the course of a cen-tury or thereabout, provided it does not receive fresh heat from some unexpected source. Professor Mohn believes that Professor Birkedal's discovery is most important and quite likely to be correct, as it would explain many recent meteorological phenomena

1924: Fascist Victory

ROME — An overwhelming victory for Fascism is clearly foreseen in the general elections to be held. The parties that oppose the Fascisti are the Socialists, the Liberals, the Democrats and the Populists. The technical working of the new election law

inaugurated by the Mussolini government gives a decided advantage to Fascism. This added to the fact that Fascists have

1949: King's Mercy

LONDON — King George VI saved Mrs. Renée Duffy, nine teen-year-old mother, from the gallows. Mrs. Duffy was sentenced to hang for killing her husband. Her husband beat her and she decided to leave him, taking her eleventh-months-old baby: When he tried to prevent her, she picked up a hammer and hit him twice. The King's reprieve is a commutation of the death sentence. Her execution had been set for Thursday [March 7]. The jury gave a strong recommendation for mercy. Hundreds of letters asking for mercy came from Eng-

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A Diplomatic Disaster in the Making

BEIJING — After a Polit-buro debate on April 1, the Chinese leadership decided that Prime Minister Zhu Rongji's trip to the United States should go ahead. From the Chinese perspective, the eight-day visit that begins Tuesday carries risks and may arouse domestic opposition. The visit will likely be

indicative of the way U.S.-China relations have deteriorated in recent months. Mr. Zhu's stance will be heavily constrained by his Politburo peers and the anti-American atmosphere in Beijing. The anti-U.S. coali-

marked by acrimony, which is

but has recently coalesced. Those arguing against Mr. Zhu's trip did so for several reasons. Beijing is opposed to NATO's bombing of Kosovo. China views the attack against Yugoslavia as the southern By David Shambaugh pincer in U.S. attempts to dom-

inate Europe, establish a base near the Middle East, and encircle Russia and China. Beijing has also taken a strong stand over the bombing mainland, as well as to state its of Yugoslavia because it challenges China's "New Security Concept" based on immutable state sovereignty, nonaggres-

sion, and equality of nations. Given the anti-American rhetoric in China, why was the visit approved? It seems that Beijing has staked a lot on the post-1996 rapprochement with Washington. It knows that the tion in China has existed for costs of an adversarial relationmost of the last decade. It has ship would be high. Thus, it never been far from the surface, was thought better to maintain a modicum of momentum than

Organization should be taken International Herald Tribune.

fuel the downward spiral by

directly to the American people. He wants to speak about his initiatives to reform the Chinese economy and whet the appetite of U.S. investors. Beijing also wants to press its case on Taiwan's reunification with the Chinese views on Tibet, human rights, theater missile defenses. Kosovo, and the "anti-China wave" in Congress.

If this is Mr. Zhu's calculation, it will likely backfire badly. His visit has all the makings of a diplomatic disaster. He may have been better advised to heed his critics and stay home.

The writer is director of the China Policy Program at George Washington University and a nonresident senior fellow canceling the trip.

Mr. Zhu himself reportedly argued that China's case for stitution in Washington. He admission to the World Trade contributed this comment to the

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CRUENFELD BLEENING

Consider if you will a man in that a New York commuter rail-road company is considering a away on his phone while his hair was being washed and cut. If I were the hairdresser, I would have Soon we are all going to be

equipped with one personal telephone number that goes with us everywhere we go. The mobile phone will be the phone. Remember the 1980s telephone ads: Reach out and touch someone. In the next millennium we will be looking for ways to be out

subject, what about a no-phone

lane on the highway? So far, the railroad is worrying about free speech issues. Can you ban talking? But the last time I looked at my bill, cell speech was not free. In any case, somewhere Anyone who has shared a park tonight you can be sure there is a bench or an airplane with a phone cell phone yelling fire in a

The Boston Globe.

PAGE 7

OPINION/LETTERS

This American Noisemaker Is All Bark With No Bite

By William Safire

WASHINGTON — In a New Year's showing that a fierce NATO was really Eve episode of the '50s program letting the war criminals have it. "Candid Camera," the interviewer Allen Funt went into a Times Square novelty shop and asked for a noisemaker that was not too load. Before long, the unsuspecting salesman was earnestly pitching him "the quietest noisemaker on the market."

100 Table 1

Strateg

-, -<u>-</u>;

That is the NATO strategy in the Serbian war: Light up the television skies with nighttime explosions, but exercise restraint - fighting to win would be much too noisy.

Evidence of this feckless approach was in the glorious pictorial of the destruction of the Interior Ministry in downtown Belgrade. An American cruise missile caused a great blaze at 1 o'clock in the morning.

What determined the choice of target and time of attack? Not the weather, nor the danger of anti-aircraft defenses - the two reasons most often given for our ineffectual jabs. Cruise missiles are impervious to both.

The target site was chosen because it symbolized "infrastructure." We knew that the building's occupants, forewarned, had been evacuated a week before. The post-midnight time was chosen to make on hand to be killed, and that flames would show up vividly against the night sky.

That was a propaganda mission. Its target was not so much the Serbian population, but the watching world — to offset the pictures of refugees in misery by

letting the war criminals have it.
This is the Third Way in foreign policy. One way remembers the Munich analogy, and aims to stop President Slobodan Milosevic in Kosovo lest internal aggression become the way of the world. The opposite way remembers Vietnam and

posite way remembers vietnam and avoids quagmires at all cost.

The nations of Europe, followed by President Bill Clinton, have chosen the Third Way: neither to stop nor to ignore the aggressor, but to punish evildoing in a low-risk manner. NATO's military mission in to lose honorable wholes the

sion is to lose honorably while making the winner pay a cost. Thus do we establish the principle of collective insecurity.

Nobody is better equipped to sell this than Mr. Clinton. He believes he knows something that the idealists and the hawks and the Never Again set do not know: The American public will no longer sustain a war with casualties. Who wants to die for the credibility of NATO? Unless the U.S. fleet is sunk as at Pearl Harbor, avoid the

use of infantry.

Armed with that lifelong insight and supported by polls that bolster it, he does what he does best: He positions himself at doubly certain that nobody directing the sweep to make Kosovo Albanian-rein was parade. But he knows the public needs a sense of sacrifice, an illusion of moral righteousness, to go with its abdication of



By KAL in The Sun (Bakimore), CaW Synds

tory lesson that two world wars started in this region; his solemn warning that Mr. Milosevic will be held responsible for the lives of captured Americans; his hint that Kosovo can now no longer be ruled by Serbia; his call for patience in "staying the course." By all this he assumes the posture of resolve.

But in fact he is, in Winston Churchill's phrase, "resolved to be irresolute." The course we are staying is not to defeat the Serbian expulsion of a million human beings, but merely to "diminish the capacity" of Mr. Milosevic to do what he has already shown himself to be quite

payback is; to assuage our conscience, we'll make the victor feel some of his victims' pain. But the hesitancy that seeps from such conscience, as another Hamlet said, makes cowards of us all. One of these days, Slobo (and Saddam) may lay hands on a half-stolen Russian nuclear missile and that's the end of petribution

Perhaps the American president awaits some change in popular opinion to give him cover for military action beyond telegenic punitive air strikes. If revelations of borror make that happen; if safely silent presidential candidates urge rollback; if the NATO's anniversary in Washington pushes him forward — then we may celebrate leadership from the man who now still seeks his quiet noisemaker.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Perspectives on Kosovo

Slobodan Milosevic is a coward, like most bullies, and will doubtless not wish to share in the committed at that time. Even Gershame he is bringing upon his own people, much less be put on trial. Like his policy, his end will probably parallel that of Hitler.

to ensure that Serbia's capacity to attack neighboring peoples ---Croats and Bosnians yesterday, Kosovars today, Montenegrins tomorrow and doubtless the Hungarians of Voivodna the day after - will also cease to exist.

REYNOLD RIEMER. Paris. The other victims of Slobodan

Germans and Japanese were col-lectively condemned for the crimes mans and Japanese not yet born at that time feel the weight of this.

European public opinion will similarly assign the Serbs a mor-His persistence will only serve, ally inferior status. The danger is that this assignment permits us to drop bombs willy-nilly to kill a "barbaric" people. In doing so, we too, become barbaric, com-

pleting the circle of evil. But those who start the circle. get the blame.

BARL EVLETH.

Regarding Veran Matic's opin-Milosevic's crimes against holistin- liens! victorian of Serbs Raily,"

supporters of independent Radio B92 not fill the streets of Belgrade and Novi Sad and Nis last summer and fall when Slobodan Milosevic was intensifying his attack on

Kosovo Albanians? Where were they after news of the massacre at Racak became known? What were they doing during the negotiations at Rambouillet? Still congratulating themselves on those 100 days in 1996 when they protested to "demand democracy and human rights"?

THOMAS MUTZ. Portoroz, Slovenia.

It is shocking to hear the type of

ity are the Serbs themselves. During and after World War II, both
Germans and Japanese were coldemocratic Serbs and the youthful briefings, which are being arred daily here in Europe by CNN, NBC, BBC and other TV networks. Listening to those ques-tions, viewers might think the reporters were a group of Serbian agents trying to collect intelli-gence for the Yugoslav Army.

Moreover, Western journalists should refuse to interview any Serbian officials or to re-broadcast Serbian-controlled TV coverage until they are allowed free access to report directly from Kosovo and Belgrade.

MAE GORDON. Lansanne, Switzerland.

The critics and Monday mornquestions that journalists ask during quarterbacks of the NATO pro-

gram ignore that there is only limited public support for the use of ground troops. Those critics also disregard the potential military in-tervention of Russia or the possible effects of such action on an already

weak democracy in Russia. Now the Republican Congress in the United States seeks to make political gain out of this tragic situation while for so long it ig-nored the problems of the world by wasting months on a pointless impeachment trial.

The villain in this tragedy is and always has been Slobodan Milosevic. To the Clinton administration and the NATO forces I say, "Ignore the critics and stay

PETER ROSARIO. Budapest.

Don't Turn a Deaf Ear To Cell Phone Rage

By Ellen Goodman

B OSTON — When did I first bombarded with the details of business and other affairs.

rage, you ask? It came over me at lunch a few the New York commuter who sat years ago when my companion's beside so many lawyers conduct-pocketbook rang. For the next 10 ing business that he finally made a

minutes, this very, very busy tape recording that blared, "Your woman talked to her office while I was left to study the leaf patterns longer privileged!" on my arugula.

day of my niece's college graduation when a very, very important

MEANWHILE

father was seen talking his way through the baccalaureate.

Finally there was the evening when an utterly indispensable man seated near me at the theater could be heard doing his own dialogue over the phone to some absent co-star.

By now there is hardly a person in the United States who has not experienced cell phone abuse and inner rage. There are 66 million phones bouncing off satellites and at any moment, I am sure, 10 percent of them are of-

fending someone. So I was thrilled at the news no-phone zone. It seems that the suburbanites who trek to the center of Manhattan every day did not tried my skills at a Mohawk. suffer their phone rage silently. Surrounded by the chattering classes, they demanded the passenger's right to ride in a car without noise pollution.

The presenting symptom was volume control. As the spokesman for the train company said, 'For reasons that we can't figure out, people are hollering into their cell phones."

In fact, cell phones have become the boom boxes of the 1990s. Gray-flanneled men and women who would not be caught dead carrying a boom box onto the commuter train carry a mobile voice box that disturbs the peace with equal disregard. The cell phone, however, has become a status symbol on par with the sports utility vehicle. It is audible proof that you are too busy to waste a minute and too essential to

be out of reach for a second. abuser can tell you just how free crowded theater. he is with his speech. I have been.

attorney-client privilege is no It is true that cellular phones Then, of course, there was the are great for emergencies. In my life, an emergency includes get-ting directions when I am lost, ordering Chinese food to take home and — oh well, I admit it

I admire the guerrilla tactic of

 calling my mother. But if cell phone rage is a reaction to noise pollution, it is also and more commonly induced by public space pollution. Not long ago, everyone was commenting on how the Walkman privatized the public world, turning people inward so they could waltz or rock through their community without

being a part of it. The mobile phone promotes a verbal gated community; you can shut out everyone around you. It has become a personal access-ory that allows the oblivious to live in their own world.

May I suggest that the nophone zone on the commuter train is just the beginning. In Hong Kong restaurants, they already ask you to check the phone with your coat. What about a restaurant with two sections: Phone or no phone. And while we are on the

FEEDING THE CHOSTS

By Fred D'Aguiar. 230 pages. \$23. Ecco.

Reviewed by Selwyn R. Cudioe N THIS extraordinary, felicitous novel, Fred D'Aguiar turns to an event in the slave trade Middle Passage to evoke the cruelty of a Christian captain whose only concerns were profitability and a desire to please his employers. It matters not that his actions reduced his cargo of Africans to a status lower than animals. D'Aguiar, a Londoner of Guyanese-Caribbean parents, resurrects a sense of moral outrage at the diminishment of our humanity, occasioned by the bar-

barity of the slave trade. In "Feeding the Ghosts" he explores the contradiction inherent in slaves' dual status: their being simultaneously "stock" and people who possess in-alienable rights, as Americans say, which everyone should respect.

When the captain returns to England, the insurers are reductant to pay for 131 slaves (one-third of the cargo) who allegedly died but in fact were jettisoned while alive to ensure that the voyage would be profitable. When the owners apply for compensation, a legal battle ensues. Just when the owners of the human cargo feel they have won the battle, a mysterious diary belonging to Mintah, an educated slave woman, is

turned over to the court. The information it contains dramatizes the lies that members of the crew have told the court. Mintah, who was thrown overboard, survived by clutching ropes attached to the ship and climbing aboard. Her final

BOOKS

testimony is contained in her journal. For the members of the crew who had testified in favor of the captain, the discovery of this "ghost book" is their undoing. Not only does it unnerve them. but they are also dismayed that an African woman has a skill (writing) possessed by few of them. Moved by this discovery, the boatswain remarks: "I smell a rat. An African female who can speak English, who is thrown overboard and climbs up the side of a sailing ship, and to crown it all finds time to write in her hideaway on board. . . . I see the insurers cooking up the whole plot and trying to pass it off to get away from the fact that something was done that was

necessary and they have to pay for it!"

Faced with this new information, the captain is speechless when called to rebut the contents of the diary. Mintah's notes support the contention of the insurers that "the ship's holdings were in a good condition and the dumpings were unnecessary, and therefore Captain Cunningham had committed murderous acts." Yet, in that court of law, the testimony contained in the "ghost

book" is dismissed because Mintah 'was not free but owned as stock."

And this is the precisely the moral center around which the novel revolves. How do we value the world of a slave woman and the lives of Africans? Moreover, how do these ghastly acts affect our humanity? D'Aguiar argues that "here there is only the record of the sea. Those spirits are fled into wood The ghosts feed on the story themselves. The past is laid to rest when it is told."

These final words of his epilogue do not quite capture the essence of this exciting tale. Perhaps D'Aguiar also intended to suggest that the conditions experienced by African slaves, away from the public view, were so hor-rendous that only an accident could reveal to the world how these men and women were treated. Such barbarity is a burden that still lingers. D'Aguiar reminds us that slavery diminishes both the slave catcher and the slave. He suggests that it takes the simple, the meek, the abused to absolve humanity from its wickedness and crimes.

D'Aguiar has written a powerful. compelling novel.

Selwyn R. Cudjoe, who teaches in the Africana Studies Department at Welles-ley College in Massachusetts, wrote this for The Washington Post.

CHESS

By Robert Byrne

MAURICE ASHLEY, America's most recent grandmaster and the world's first black player to achieve that top rank, is, over the chessboard, a man Tor all seasons. In the Manhattan Chess Club's March International Tournament, he took second place behind only the Ukrainian grandmaster Georgy Timoshenko in the course of earning the

grandmaster title.
The essence of Ashley's style is that whatever happens, he keeps his cool. You could swear the new Brooklyn grandmaster is indifferent to whether he has the attack or the defense. In the third

> GRUENFELD DEFENSE Ship'n

18 Noes

round, against Igor Shliperman, an in-ternational master from Queens, Ashley stood by while his opponent essayed a little combination to win a slight advantage in material. But then he exposed all the not-so-evident drawbacks of his antagonist's decision. In the end, it was Ashley's exact tactics and sharp attacking play that brought him the victory.

The anti-Gruenfeld system with 4

Bf4 emphasizes development with the hope of preventing Black's counterplay. The question is whether White can handle the spirited counterattack with 4_.Bg7 5 e3 c5!? White's attempt to stay a pawn ahead

with 7 Qa4 Qa4 8 Na4 failed in its most recent appearance, in a Malaniuk-Dvoiris game in the 1998 Russian Cup Final: after 8...O-O 9 Nf3 Bd7 10 Nc3 dc 11 Bc4 Rc8 12 Ne5 Be8 13 O-O Rc5 14 Be2 Rc8 15 Rfd1 Nc6 16 Bf3 Ne5 17 Be5 Bc6 Black had full equality.

Prevention of 14 c4 by ...13...Ne4 is thought to be an effective way to stifle any attempt by White to gain the ini-tiative. But Shliperman persists with 14 Nd5, virtually forcing Ashley to play 14...e5. Then 15 Rc6 bc 16 Ne7 Kh8 17 Nc6 Qb6 18 Nce5 yields White a slight material advantage of a knight and two pawns for a rook. Nevertheless, two factors go against White: Shliperman does not have connected passed pawns and Ashley's pieces are all active.

After 18...Be6, it was not wise for

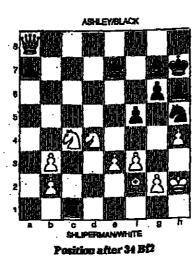
Shliperman to walk into a pin with 19

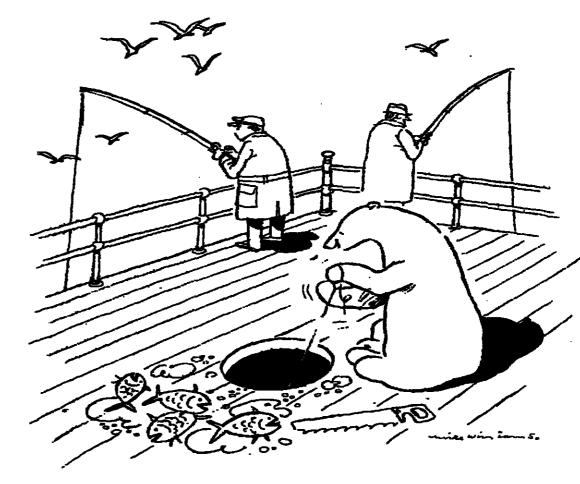
No4?! Qa6! To have to permit the ex-change of rooks with 23 Na3 Rc1 24

Qc1 was unfortunate for Shliperman;

the remaining black rook could now roam an open board unopposed. Moreover, after 24...Rc8 25 Qd1 Bb3, Shliperman could not recapture with 26 Qb3 because of 26. Rc1 27 Kh2 Nf2. For example, 28 Qf7 Rh1 29 Kg3 Ne4 30 Kg4 h5 31 Kf3 Nd2 32 Kg3 Qf1! 33 Nac2 (or 33 Qe8 Kh7 34 Nac2 h4 35 Kh4 Qg2 36 Qd7 Rh3! 37 Qh3 Bf6 38 Bg5 Bg5mate) Ne4 34 Kh4 Rh3! 35 gh Qf2 36 Bg3 Qg3mate.

After the weakening 31 h4?, Ashley's attack with 31...Nf6! gathered momentum. After 33...Nh5!, Ashley threatened to break through with 34...Ng3 35 Kg3 Rh1. And after 34 Bf2 Rf1!, Shliperman could neither defend his bishop nor move it, and so he gave up.





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Management Inc., and Julius Baer investments Ltd. are regulated by IMRO. A Daughter in Search of Her Father

By William L. Hamilton
New York Times Service

EW YORK - "Did the du Ponts have any small children?" a middle-aged man asked the docent as the tour group stood in the delicate 18th-century paneled dining room of Winterthur, the 175-room mansion created by Henry Francis du Pont for his collection of American decorative arts.

Little did he know that a child was still

loose in the house, now a public mu-seum. She was the 77-year-old woman with the Claudette Colbert hair and the large shaded eyeglasses who had just passed behind him on her way to the private elevator, du Pont's younger daughter, Ruth Ellen. Ruth Ellen Lord has a very nearly

unique relationship to Winterthur. With her older sister, Pauline Harrison de ner older sister, Palline Harrison de Broussard, she grew up there. Winter-thur, a 2,400-acre (960-hectare) estate in the Brandywine Valley outside Wilm-ington, Delaware, was one of four family homes. But by her account, Henry du Pont, who died in 1969, might have been as surprised as the tourists visiting his house to discover that there were small

children who grew up in it.

Lord, a research affiliate with the
Child Study Center at Yale University. has written a book about her father and his house, "Henry F. du Pont and Winterthur: A Daughter's Portrait," a portrait in search of its sitter.

unt in search or its stuer.

Like everyone, Lord is still growing up, and she is looking for her father—an ensive man, born in 1880, whom, because of his shyness and the Victorian secrecies of his class, she hardly knew. In ther book and in conversation she meads her book and in conversation, she speaks of him with loss and love, as though he were alive, and missing. In rennion, there is hope for resolution, that he can prove

he loves her, too.
Where Lord had to look is at Henry du Pont's self-professed legacy — a monumental house where she, as though by coincidence, had also lived.

'Decorative arts aren't particularly 'my thing,' she said. "I don't really know anything about antiques or care much about them. I appreciate them, but I've never studied them in any way."

As an adult, Lord has kept Golf Cottered a graph.

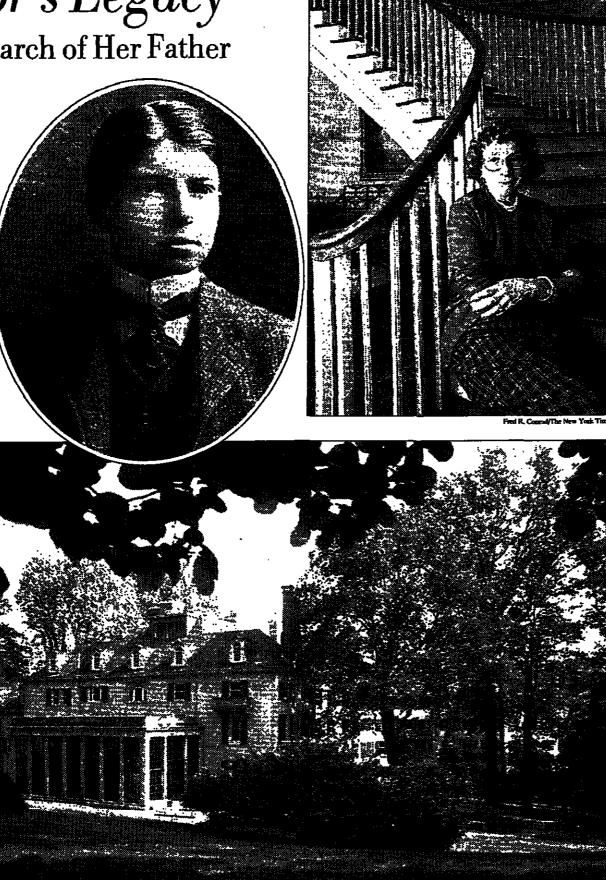
tage, a small, 19th-century house across a road from the nine-hole golf course on the Winterthur property. She asked her father to leave it to her instead of the large house he built to move into when the mansion became a nonprofit mu-

If objects tell stories, for all of the magnificence of Winterthur, du Pont's relationship with his daughter was thinly furnished — a man with 58 sets of china who recorded in detail his table settings found it hard to choose words for his children, ''He almost never spoke,'' said Lord, who worked with archives at Winterthor and cases of correspondence to construct her parents' half of her childhood. "He was a very sort of kindly person, but he was not intimate." As is clear to a visitor, du Pont saved much of his affection for things.

"After my father died, there was an Oriental rug that wound up in Connecticut, in my house, which I thought was very pretty," Lord said. "One day I noticed that sewn into one of the corners, which said 'Albany' — that was my room — was, 'When Miss R.E. is in residence." That was me. Ruth Ellen." Her father had what he considered "an inferior rug." Lord said, put down when she was expected home. "Obviously my father had a terrific distrust of children. and he thought I was going to ruin ev-erything, so the good stuff was apparently moved out when I was there.

Golf Cottage was empty when Lord was a child at Winterthur. She went there, with her nurse, to row on the pond and catch tadpoles. As a girl, she sat inside to smoke cigarettes "with pals,"

In a sense, she has moved into her



Henry Francis du Pont as a young man; Ruth Ellen Lord on the neoclassical stairs of Winterthur, and du Pont's pride and joy nestled on its 2,400-acre estate among the trees of the Brandywine Valley.

playhouse, maintaining it for visits to Winterthur with her own family. Lord has three children; her second husband, John Holmes, died in 1997, Golf Cottage is everything Henry du Pont neglected to install in his period rooms - comfortable, cozy, familiar and worn, with what Lord calls the "relatedness" that a small house excels at.

Lord's book is not an ugly backstage peek, but a curious one - revisiting scenes from her childhood, like an adult's recurring dream. The portrait that emerges of Henry du Pont is one of another child - as a boy, frail, awkward, insecure, the only surviving son of seven children born to Henry A. du Pont, a Civil War hero and a senator.

As a young man, he was a bad student who was fond of flowers. His best grade at Harvard was a B minus, for a gardenstudy class. He collected birds' eggs. He was dilettantish but acutely detailed, de-

scribing in a list his birthday wish for waterproof cushions for his canoe, not "swell, just plain" and "fashionable English paper with my initials on it." He was immature and close to his mother, who died when he was 22.

It was a shock that he later said defined him, a rare reflection he shared with his daughter. "To have someone say, 'When I was 22, I gave up feeling.' was such an astonishing thing to hear. Lord recalled. "I speculate it had something to do with having such an intense instinct for collecting. People who've had early loss find collecting a kind of reassuring thing to do. Sort of an island of safety, inviolable."

He was still emotionally hesitant 13 years later, living with his father at Winterthur and running the farms, when he became engaged to Ruth Wales, of Hyde Park, New York, warning her in a letter that she was about to embark on an

"uncongenial alliance." They were married the next year.

In 1924, now a father, du Pont began buying American furniture, decorative objects and rooms of fine woodwork, inspired by a visit to two houses, the 18th-century farmhouse of Watson and Electra Webb in Shelburne, Vermont, and Beauport, Henry Davis Sleeper's house in Gloucester, Massachusetts.

Though a reticent man, he created a mountain of marvelous things, like a gigantic toy, expanding Winterthur with 23 new period rooms, an internal telephone line, a badminton court and a

bowling alley. The mechanics of domestic life gave du Pont an adult's confidence. He liked running Winterthur. "My father was much more of a house person than Mother was," Lord said. "It was he who planned the meals and planned what the table was going to be set with. It was all determined by what flowers were available. My father used to say, 'The average person never notices anything.""

By putting his interests on display. Henry du Pont might have hoped to be able to share himself. But his wife hated Winterthur and made no show of wanting to be there, spending most of her year at their apartment in New York. She called the estate "Frog Hollow."

"Imagine," she wrote to her mother, "inside your own house, having to reach your husband by telephone." With du Pont "knee-deep in flower and antiques catalogues or in journals like The Holstein-Friesian World," Lord writes that her mother remarked to her grandmother, "Please deliver me from farming."

"She was very outgoing, great fun, a wonderful mimic," Lord said, "But she had a very dark side to her. She said she thought nobody should be born in this vale of tears.

HE COLLECTION and its costs also provoked a tragicomic kind of subplot. Henry du Pont spent money like a du Pont, borrowing from cousins when he got ahead of even his own fortune, cutting staff or salaries and hiding the expenses of incessant buying from his wife. He had 18 bank accounts and used aliases on shopping trips. During the Depression, when he doubled the size of the house, du Pont's lawyer warned him that Winterthur

might be hard to mortgage.

"He said the only regret he had about this was the things he hadn't bought," Lord said, "I speculate that there wer-

The Runway Stops On the Home Front Merging Fashion and Interiors

By Alicia Drake

ARIS — Walk into the interior designer Laurent Buttazzoni's apartment and it is hard to tell where fashion stops and the interior begins. There are white cotton Airtex curtains hanging from the windows, cow skins left over from a fashion show scattered on the floor, he has gray felt Birkenstocks on his feet and he is chatting on the phone with the model Michele Hicks.

Buttazzoni is one of a new generation of Paris interior designers who is at home mixing his slide rule with the season's runway. His clients are John Galliano, the boutique owner Maria Luisa, the French Vogue art director Donald Schneider, and his work zips naturally between fashion

and architecture.

One day he is working on Galliano's apartment in an 18th-century hotel particulier in the Marais, the next he is drawing plans for a Galliano in-store boutique for Harrods, styling the decor for a fashion show or in-

stalling a concrete-and-mirror bath-room in a Paris home.

"The link between the different artistic disciplines is growing closer," Buttazzoni said to explain the merging of fashion and home. "It is happening because nowadays people want a co-herent image throughout their life. from the way they dress, the furniture in their house, the music they listen to, even down to the food they eat."

There has always been a mutual attraction between the two worlds: Fashion designer starts off penniless and homeless, sleeping under toiles and nomeless, steeping under tones on the cutting-room floor, ends up loaded with a portfolio of houses (Marrakesh, Megeve, Miami), calls in interior designer to transform the house. But the real overlap began a couple of years back, when designers started launching fashionable interior collections to complement their clothes with pashmina pillows and silk quilts, coffee cups and sushi

Now certain interior designers have taken to exploring fashion — not that they are running up beaded slip dresses, but rather they are seeking inspiration in fashion's fabric choice

modern than furnishing fabrics, which

Mahdavi Hudson, who opened her showroom at 3 Rue Las Cases last month, has a design style that splices sober form with sensuous and unexpected fabrics, such as a slinky curtain in fine stainless steel chain mail, a acknowledging "a lot of overlap" beige flannel armchair or a day bed in white terry cloth destined for a Chelsea bathroom.

Her fashion references go beyond just fabric: Leather stitching on a pair of Manolo Blahnik mules is echoed in the overstitching on a leather chair, a gold watch-chain strap is the starting point for her chrome lamp stand, while a turn-up on a pair of pants

reappears on a sofa hem. The boundaries between fashion and interiors have blurred, not just in the details, but in the trends," said Mahdavi Hudson, who predicts that, iust as accessories are now the driving force of fashion, so home accessories are becoming the key to interiors.

"Today you can be dressed very, very simply, but be wearing the right pair of shoes and it's O.K.," she said. "It's the same at home. If you haven't got the money, you can still get a good look by mixing a basic sofa with the right tray, or the right vase and the right flowers.

right flowers."

The right vase (read monumental and in blackened bronze) is what the designer Ibu Poilane does, although she can also do you the right gold-and-rough coral ring or the right gold-link necklace. A designer of both furniture and jewelry (she has created the jewelry for Chanel hante couture for the past two seasons). Poilane sees no past two seasons), Poilane sees no contradiction in designing for the two worlds. "It is a question of function," she explained. "Every object lives in a space, every object has a function. Thereafter it is just the scale and material which absence."

Thereafter it is just the scare and material which changes."

Her recent exhibition at the Joyce Ma Gallery spelled out her fashion home synergy: There were mink-covered bronze stools alongside amber globule earnings, a bronze-and-glass fire guard and a wide gold ring studded with fat gray nearls. studded with fat gray pearls.

The cashmere designer Lucien Pellat-Finet called in the architect Christian Biecher to design his first Paris boutique, which opened in February at 1 Rue Montalembert. Biecher has played on Pellat-Finet's signature techno-pop colors with pista-chio floors, pale-blue shelving units and, most striking, an interior sherbet-orange wall and a vivid green panel hanging over the front door, both of which will be repainted every season to match the collection's col-

OLOR is not the only nod to fashion. The boutique furniture comprises what Biecher calls his "boudin" sofa, a fat, squashy, tubular two-scater covered in stretch putty nylon, a fabric that Biecher compares to a "Prada

He cites fashion as a natural source of design inspiration. "Of all the arts, fashion works closest to the air du temps and is therefore the best way of checking the pulse of urban society." And yet he recognizes that fashion's ufter transience also has its limitations. "The fashion designers can identify themselves totally with and technology, color and trends.

"There are so many fatrics I enjoy wearing which I would like to use in my interiors," said India Mahdavi Hudson, plucking at a pair of Etro tweed pants as an example. "Fashion fabrics are so much more funky and modern than furnishing fabrics which is a said and sa piece of furniture has to last at least 10 years, a building at least 30. Our concept of time has got to be very different.

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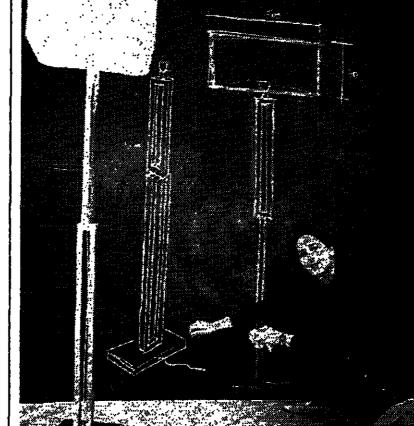
A reservation echoed by Joseph Holtzman, editor of the alternative interiors magazine Nest, who while between the two disciplines warned: "Fashion is new for its own sake, which is not necessarily the case with interior design. Their work should move a lot slower and be rooted in something more permanent."

He also believes there is an inherent difference between the fashion designer and the interior designer, both in their approach and their vision of space and volume.

"For instance, I would not want an interior designer to cut my dress." Holizman observed. "I think it would

look rather like a curtain."

Alicia Drake is a fashion and style writer based in Paris.



India Mahdavi Hudson says accessories are the driving force of fashion.

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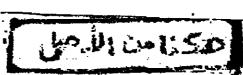
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O New York Times/Edited by Will Shartz



Hong Kong Struggles For High-Tech Foothold

By Mark Landler New York Times Service

HONG KONG - Why would Richard Li live anywhere but in this capitalist Klondike on the South China Sea?

After all, he was born here 32 years ago. His father, Li Ka-shing, is the biggest tycoon in town — a rags-to- last week. "We keep five apartments riches billionaire who recently put up a monumental 62-story headquarters in the heart of Hong Kong.

But his father's empire is tied to the mercantile moorings of trade and real estate. And the younger Mr. Li wants to build something else: a technology venture that will deliver Internet access and other services to television sets and personal computers across Asia.

Since announcing that grand plan a little more than a year ago, though, Mr. Li has found that a good place to make money is not always a good place to nurture high-technology dreams. He. has been unable to persuade the best young local software designers to live here while they develop the new ser-

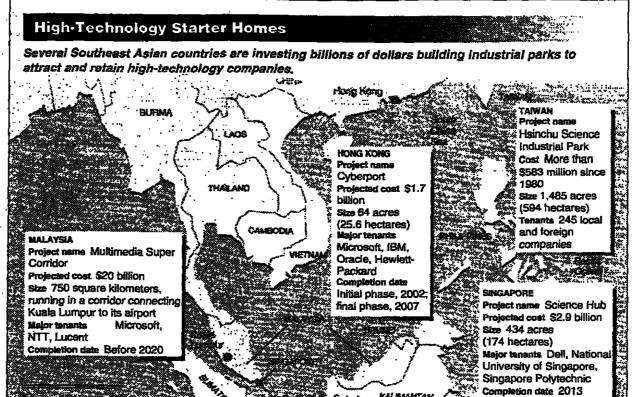
vice. One by one, they have fled the high-rise canyons of Hong Kong for the low-rise sprawl of Silicon Valley, where Mr. Li's venture partner, Intel Corp., is based.

"Have we caught our last one, or has he gone back to California as well?" Mr. Li asked a colleague sarhere, but they're empty because For Mr. Li, the experience has

brought home a bitter truth: Hong Kong is seen by many as a technology backwater. Expensive and lacking a critical mass of hardware or software manufacturers, it seems destined to be a bit player in the digital revolution.

Rather than leave for Silicon Valley himself, however, Mr. Li wants to hanl Hong Kong into the information-technology mainstream. Last month, his company, Pacific Century Group, and the Hong Kong government announced a plan to build a \$1.7 billion technology

See PARKS, Page 11





Michael Dertouzous, right, director of the MIT computer science lab, speaking with Defense Advanced Research Proj-Anant Agarwal, left, and Rodney Brooks, who work on the Oxygen project. ects Agency, the Pentagon's re-

MIT's Brave New Computer World \$40 Million Research Project to Redo Information Technology

By John Markoff New York Times Service

CAMBRIDGE, Massachusetts -For David Clark, an MIT computer scientist, research is like "an expedition into the future."

With the faculty and students at the Laboratory of Computer Science at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Mr. Clark, one of the lab's top managers, is about to em-bark on just such a journey — one meant to liberate computing from the PC-centric world it has occupied for the past two decades.

Next Monday, scientists here plan to introduce Oxygen, an ambitious \$40 million, five-year research project that is being financed by the

search arm. The objective is as broad Mr. Clark said, must walk the thin as it is audacious: to reinvent all from chips and software to computers and networks.

And in the Oxygenated future, a desktop computer would be largely

In this digital new world, a person could know whether a colleague working elsewhere was reachable at his or her desk, because sensorybased computers in the wall would know. A handheld pointing device could be used to remotely command every household appliance to do its bidding. And instead of typing on keyboards or stabbing at a screen with a stylus, a person would simply

tell a computer what to do. At least, such concepts are the vision. In reality, the Oxygen project,

line between an unrealistically fufacets of information technology, turistic "Star Trek" notion of computing and an overly timid reach for the easily attainable.

"You have to quantum tunnel from 'It's too soon' to 'It's too ' he said. "You've got to have

It might be easy to dismiss such talk, were it not for the Laboratory of Computer Science's track record since its inception in 1964. Although the lab has not had as much publicity as its academic sister, the MIT Media Laboratory, it has been associated with many of the most important developments in computing, includ-

See MIT, Page 10

Recovery In Japan **Hits Snags**

Gloomy Data Undermine Hopes for Rebound Soon

TOKYO — Japan's hopes for an eco-nomic rebound received another series of setbacks Monday as business confidence in the first quarter improved less than expected, a key leading index fell and data indicated that household spending plunged in February.

The reports drove the yen lower against the dollar and eliminated early optimism Monday on the Tokyo stock market, leaving the Nikkei index only marginally higher.

"The economy shows further signs of approaching the bottom, although any rebound is likely to be weak," said Peter Morgan, economist at HSBC Securities.

Business confidence as measured by the Bank of Japan's quarterly tankan survey of large manufacturers improved to a reading of minus 47 from minus 49 level for the quarter ended in December. But the result fell short of the minus 44

reading that economists had expected. The results show that among the 9,500 large manufacturers surveyed, the proportion that was pessimistic was 47 percentage points higher than those who were optimistic.

The reading, the first rise in seven months, was still greeted soberly by economists and business people.

Satoru Ogasawara, an economist at Credit Suisse First Boston in Tokyo, said: "Concerns over the future of the economy remain very strong due to the deteriorating conditions of both employment and capital spending. The improvement in the survey was only attained through the government's public

spending."
The Bank of Japan shied away from reading too much into the latest survey. Shosaku Murayama, head of the central bank's research and statistics department, said, "Tankan is just one of the Bank of Japan's surveys, and the central bank needs to collect other data." He added that the bank's policy board would release ing word-processing and spreadsheet next Tuesday. With the economy still software. depressed, analysts say the Bank of Japan

See YEN, Page 11

Thinking Ahead /Commentary

Don't Rush Deal With China on WTO

Some Changes Are Needed if It Is to Join the International System

The terms of its WTO

membership will help

determine what kind of

China the world will have

to face in the 21st century.

By Reginald Dale

beyond economics.

beyond economics.

If China is as serious as it says about joining the Westerndesigned international system, it must undertake two huge
commitments that would effectively seal off its Communist

of world trade talks that is likely to be launched in Seattle, past. China must complete the in-

membership should not be influenced by the state of re-

lations between Washington and Beijing on other issues. It would be just as wrong for an angry U.S. Congress to detail a good WTO agreement as it would be for President Bill

Clinton to hustle through a bad agreement to serve his own

A good agreement would be one that makes sure China

troduction of a market economy, and it must become a society controlled by agreed rules, not by authority arbitrarily imposed from above.

The role of the state must evolve from its Marxist-Leninist roots into something more like that of most noncommunist governments around the

That is why it is so important to

the implications of membership, his enthusiasm is far from fully shared by the bulk of the Chinese bureaucracy.

WASHINGTON — The integration of a resurgent China into the world economic system is one of the great challenges of the Global Age. And it is a challenge that goes way beyond economics.

This means that it will not necessarily be a bad thing if — as seems likely — no final WTO deal is struck during Mr. Zhu's visit. It would help to avoid the politicization of the negotiations if the aim were set of completing a deal by the time of the WTO ministerial meeting that is to be held in Secretary.

and would settle the issue of China's WTO membership before next year's U.S. presidential election campaign

gets fully under way.

For each time China becomes a political issue in Washington, as it is now and may be again next year, crit-ics tend to forget the advantages to the United States of Chinese WTO membership, treating it simply as a major American concession.

secure the right outcome of the long-running negotiations between Beijing and Washington over China's enry into the World Trade Organization, the Geneva-based custodian the World Trade Organization, the Geneva-based custodian to the American market. But Mr. Zhu also wants to join in

the World Trade Organization, the Geneva-based custodian of the rules of international trade.

The terms of China's WTO membership — far more than current scares over issues like espionage — will be fundamental in determining what kind of China the rest of the world will have to face in the 21st century.

Two consequences flow from that. The first is that it is more important to get the terms right than to rush into a more important to get the terms right than to rush into a flawed agreement to meet a political deadline, such as the visit this week of Prime Minister Zhu Rongji to the United to the American market. But Mr. Zhu also wants to join in order to make China more attractive for foreign investment and to galvanize its inefficient economy by progressively opening it up to foreign competition.

That process should be enormously advantageous to the United States both economically and politically — not least because it should finally help to reduce the huge and growing U.S. trade deficit with China.

But it will not happen overnight. Once China has joined the WTO, there will have to be watertight provisions for

But it will not happen overnight. Once China has joined the WTO, there will have to be watertight provisions for visit this week of Prime Minister Zhu Rongji to the United ensuring that Beijing continues to conform to its obli-The second is that the conditions of China's WTO gations

As Greg Mastel of the Economic Strategy Institute puts it, "the question is not whether China can promise to obey the rules, but whether it can keep its promise."

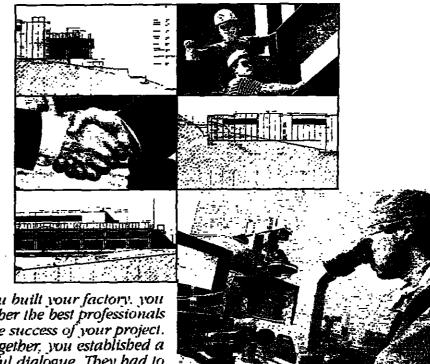
Hitherto, China's record of implementing international

trade and economic agreements has not been encouraging. It is not yet either a fully-fledged market economy or a rules-based society. But it is far more likely to become both of accepts the obligations of WTO entry as much as it enjoys those inside the WTO than outside it.

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CURRENCY RATES

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Very briefly:

•United Rentals Inc., the largest U.S. equipment-rental company, offered to buy Rental Service Corp. for \$1.36 billion in cash and assumed debt to try to stop Rental Service from purchasing NationsRent Inc.

•Brazilian banks reduced credit lines for companies by 39 percent in February and slashed loans to consumers by 16 percent, according to a report by Virtual Vendor Consulting published in the newspaper O Estado de Sao Paulo.

• Liberty Media Group, a cable-television concern, is to pay \$280 million to increase its stake in General Instrument Corp., a maker of TV set-top boxes that decode cable signals, to 18 percent and become the company's largest shareholder. • Welsh, Carson, Anderson & Stowe, a New York-based investment firm, is to buy BancTec Inc., which provides banking software and data-processing equipment. for \$525 million in cash and assumed debt but called off purchasing Centennial HealthCare Corp. because of a federal investigation into the nursing-home operator.

 Hanger Orthopedic Group Inc. is to buy the orthopedic clinics of Novacare Inc. for \$455 million in cash and assumed Bloomberg, Reviers

Weekend Box Office

LOS ANGELES -- "The Matrix" dominated the U.S. box office over the weekend, with a gross of \$27.6 million. Following are the Top 10 moneymakers, based on Saturday's

The Associated Press

10. The Mod Squad	MGM	\$2_4 m 22 00
9. Lite is Beautitul	Miramax	\$2.8 million
8. Doug's 1st Movie	Walt Disney	\$3.1 million
7. Shakespeare in Love	Miromax	\$3.3 million
& EDIV	Universal Pictures	\$4.6 million
4. (tie) Forces of Nature	DreamWorks	S6.3 million
4. (tie) Analyze This	Warner Bros.	\$6.3 million
3. The Out-of-Towners	Paromount	S8.1 million
2.10 Things I Hate About You	Touchslone Pictures	S8.7 million
1. The Matrix	Womer Bros.	\$27.6 million

Monday, April 5

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Nasdaq

Market Sales

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AMEX

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Dividends

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Trading Activity

721.23 711.29

Japan Poll **Fuels Rise** Of Dollar

NEW YORK — The dollar rose against the yen Monday as a survey profits. showed that business confidence in Japan improved less than expected in the first quarter, fueling expectations that interest rates there will remain near zero.

*People had already discounted any improvement" in the quarterly tankan survey of large Japanese

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

manufacturers, said Bob Gruber, senior foreign-exchange salesman at Chase Manhattan Corp. "The direction is still there for the dollar to go higher." In 4 P.M. trading. the dollar rose to 121.85 yen from 120.47 yen late Thursday. Most markets were closed Friday.

Kosovo depressed the euro against the dollar, pushing it down to \$1.0715 from \$1.0792.

Financial markets in Sydney, Hong Kong and most European cities to SBC Communications Inc. were closed for holidays, resulting in thin trading that tended to exaggerate any moves in exchange rates.

Sound Economic Outlook Drives Market Rally

International Herald Tribune

market, as traders concluded that economic growth could remain steady, fueling gains in corporate

The employment report - issued vages than had been expected.

At the close, the Dow Jones inpoints at a record 10,007.33, the 3.5 percent, to be followed by a 3 Standard & Poor's 500 index was up percent gain in 2000.

27.40 at 1,321.12, also a record, and NEW YORK — Stock prices ralied to record levels Monday, the at 2,552.19, also its highest level first day of trading after a generally yet. Rising stocks led declining ones favorable report on the U.S. labor by a ratio of about 4-to-3 on the New York Stock Exchange.

U.S. STOCKS

Stocks were belped by a bullish while markets were closed for Good forecast from Merrill Lynch & Co., Friday — showed a decrease in the which raised its predictions for U.S. jobless rate but a smaller increase in economic growth and for corporate earnings in 1999 and 2000. Bruce Steinberg, chief economist, raised dustrial average was up 174.82 his estimate for growth this year to

That was an upgrade from a pre-vious forecast of 3 percent growth this year and 2.6 percent next year. Merrill also said the companies in

the Standard & Poor's 500-stock index would show earnings of \$48 a share in 1999 and \$51 in 2000, adding \$1 a share to its previous estimates for each year.

Computer-related shares led the market higher. Yahoo! was up 39% at 219 1/8, and IBM was up 6 15/16 at 183 15/16.

Prices of Treasury securities barely budged. The benchmark 30year Treasury bond rose 2/32 to 95 3/32; that lowered the yield to 5.58 percent from 5.59 percent.

■ U.S. Profit Margins Dwindle

Profit margins at major U.S. manufacturers fell in the fourth quarter to the lowest level in three years, Bloomberg News reported, quoting Commerce Department figures.

After-tax profits at manufacturers averaged 5.1 cents for each dollar of sales. That was down from 6.2 cents in the third quarter and 6.0 cents in the fourth quarter of 1997 and was the lowest since 4.9 cents per dollar of sales in the fourth quarter of 1995.

After-tax profits at retailers with assets of \$50 million or more averaged 3 cents per dollar of sales, up from 1.9 cents in the third quarter.

Ameritech and GTE Reach a \$3.27 Billion Wireless Deal

CHICAGO - Ameritech Corp. said Monday it had agreed to sell

Concern about the conflict over about half of its wireless phone busi-osovo depressed the euro against ness in the U.S. Midwest to GTE Corp. and a private partnership, meeting conditions set by the Justice Department for the sale of Ameritech

GTE Corp., which is being taken

cash, accelerating its plan to provide base to 13 million, the most of any cellular services nationwide. GTE will add 1.7 million customers in Chicago and elsewhere in Illinois and in St. Louis and gain

access to markets with 12.9 million potential customers. Georgetown Partners, an investment company, will buy a minority

stake in the properties. The purchase would lift GTE and

over by Bell Atlantic Corp., agreed to buy the businesses for \$3.27 billion in Bell Atlantic's wireless customer closing of SBC's purchase of Amer-

company in the United States, and help them compete with coast-toand Sprint Corp.'s PCS.

"A purchase that extends the eventual wireless footprint for Bell Atlantic-GTE is an absolute positive," said Scott Wright, n analyst at Fahnestock & Co.

The sale, which is subject to the

itech, would eliminate all cellular properties that overlap with SBC, Ameritech said. The merger is under coast providers such as AT&T Corp. review by U.S. regulators and by state regulators in Illinois and Ohio.
The U.S. telecommunications in-

dustry is "evolving to a handful of major players, and wireless is part of the competitive weaponry, Robert Wilkes, an analyst at Brown Brothers Harriman & Co.

(Bloomberg, Reuters)

MICROSOFT: With Stock as Bait, Microsoft's Research 'Nirvana' Lures Professors From Academia

Continued from Page 1

Microsoft Research is seeking big names in computer science foremost, but also leading thinkers in graphic arts, linguistics, biology and mathematics. While they may never write a piece of software, they could hatch ideas that the company's programmers one day might turn into ig-selling products.

Here on a lush-green campus crisscrossed by shuttle vans painted with the Microsoft slogan, "Where Do You Want to Go Today?" the software giant is practicing its so-called dinner-party philosophy of basic research: By assembling the right mix of brilliance, eliminating the usual concerns such as teaching, tenure and grant-proposal writing. and leaving people free to develop ideas, it hopes to generate the next

wave of great computing.

But some school officials say Microsoft's elite guest list is depleting their own.

"Microsoft Research has become parasite on the academic establishment." said Jim Morris, chairman of the computer-science department at Carnegie Mellon Unicom. If you take away great people from schools and put them in a place partment heads — many of whom, where they're not teaching anyone, who will train the next genera-

Microsoft officials deny that they have spurred a university brain drain. Nathan Myhrvold, the company's chief technology officer, company is depleting universities' said MSR probably hired six full staff. But on the other, "Microsoft is professors a year. The rest are junior-level professors and Ph.D.s. 'We haven't taken all that many top people in all," he said.

Some universities scoff at this. ing only fully tenured professors, a shallow measure of a department's teaching cache. And a few departments have been hit undeniably hard: Carnegie Mellon, for example. beginning in 1991, when a computer operating system expert named Rick Rashid left to become MSR's first director. Since then, "between 15 and 20 top people" have followed, said Raj Reddy, dean of Carnegie Mellon's computer science school.

'You never can completely recover from this," he added.

like Mr. Reddy, have been hurt by the company's talent hunt.

While seemingly at odds, Mr. Reddy's joint roles underscore the mixed feelings of many in academia toward Microsoft. On one hand, the not a clear-cut force for bad," said David Dopkin, Princeton University's computer science chairman. The company, he said, should be praised for contributing to basic resaying that Mr. Myhrvold is count- search when other corporations were cutting back.

> Carnegie Mellon's total endowment, by comparison, is \$600 million. In recent years, the company has opened basic research labs in Cambridge, England, where the Cambridge Science Park has helped create about 1,200 high-technology companies, as well as in Beijing and in Silicon Valley.

The main facility in Redmond, om this," he added.

Building 31, has a giddy MSR received 50 to 200 such in- the tool I wield to Still, Mr. Reddy is a member of Nerd-in-Wonderland quality. Bare- quiries a month and that 80 percent shape the world."

pioneer of the 1960s, who last into six figures for senior researchmonth was seen fumbling with an office printer.

not at odds with the broader goals of academia. Researchers often retain affili-

ations to their former schools, and the papers they publish benefit scholarship in general. Likewise, the company has courted university favor with \$80 million a year in cash and software "gifts." This is not pure altruism. Mi-

crosoft wants university scientists to invent things that will support its Microsoft spends \$3 billion a year software. Until the practice was on research and development, stopped last year, Microsoft paid faculty members \$200 to lecture at conferences at which their speeches were deemed sufficiently pro-Microsoft.
While universities might bemoan

Microsoft's recruiting drive, no one is forcing the professors to leave. In fact, they are inundating Microsoft Research with job inquiries, often through former colleagues.

Steve Clyne, a staff recruiter, said

versity. "They are eating our seed Microsoft's high-tech advisory foot Ph.D.s mingle with computing of those who were offered positions com. If you take away great people board, a group of deans and delegends such as Gordon Bell, the accepted them. Base salaries, well ers, are on a par with those at most major universities. But stock options Company officials insist MSR is are the "X factor," and it doesn't tat odds with the broader goals of take a Wolf Prize winner to calculate the profits reaped by Microsoft options-holders in this decade.

'Stanford has stolen people from us before, but at least that was a level playing field," said Mr. Dopkin of Princeton, who has lost two top pro-fessors to Microsoft. "Microsoft is implicitly saying, 'If you come here, in a few years you will probably be a millionaire.'

Researchers insist they have not been lured merely by wealth. In a dozen interviews last month, they characterized Building 31 as research nirvana where ideas could transcend the numb abstraction of academia and shape a mass market. Several MSR innovations have found their way into software.

"To me, this corporation is my power tool," said Steven Shafer, a Microsoft researcher who came from Carnegie Mellon in 1995. "It's

U. S. STOCK MARKET DIARY

14% 25 77% 79% 73% 31% 57% 68 40% 44% 26% 26% 41% 44% 41% 44% 41% 44%

MIT: The Oxygen Project, With a \$40 Million Grant, Seeks to Reinvent Information Technology

Project MAC, set in motion multaneously. offers the best model for a he impact it could conceivably have on the next generation of computing.

It was Project MAC, after

Continued from Page 9 all, that redefined the com- be formally kicked off at the background.

"We want

From Proje vanced Research Projects such innovations as an early Agency grant in 1963 — that electronic-mail system and the concept of shared inforproject such as Oxygen and mation utilities, the forerunners of today's on-line communities and even the World termined to chart an infor-

Project Oxygen, which will

Dertouzous, a computer sci- said.

be traced to his days working on Project MAC as an MIT student Intent on putting people first, Mr. Dertouzous is demation-technology future in

which computers recede into

nologies that others might turn into actual products, will nents that the lab is already

developing. Handy 21 and will be a port-

puter. of-concept testbed for tech- of a cellular telephone, two-

way data radio, television set, beeper, handheld computer be based on several compo- and intelligent remote-con- component. trol pointing device, the Much of the design effort Handy 21 will rely heavily on will revolve around the idea developed at the lab.

able device with a small

has developed an approach lands." significantly different from that now being pursued by Oxygen system will be based most others in the speech-re- on another building-block cognition field.

Mr. Zue's Spoken Language Systems group has developed systems with powerbilities - in large part because they focus on relatively narrow subject areas, such as at home. the weather, airline reservations or local traffic.

vocabularies based on nar-

"We want to liberate screen, a video camera, a making voice recognition It may be an MIT effort possible for many users to next week, is the brainchild of ourselves from the tyranny of Global Positioning System more important as a computer predating the lab by a year — share a single computer site lab's director, Michael 'going to the computer,'' he receiver and a powerful comcoming increasingly mobile, 13 3 love to t shrinking of computers is making the conventional keyboard a large and ungainly

Mr. Zue cites three factors

Much of the design effort The first will be called advanced voice-recognition of delegating tasks to matechnologies that have been chines. For example, Mr. Zue said that instead of merely Speech recognition — the inquiring of the Oxygen sysability of machines to under- tem when a plane is scheduled stand spoken instructions - to arrive at the airport, the is a vital part of the Oxygen user, planning to meet the flight, might also give this A group led by the MIT command: "Call me half an speech researcher Victor Zue hour before Flight 116

> Besides the Handy 21, the computer that the researchers call Enviro 21.

These devices, which would be powerful versions ful speech-recognition capa- of the Handy 21 system. would be embedded in office walls, car trunks or basements

The systems would have extensive sensor networks in-The aim of the Spoken tended to enable them to mon-Language Systems research itor the state of the environgroup is to achieve a limited, ment — knowing whether an though seemingly conversational, voice input system by stitching together many recognition systems with ment sump pump is operating -- and then to activate the

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REVERSE STOCK SPLIT

4Kids Ente 3 for 2 soft. ISS Group Inc 2 for 1 spin

.96 132 2315 .0958 1038 6204 .078

U.S. FUTURES Monday, April 5 May 99
Jul 99
Sep 99
Dec 99
Mar 00
May 00
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Est. sales
Thus ope 21846 22446 231 23946 24642 25146 258 -]\u 3\u 2\u 2\u 1\u mch SOYBEAN MEAL (CBOTT)
100 10075-608075 per 100
May 99 137-90 134-90 137-30 +0.80 37.474
Jul 99 19-30 134-10 139-10 +1.20 33,940
Aug 99 140-50 138-00 140-20 +1.90 11,966
Sep 99 142-00 139-50 141-50 +1.00 9,422
Oct 99 141-50 141-50 142-00 +2.40 5,142
Dec 99 147-00 140-50 144-10 -2.30 142-94 Est. sales 13,500 Thurs sales 17,694 Thurs open int 113,329, up 1,080 482 480 490 493 496 496 506 per bushel 279'4 +2'5 288'4 +2'5 299'4 +2 315 +2'4

FEEDER CATTLE (CMER)

PORK BELLIES (CMER) -9,000 Bbs.- cents per lb. May 99 52,20 50 70 5 Jul 99 53,00 51,65 5 Aug 99 52,50 51,00 5

COFFEE C (NCSE) HI GRADE COPPER (NCMX) 0.5 - Certs per lb
02.50 62.15 62.50 -0.15
03.10 62.00 63.00 +9.15
03.00 63.00 53.40 -0.15
03.00 63.00 53.40 -0.15
03.00 63.05 63.55 -0.25
04.00 64.00 64.00 64.50 -6.15
04.00 64.70 64.80 -6.15
04.00 64.70 64.80 -6.15
04.00 64.70 64.80 -6.15
05.15 -0.15
05.15 04.50 65.55 -0.15
05.00 04.70 04.50 -6.15

Nos 13.000 Thurs sales 7*,0*24 Seen Inl 79,573, up 1,323 02. Golfors per incr o1 301.00 359.60 157.60 +0.60 728 304.50 362.00 302.16 +0.70 10.697 302.50 +0.70 1,132 343.10 +0.10 124 US T BILLS (CMER)
St million-ris of 100 pci
Jun 99 95.74 95.74 95.74 +0.00 1.443 MÉXICAN PESO (CMER) 500,000 pesos, 5 per peso

18 YR TREASURY (CBOT) \$100,000 prin- pts & 32nds of 100 pct Jun 99 115-13 115-01 115-08 + Sep 99 114-28 114-18 114-22 + Det 99 114-18 + Est soles 75,000 Thurs soles 64,862 Thurs open int \$311,383, up 6,306 LIBOR 1-MONTH (CAMER) 53 million- pts of 100 pct. Apr 79 95.06 95.06 95.06 May 99 95.05 95.05 95.05 Jun 99 95.06 95.05 95.05 Jun 99 95.06 95.05 95.05 Est, sales, 1,617 Thurs sales, 810 Thurs open int 30.259. off 252 EURODOLLARS (CMER) o-plate (Check.)
o-plat BRITISH POUND (CMER) 6670 .6653 .6658-0.0018 6690 .6653 .6658-0.0018 6690 .6661 .6663-0.0018 .6700 .6670 .6670-0.0018 hrones. S per from 6804 - 6748 -6827 - 6820 -6897 - 4830

44.97 +0.67 44.19 +0.72 44.44 +0.72 44.89 +0.72 45.49 +0.72 46.14 +0.72 46.64 +0.72 LIGHT SWEET CRUDE (NAER)
1,000 bil. dollars per bbl.
May 99 17.03 16.95 16.95 +0.
Jun 99 16.95 16.48 16.99 +0.
Jun 99 16.82 16.47 16.78 +0.
Jun 99 16.87 16.38 16.46 +0.
Sep 99 16.54 16.23 16.51 +0.
Oct 99 16.40 16.16 16.38 +0.
Et soise NA Three special (M.1756 LIGHT SWEET CRUDE (NAMER)
1,000 bibl. dollars per bbl.
May 99 17.03 16.50 16.55 +0.31
Jun 99 16.95 16.40 16.89 +0.28
Jul 99 16.42 16.47 16.78 +0.26
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Thurs open lai 613,509, off 2,945 UNLEADED GASOLINE (NATER) SP COMP INDEX (CMÉR) 259 x Index Jun 99 1330.901307.501329.00 + 26.30 1 5ep 99 1340.901330.901240.50 + 25.30 Dec 99 1350.001350.001350.00 + 22.00 1,162.20 Clsd 81.04 191.15

Internet address: http://www.iht.com

rowly defined subjects. pump or open the door. INTEREST RATES Monday, April 5 Government Debt 10-yed: 4.531 4.122 4.906 4.24 1.72 4.249 2-yeor 4.80 2.867 2.859 2.981 0.275 2.863 3.024 2.78 2.46 0.105 2.80 2.B6 --2.51 _ 2.85 1-yeu 466 4.44 Money Market Rates United States
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EUROPE

Low Bank Reserves **Hit Tumbling Ruble**

Fireless

MOSCOW — The ruble fell through a key level Monday to a record low as the dollar ended at 25.11 rubles in moderate trading with most Western markets closed for a holiday.

The ruble has been tumbling in value in recent weeks after holding steady at about 23 to the dollar for much of the year.

Analysis point to sharply contracting central bank reserves as Analysis point to snarply contracting the main cause of the new slump.

The chairman of Russia's central bank, Viktor Gerashchenko, said last week that the bank would continue paying off Russia's huge foreign debt despite reserves that have dwindled to a three-year low of less than \$11 billion.

The bank paid \$2.1 billion on Russia's foreign debt in the first quarter and is due to part with even more to service debt in the second quarter.

Russia desperately hopes to fill its coffers by getting a new loan agreement from the International Monetary Fund, whose mission is to arrive in Moscow on Tuesday.

Very briefly:

• Spain's Economy Ministry said that the International Monetary Fund expects the country's economy to grow between 3.25 percent and 3.5 percent in 1999, down from 3.8 percent in 1998.

• Russia's inflation rate slowed to 2.8 percent in March, First Deputy Prime Minister Yuri Maslyukov said, down from 4.1 percent in February and 8.5 percent in January.

• Kazakhstan has announced that it will stop defending its currency, the tenge, and allow it to float against the dollar. The dollar immediately rose from a first-quarter average of 88.1 tenge to 100.

· ABN-AMRO Holding NV, Europe's fifth-largest bank, agreed to buy a controlling stake in the Philippine thrift Great Pacific Savings Bank, a unit of House of Investments Inc. Terms were not disclosed.

• Bulgaria's current account deficit probably will be "significantly larger than originally projected" this year while economic growth is unlikely to meet government targets, the International Monetary Fund said.

Dandy AS, a Danish confectioner, will finish a 175 million Deutsche mark (\$97 million) chewing gum plant in Russia's Novgorod region in June. The factory will produce 7,000 tons of Stimorol and Dirol chewing gum brands annually.

Markets Closed

Many financial markets worldwide were closed Monday

Cadbury Chief Flies Extra Mile

A Focus on Recharging Firm

By Constance L. Hays New York Times Service

NEW YORK — John Sunderland, the chief executive of Cadbury Schweppes PLC, says he has always been afraid of heights, and for years he

Yet there he was last year in Interlaken, Switzerland, donning paragliding gear and leaping from an Alpine crag in full view of a gaggle of underlings. "I wanted to prove that you can do anything if you set your mind to it," said Mr. Sunderland, 54.

The purpose, he said, was to help underscore the "managing for value" strategy that he believes will transform Cadbury Schweppes from a sleepy, opportunity-missing, ultra-British conglomerate into a sleek, value-driven global powerhouse.

The gathered executives seem to have gotten the message. Profits at the Cadbury Schweppes candy-and-soft-drink empire rose 6 percent last year, and the

player that relied too heavily on bottling agreements with rivals like Coca-Cola Co. and Pepsico Inc.

Sipping every so often from a Diet Dr. Pepper—a Cadbury brand—in a recent interview in New York. Mr. Sunderland held forth on the importance of setting a good example — and on following the lead of one of his idols, Margaret Thatcher, who fanned

the flames of privatization in Britain.
"She demonstrated that change — dramatic change for the benefit of not just business, but society as a whole - could be done if you were committed to it," he said.

For nearly two years he has been spreading a be more accountable, adaptable and aggressive. And he emphasizes increasing shareholder value, while making sure managers are heavily invested in Cadbury shares.

Mr. Sunderland says that he has 80 percent of his own net worth tied up in Cadbury stock. While such precepts may seem old hat to American

executives, particularly those at Coca-Cola Co. -- a company Mr. Sunderland knows well and admires, candy business than in soft drinks,



John Sunderland idolizes Margaret Thatcher.

thanks to a former bottling joint venture — they are innovations at Cadbury. The company makes such quintessentially British sweets as licorice allsorts, as well as Cadbury chocolates and Dr. Pepper, 7-Up and

Schweppes soft drinks.

Under Sir Dominic Cadbury, its chairman, Cadbury Schweppes spent the first half of the '90s expanding beyond Britain, including its purchase of the Dr. Pepper/Seven Up Co., based in Plano, Texas, in 1995.

Mr. Sunderland is moving to solidify that expansion. First came a joint venture in early 1998 that

share price skyrocketed as well.

The company has started to get the attention of Wall

Street, which had dismissed it as a weak, third-tier
player that relied too heavily on bottling agreements

and soft-drink empire rose opercent last year, and the
formed a bottling company dedicated to Cadbury
brands. Then Cadbury negotiated bottling agreements with Coke and Pepsico that seemed to gnarantee that brands like Dr. Pepper and 7-Up would be secure for several years.

In December, Cadbury announced it was selling tnost of the international rights to its brands, ranging from Dr. Pepper to Schweppes itself, to Coca-Cola. While the deal faces regulatory hurdles and will likely take several more months to be completed, it is worth \$1.85 billion to Cadbury.

"This is still a somewhat neglected stock," said Caroline Levy, an analyst who follows the beverage industry for Schroder & Co. "What they achieved

last year took the market by surprise."
After rising 67 percent in 1998, the stock is down 11.6 percent so far this year, but Ms. Levy thinks it still shows a lot of promise.

Mr. Sunderland denied speculation that the Coca-Cola deal was but the first step in his company's exit from beverages. After all, he said, Cadbury has a 15 percent share of the American market.

"Why on earth would we want to relinquish a position like that?" he asked. Still, many analysts expect the company to invest far more heavily in its

Elf Aquitaine Makes New Oil Deal With Iran

PARIS — Elf Aquitaine SA and Bow Valley Energy Ltd. of Canada tries are accused by the U.S. gov-have signed a contract to develop an ernment of sponsoring terrorism. Iranian offshore oil field, the French oil company said. It was Elf Aquitaine's second deal with Iran in just over a month.

Under the deal announced over the weekend, the Elf Aquitaine subsidiary Elf Petroleum Iran has an 85 percent interest and will be the operator for the Balal oil project, whose cost it estimated at \$300 million.

The United States has frowned on European oil investments in Iran in the past, and France's Total SA nearly sparked a diplomatic row in 1997 when it announced a \$2 billion

gas deal with Iran. But Washington held back from

aging companies from doing busi-ness with Libya and Iran. Both coun-

In Total's case, the Clinton ad-ministration eventually issued a waiver for the deal, citing the European Union's cooperation on cur-tailing Iran's capability to produce banned weapons.

A Foreign Ministry spokesman said France does not recognize the legality of the extraterritorial reach of the U.S. legislation. "Elf is free to sign contracts in Iran if it wants," the spokesman said. "It's a commercial decision.

Elf Aquitaine said the Balal field lies 100 kilometers (62 miles) south of Lavan Island in the Gulf and has recoverable reserves estimated at 100 applying sanctions aimed at discour- million barrels of good quality oil.

European Drugmakers Set A Record for Takeovers

PARIS - Takeover and merger agreements in the European drug industry reached a record \$48.9 billion in the last four months and investors are betting that more takeovers and mergers will come.

The four-month total was \$4 billion above the value of merger activity for all of 1996, which had set an annual record and was marked by the combination that created Europe's biggest producer, Novartis

The trend could accelerate as rising research costs, governments' efforts to cut health-care spending and pressure to produce new treatments push the makers together. Last week saw reports that Glaxo

Wellcome PLC, Europe's No. 2 pharmaceutical company, had cours ted Bristol-Myers Squibb Co. of the United States, one year after the British company's attempt to merge, with SmithKline Beecham PLC failed.

Analysts say Schering AG, Merck KGaA and Denmark's Novo Nordisk A/S could be involved in

mergers.
"There is going to be no end to the amount of merger activity you're about to see in the drug business," said Robert Lyon, presidenti of Institutional Capital Corp. in Chicago.

Expirations of patents can be a big reason for companies to com-s bine their research and production.,

PARKS: Smarting From an Exodus of Software Experts to Silicon Valley, Asia Builds High-Tech Centers Aimed at Luring Them Back-

Continued from Page 9

complex called Cyberport. Cyberport is one of several futuristic technology parks that are rising from

They regard these parks as potent highest in the world marketing tools, showcase projects that ... So far, Mr. Li has signed international can help vault them into the digital age Business Machines Corp., Microsoft and perhaps even reverse a brain drain

among their technology-minded youth.
"The crisis has forced countries to reassess their economic models," said Alexander Arena, the chief executive of Pacific Century's technology arm. "I see these projects as laying the foundation for the next spurt of growth." The unanswered question, of course.

is whether creating the architectural trappings of a high-technology settlement will induce creative software engineers to occupy those gleaming new

Cyberport is typical of the concept. Designed as a miniature Silicon Valley, the office and residential park will sit on

coast of Hong Kong island. Its mix of buildings and leafy parks is envisioned as an oasis in this densely populated city

of 6.8 million.

hopes that Cyberport will be home to 100 smaller companies — many of them home-grown — that he said should make Hong Kong a stimulating environment for even his own company's restless

"The culture has to change," Mr. Li said. "If you don't attract people from outside and have some sort of leadership, it will never happen."

Other Asian technology parks have an uneven track record. Some, such as the Hsinchu Science Industrial Park in Taiwan, nearly two decades old, are well-established minicities with hundreds of ture. Its emphasis on short-term spec-

companies and thousands of residents. Others, such as the Multimedia Super Corridor in Malaysia, are still construc-

Cyberport was conceived only after Taiwan to Singapore. With Asia mired

With the government donating the in recession and the United States enjoying a high-technology boom, governments in this region have seized on ermments in this region have seized on the East Bay area across from San Francisco—a 70 percent discount on market cisco—a 70 percent discount on market ci

Corp. Oracle Corp. and six other foreign "Hong Kong's claim to prosperity is companies as tenants. Eventually, he through trade and financial services." said Otto Lin, the vice president for research at the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. "All these advantages are gradually eroding, so Hong Kong has to find another road to prosper-

> Mr. Lin, a Taiwan-born academic who has advised the governments of Taiwan and Singapore on technology policy, said Cyberport would "accentuate the need for technology."
>
> But if Hong Kong is determined to catch up with its neighbors, he said it would have to change its business cul-

ulation has made local companies re-luctant to invest in research and de-Hong Kong is based on rote learning," The cable systems would then deliver the service over upgraded wires to subvelopment because it does not generate a auick return.

Mr. Lin said that spending on research

"I have noticed a change from deep skepticism to open-mindedness. But I don't think any of them have become

true, avid advocates of technology." That is in sharp contrast to Taiwan, which has been pouring public funds into technology for about two decades. Focusing first on serving multinational companies, Taipei has concentrated in recent years on developing smaller in-digenous companies. Today, native companies such as Acer Inc. have turned Taiwan into one of the world's biggest producers of computer components.

But specialists say Hong Kong must retool its educational system not only to play up technology but also to promote lite to cable operators throughout Asia. east Asia.

said Wilson Tang, a civil engineering professor at the local University of Science and Technology. "Students believe that everything has a single answer. When something comes up that they haven't encountered before, they tremble."

rates in Hong Kong's business district, whose commercial rents are among the highest in the world.

Softer, Mr. Li has signed International Business Machines Corp., Microsoft mology a new engine of growth.

Kong's chief executive, Tung Cheecent in Taiwan and 2.8 percent in the United States.

Describing the attitude of Hong Kong Stanford University, likens the typical Hong Kong college graduate to a "violinist who is technically very good, but very good there's no inspiration."

But it is not just a matter of training young people to be more innovative. Kong has five major universities. which turn out 5,000 to 6,000 technology graduates a year. But it provides scant job opportunities for these technologists. Although IBM, Dell Computer Corp. and other major computer companies have offices here, they tend to focus on sales and marketing. That is partly a function of Hong Kong's high

Mr. Li's Pacific Century is working with Intel to create an information service that would be transmitted by satel-

the service over upgraded wires to subscribers, whose homes would be outreceive the service either over their tele,

vision sets or personal computers.

Intel is devising the technology that would enable Mr. Li to deliver information at high speeds over this network of satellites and cable. But Pacific Century is responsible for designing the "content" - the information and entertainment that will flow through the

Mr. Li is drawing on his experience with STAR TV, Asia's first satellite delivered cable television service, which he began in the early 1990s; he sold a controlling stake to Rupert Murdoch's, News Corp. for \$525 million in 1993. He has also recruited roughly 60 soft-ware designers to create and package news, information and entertainment.

Right now, this mostly Asian group works in Sunnyvale, California, a 15minute drive from Intel's Santa Clara headquarters. But Mr. Li intends to move them back to Hong Kong, where they would design services tailored for markets such as China, India and South-

YEN: Hope of Rebound Fades

Continued from Page 9

will probably have to keep pumping money into the banking system to ensure that interest rates stay low.

Both the government and the central bank need to maintain support for the economy through the second half," said To-moko Fujii, senior economist at Nikko Salomon Smith Barney (Japan) Ltd. "We expect the Bank of Japan to take steps in the

April-June period to further ease monetary policy."

The survey suggests that government spending programs and tax cuts have steadied the economy but failed to engineer a recovery. "The big question is what happens after the current stimulus measures run out of steam in midsummer, Mr. Morgan of HSBC said.

Japan's deputy finance minister, Koji Tanami, said the Bank of Japan's survey was within expectations and conceded that it was unclear whether the economy was on the path of We had expected tankan to show corporate sentiment and

profit outlook would improve while capital investment would remain sluggish," Mr. Tanami said at a news conference. The survey revealed that companies of all sizes and sectors Bombay said they planned to spend less in capital investment in the current fiscal year, which ends in March 2000.

Mr. Tanami said the government's priority was to implement smoothly the budget for the current fiscal year. The budget includes enough spending to feed economic growth for

the time being, he said.

He made the comment in response to a question about whether the government planned to draft a supplementary budget to pay for additional stimulus packages. Finance Minister Kiichi Miyazawa has repeatedly said the government sees is ter Kiichi Miyazawa has repeatedly said the government sees. the time being, he said. ister Kitchi Miyazawa has repeatedly said the government sees no need for a supplementary budget to support the economy.

Some economists say the government will be forced to draft a supplementary budget in the second half of the current fiscal year when public-works spending from the government's

economic stimulus plan runs out. The government will probably draft a supplementary budget of as much as 5 trillion yen (\$41.5 billion) by early animm, said Yasunari Ueno, chief market economist at Puji Securities Ltd. The diffusion index of leading indicators, which signals economic trends three to six months ahead, registered 42.9 on a preliminary basis for February, down from a revised 44.4 in

January, the Economic Planning Agency said. January, the Economic Finning Agency said.

Further muddying the economic picture was a plunge of 3.8 percent in household spending in February from January, the

percent in nouschold speaking its reutuary from January, the Management and Coordination Agency said.

Japanese consumers kept their pocketbooks closed because of concerns that they may be out of a job or their wages will be of concerns that they may be out of a job of their wages will be cut as companies undergo massive restructurings and staff reductions. The seasonally adjusted index for household spending fell to 92.9 in February from 98.1 in January. The spending 1011 w 222 percent rise in spending in January from decline followed a 2.2 percent rise in spending in January from

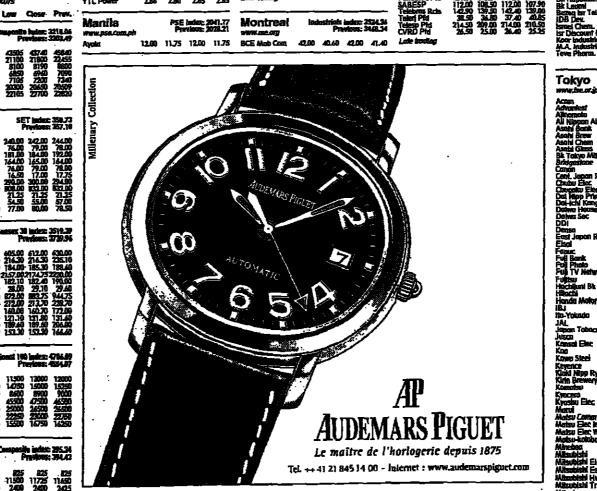
ne monun emilier. Akio Yoshino, director of investment at Credit Suisse Asset the month earlier. Akio rosimo, unestoro or investment a caem suisse Asser Management, said before the numbers were released, "Spending will fall for the next couple of months as a reinforcement of corporate structuring weighs on consumer

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

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Monday's 4 P.M. Close The 2,300 most traded stocks of the day. ices not reflectina late trades elsewhere

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Continued on Page 13

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Very briefly:

 Singapore Telecommunications Ltd. and MobileOne Asia Pre. s sales agents are being investigated for pushing customers to sign mobile phone contracts beyond a government deadline. The Singapore industry regulator said it is investigating agents who filled weekend newspapers with advertisements for deals requiring customers to sign 12-month contracts.

State Bank of Pakistan, the central bank, lowered the rate at which it lends to banks to 14 percent from 15.5 percent, hoping to:provide a fillip to the country's economy.

Petroliam Nasional Bhd. appointed Dresdaer Kleinwort Benson to help with the Malaysian state oil company's purchase of a stake in Proton Bhd., which some have said amounts to, a rescue of the automaker's parent, Hicom Holdings Bhd. • National Thermal Power Corp. of India posted a 16 percent rise in net profit, to \$591 million, for the year ended March 31. The state-owned corporation's revenue rose 10

percent, to \$3.29 billion. • Royal Dutch/Shell Group will reduce production at its Singapore refinery by 34 percent in April, citing "current and given market conditions,

• Kuraya Corp. said it sold 150 million yen (\$1.24 million) worth of Pfizer Inc.'s Viagra anti-impotence drug in the first week after the drug became available in Japan.

•Burma's military government has unveiled a budget guaranteeing heavy spending — estimated at 34 percent of the total

Malaysia Again Cuts Key Rate

KUALA LUMPUR - Malaysia's central bank cut a key interest rate Monday, part of its effort to stimulate growth, amid fresh evidence that the country's economy is still grappling with recession.

billion ringgit (\$1.29 billion) in February, with imports sliding as consumers and businesses spent less

Chase objects to the part of the against deprivation of property because of concerns about the re-

cession, the government said.

Bank Negara Malaysia reduced should result in a further easing of lending rates to support the revival of economic activity.'

The central bank has been easing monetary policy since August, with its three-month intervention rate progressively reduced since then from a high of 11 percent.

February's trade surplus was the 16th in a row and exceeded the January surplus of 4.3 billion ringeit. Imports fell 14.2 percent to 16.99 billion ringgit in February from a

year ago, the state news agency Bernama reported, citing the Department of Statistics. Exports fell at a slower rate of 2.1 percent to 21.93 billion ringgit.

The string of trade surpluses is swelling Malaysia's foreign reserves and current account. This could provide support for the ringgit if the government lifts its fixed exchange rate. The currency was fixed at about 3.8 to the dollar on Sept. 2.

Malaysian business groups, worried about expensive imports, urged the government Monday to allow the ringgit to rise against the dollar.

Separately, Malaysia said it would halt imports of cheaper natural rubber from Thailand and Vietnam, to help its domestic rubber industry after world rubber prices percent in the last six months.(Bloomberg, AFP, Reuters)

Chase Manhattan Objects to PAL Bailout Plan rehabilitation plan that effectively without due process of law," the would convert PAL's promissory bank wrote. eral Electric Capital Corp., GPA Group and Airplanes Finance Ltd.

hattan Corp. urged regulators to re- year, interest-free loan. ject the plan, saying it was "grossly unfair and prejudicial" to some creditors. Chase, the U.S.-based bank that

has \$9.8 million in unsecured shortterm loans to PAL, became the first change Commission. foreign creditor to publicly oppose the program to revive the debtstrapped flag carrier, PAL, which creditors must waive unpaid interest suspended payments on \$2.3 billion charges since PAL suspended pay-The trade surplus widened to 4.9 worth of debt last June, has received support for its rehabilitation plan

MANILA — Philippine Airlines
Inc.'s rehabilitation plan appeared to hit a snag Monday as Chase Man
would convert PAL's promissory notes with maturities of between two months and one year into a 12-

'It was precisely because the debts were short-term in nature that creditor Chase Manhattan agreed to grant the loans without security,' the bank told the Securities and Ex-Chase also objected to the pro-

ments on its debt nine months ago.

It is "tantamount to a violation of

Increasing support from creditors could help the rehabilitation plan win regulatory approval. The securities commission is scheduled to decide by April 15 whether to accept the plan.

The U.S. Export-Import Bank and European credit agencies, fully secured creditors that are owed about two-thirds of PAL's debt, backed the plan before it was submitted to vision in the plan that unsecured the commission March 15.

Three other creditors, all aircraft lessors, said Monday that they would revive the airline. approve the survival plan if the commission acted on a compromise deal with PAL covering four leased Boeing 737-300s. The creditors are Gen-

infusion of \$200 million and major operational changes, including the consolidation of its international and domestic operations in a new terminal in Manila.

Perfecto Yasay Jr., chairman of the securities commission, said Monday that he had received reports that Lucio Tan, the majority owner of PAL, was willing to contribute the \$200 million infusion to help

If Mr. Tan puts up the cash, Mr. Yasay said, the rehabilitation plan will be approved on April 15. (Bloomberg, Reuters, AFP, AP)

its three-month intervention rate in the short-term money market from 7 percent to 6.5 percent, a move it said "should result in a further easing of "should result in a further easing of

SEOUL - The value of the assets of South Korea's top 30 industrial groups rose over the past 12 months even as the government urged them to slash debt by selling some of their investments, accord-

ing to data released Monday. The combined assets of the nation's top 30 conglomerates, or chaebol, rose 8.5 percent to 472.8 trillion won (\$420 billion) as of the start of this month, compared with 435.3 trillion won a year earlier, the

Fair Trade Commission said. The latest asset figure is higher than South Korea's gross national product of 414 trillion won.

South Korean companies have been under government pressure to sell off peripheral businesses and focus on their most profitable operations since their reckless expansion helped cause the nation's fi-

nancial crisis in 1997. it added 25.5 trillion won in assets; and Lotte Group moved ahead of scale entry by foreign competitors. Dong Ah Group into 10th place.

Two leading food manufacturers, the Cheil Jedang and Samyang groups, entered the top 30 for the first time, while ailing New Core

spin-offs, the number of chaebol viable businesses. Their aggregate tion's biggest chaebol, with 88.8 units fell to 686 at the end of 1998 debt rose to 367 trillion won as of trillion won in assets, was unfrom 804 at the end of 1997, the Thursday from 357.4 trillion won a changed from last year with 61 year earlier, the commission said.

and Samyangsa groups fell out.

As a result of mergers, sales and forms that require them to shed non-total of 49. Hyundai Group, the native of the shed non-total of 49. Hyundai Group, the native of the shed non-total of 49. units, mainly because of its acqui-The highly leveraged chaebol have Among the top five chaebol, sition of the bankrupt Kia Group also been under pressure to reduce Samsung Group shed the largest companies. (Bloomberg, AFP)

China Opens Its Door to 4 More Insurers

BELIING - The Chinese government cleared the way Monday for four more foreign insurance companies to enter the country's potentially lucrative market.

The government's decision is en as an effort to gain support for Beijing's application to join the World Trade Organization.

But officials here warned that Among the top 30, Daewoo China could afford only a limited Group moved up one place to opening of its insurance market besecond, passing Samsung Co., after cause the country's domestic insurers are still unprepared for large-

> The U.S. giants Chubb Corp. and John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Co., as well as Sun Life Insurance Co. of Canada and Prudential Corp. of Britain, were told to

the China Insurance Regulatory billion), 14 percent more than in Commission and the Foreign Trade 1997, according to the official Xin-Ministry in Beijing, according to Ian Lancaster, Chubb's regional manager for greater China.

After the invitation, approval of the applications is expected to be a

formality. Foreign insurers had been expect-

ing China to issue invitations to one China could afford only a limited or two U.S. insurance companies during the visit to the United States by Prime Minister Zhu Rongji, which starts Tuesday.

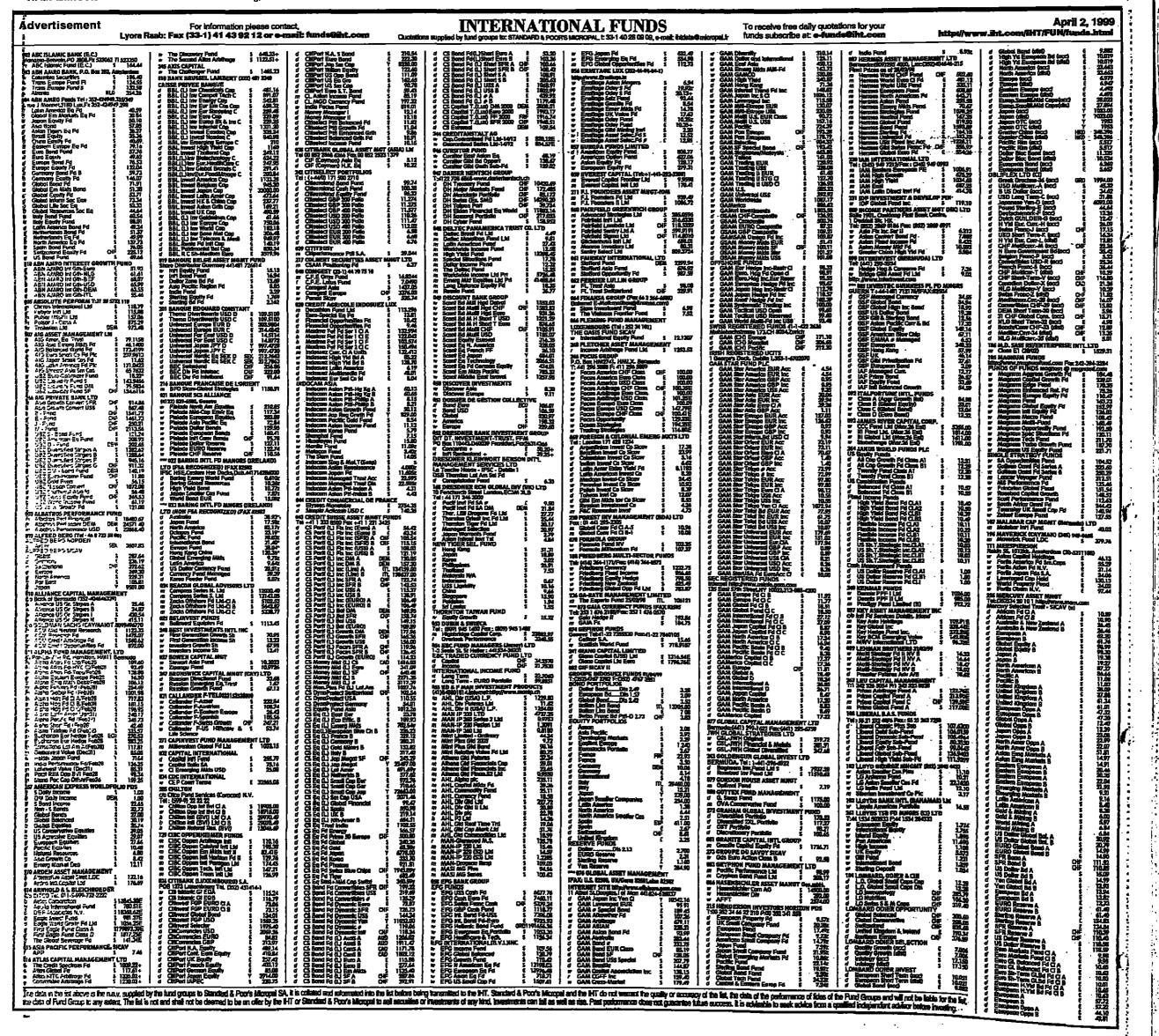
"The timing is connected with Zhu's visit, but it's more related to movement on the WTO and the opening of the financial services in-' Mr. Lancaster said. Last year, insurance premiums

apply for licenses at a meeting with totaled 124.7 billion yuan (\$15.06), the China Insurance Regulatory billion), 14 percent more than in

pean Union have been pressing, China to open its service industry. doors wider as one condition for approving its entry into the World

Trade Organization. The statement did not say in which cities the insurance companies would be allowed to operate. China now restricts foreign insurers ..

to Shanghai and Guangzhou Competition in these two cities is intense, and the government is trying to restrict the size of commissions that domestic insurers pay to agents to ensure long-term stability in the industry. (Bloomberg, AFP)



ilout Pla-

INTERNATIONAL INVESTING

Enthusiasm for Anti-Virus Shares Is Not Contagious

By Rebecca Fairley Raney New York Times Service

NEW YORK - In the Cupertino, California, offices of veloper Trend Micro Inc., an company pool table was commandeered as a cot. Both Micro. were a result of programmers' working through the night to create software that would clean the Melissa virus from

Whatever the impact on the company's bottom line, the effort paid off quickly for stockholders. On Friday, March 26, the day the virus was first reported, the company's excel with the even the unusual amount of attention given the Melissa failed to nudge the market.

One reason is that in a saturated market, even a potent pany's stock, which is traded exclusively in Japan, was listed at the equivalent of \$104 a software. At the same time, share. At the close of trading on the following Monday, it had climbed to \$127, although by the time U.S. federal agents arrested a suspect in the case in New Jersey last Friday morning, the shares stood at \$124.48 on the

Tokyo Exchange.

'Clearly, the investors seem to think it's good for said Dan Schrader, director of product marketing. "Clearly, we are benefiting from it.'

But Trend Micro's surging the virus publicity, the stock stock is an exception, a ben-was at \$30.75. Symantec efit of being well positioned in Asia, where the use of antivirus software is not pervasive, and of specializing in software to protect e-mail which

Melissa's target Other anti-virus companies because they compete in nology Group in San Fran-more mature markets. But in cisco. "It's a fairly mature addition, for giant American market." players like the Symantec Corp. and Network Associ- rus software was installed in ates Inc., anti-virus software 75 percent of business com-

meaning that the potential

That was not always the the Japanese software de- case. Four or five years ago, publicity about viruses proavalanche of pizza boxes duced benefits for anti-virus companies traded in the companies traded in the to time last week, and the United States similar to those enjoyed last week by Trend

> Today, the use of these digital vaccinations is so pervasive in the United States and Europe, among both companies and individuals, that even the unusual amount

urated market, even a potent new virus may inspire very sociates both post free updates for each new virus on their World Wide Web sites, so keeping existing customers protected is a net cost.

Stock prices actually dropped slightly last week for Network Associates of Santa Clara, California, and for Symantec of Capertino. On March 25, the day before the Melissa virus appeared, Network Associates closed at \$31. A week later, well into was at \$30.75. Symantec closed at \$16.63 on March 25, and was at \$16.13 a week

"It's unlikely that any of those companies is going to see any measurable revenue as a result of the virus," said Paul Saunders, a research failed to get such a lift, in part analyst at Soundview Tech-

He estimated that anti-vi-

worldwide, has been asked by the Securities and Exchange tion of its accounting writeoffs on companies it has ac-

behaved very differently after technology stocks in general the last major virus announcement. In late December, when Network Associof a virus called Remote Ex-

Commission for a clarifica- Powers, an analyst at BancBoston Robertson Stephens in San Francisco, said in an interview in Janu-The company's stock price ary. Still, he pointed out that were strong toward the end of

the fourth quarter.
At the time, officials from ates announced the discovery both anti-virus companies played down the role of virus plorer, the company's stock reports in their stock prices.

"Do I think the stories had for Symantec, which pro-some effect? Yes," John duces the Norton Utilities as well as Norton Antivirus. "The business grows over

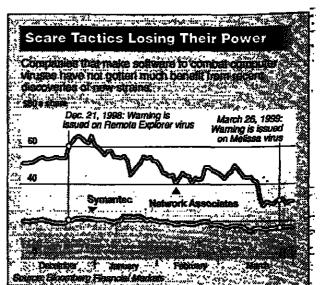
> Before the market neared saturation, virus reports often led to huge increases in purchases of anti-virus software, a phenomenon that encouraged the companies to publicize the existence of new viruses.

That competitive culture was back in evidence after the

meaning that the potential revenue opportunities from battling a new virus are diluted across a broad product

Aggravating the situation, jumped 22 percent within a "To tie a single event like Melissa discovery last week, but to our stock prices is a with companies pressing their little difficult," said Steve advantages in a barrage of Trilling, director of research press releases that emphasized speed in producing fixes.

Network Associates' press release said it was "the first company to offer detection and cleaning." Symantec offered "detection and repair within an hour" after spotting the virus. Trend Micro said it Melissa and had been "the first anti-virus vendor to provide a solution for the Melissa virus at its Web



Annual figures 1998

- Strong net profit growth for 1998 to U.S.\$2,961 million (+21%).
- Profit per share rose by 19.2%.
- -Dividend increased to U.S.\$1.38 (+19.6%).

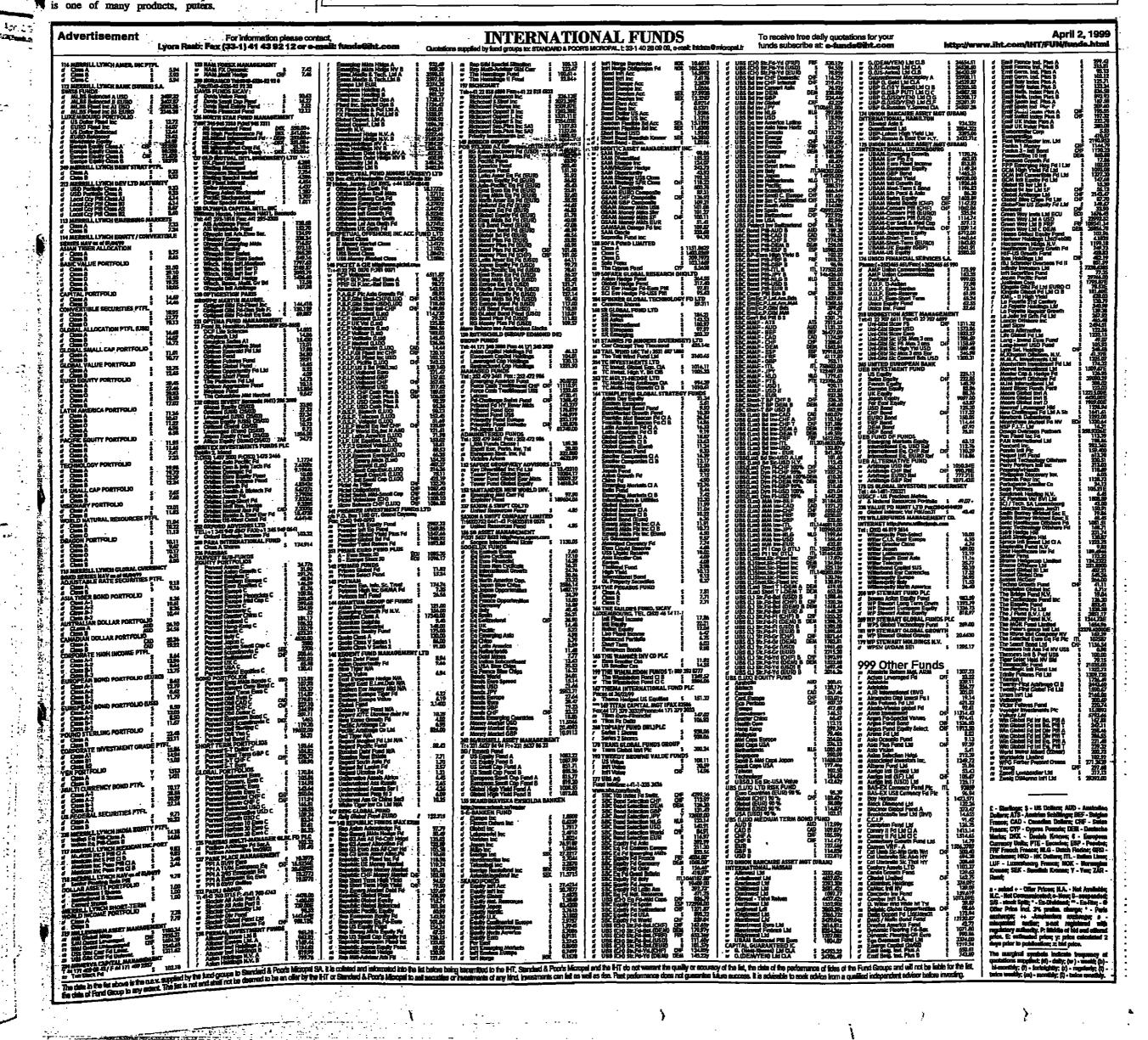
(in millions of dollars, except for amounts per share)	1997*	1998	% change
Result before taxation: ***			
- insurance operations	1,823	2,694	47.8
- banking operations	1,505	1,194	-20.7
Net profit	2,447	2,961	21.0
Net profit per ordinary share	2.64**	3.15	19.2
Dividend per ordinary share	1.16	1.38	19.6
Total assets ****	329,212	461,820	40.3
Shareholders' equity ****	25,647	34,003	32.6

- hed set profit +U.S.\$381 million

- Despite the turbulent conditions in the financial markets, ING Group closed the year 1998 with good results. All core activities contributed to the net profit increase, with the exception of the international corporate
- & investment banking activities. Especially the operations in the Benelux reported favourable results. The total contribution of the acquired companies to net profit was U.S.\$684 million, after deduction of finance charges. These contributions were made by BBL (U.S.\$581 million), Equitable of lows (U.S.\$81 million) and Furman Selz (U.S.\$22 million).
- Without non-recurring items of, on balance, U.S.\$628 million, the operational net profit amounted to U.S.\$2,334 million (-3.5%). The non-recurring items were the profits made on the sale of the non-life insurance operations in the US (U.S.\$419 million), Libertel (U.S.\$224 million), Kredietbank Belgium (U.S.\$190 million) and credit insurer NCM (U.S.\$27 million) as well as additions to special provisions for low interest rates outside the Netherlands (U.S.\$167 million) and the Millennium Calamity Fund (U.S.S65 million).
- The net profit from the insurance operations rose by 49.2% to U.S.\$2,138 million. Excluding the nonrecurring items, the operational net profit amounted to U.S.\$1,813 million (+23.7%). Equitable of Iowa and higher sales results from equities, convertible bonds and real estate contributed to this increase.
- The global financial crisis depressed the net profit from the banking operations, which decreased by 22.6% to U.S.\$823 million. Excluding non-recurring items, an operational net profit remained of U.S.\$521 million (-48.0%). This decrease can be entirely attributed to the non-recurring strong decline of the trading results and the extra additions to the debt provisions. The item Additions to the provision for loan losses of the banking operations increased by U.S.\$582 million to U.S.\$1 billion, of which U.S.\$0.5 billion related to Asia and Russia.
- Assets under management went up by 45.3% to U.S.\$296 billion.



The annual report appears on 20 April 1999 and can be obtained at the following address: ING Group, P.O. Box 810, 1000 AV Amsterdam, The Netherlands. Telephone: (+31) 20 541 54 71, fax: (+31) 20 541 54 51, e-mail: order@inggroup.com



SPORTS

Masterful Duval Ready for Augusta

GOLF David Duval birdied three of the final six holes at the Bell-South Classic in Duluth, Georgia. to warm up for the Masters with his second straight victory and fourth of the year. Duval shot a finalround 5-under 67 Sunday to finish at 18-under 270, two ahead of

Stewart Cink (70).

Rory Sabbatini (70) and John
Huston (70) were in third at 273.

Duval was two stokes back on

the 15th but holed a chip to start his charge as his rivals crumbled. Sabbatini double-bogeyed the 17th and bogeyed the 18th. Cink bogeyed the 16th and 17th.

The \$450,000 Duval earned was enough to break the PGA Tour single-season record he set last year in 23 events. Duval has earned \$2,598,300 in eight starts.
Sabbatini, a tour rookie, needed

to win the event to earn an invitation to the Masters. •Graham Marsh won the Tradition, the first senior major, after snow forced a cancellation of play for the second time in four days in Scottsdale, Arizona. (AP)

Hingis Stops Kournikova

Scottsdale, Arizona.

TENNIS Martina Hingis over-whelmed Anna Kournikova, 6-4, 6-3, to win the Family Circle Cup in Hilton Head Island, South Carolina. Kournikova, 0-2 in finals, threatened only once, when she broke Hingis's service in the seventh game for a 4-3 lead. (Reuters)

Lights Out in Nigeria

soccer The world youth cham-pionship in Nigeria suffered its first hiccup Sunday when a floodlight failure, which an official said was the result of sabotage, interrupted the game between Mexico and Ireland.

The group C match, won 1-0 by Mexico, was delayed for 12 minutes when the lights went out after an hour of play.

Argentina, the defending charn-

pion, beat Kazakhstan, 1-0. Enrico Kern scored three times as Germany beat Paraguay, 4-0. (AP)

Feyenoord Closes In

SOCCER Feyenoord won the Rotterdam Derby against Sparta, 1-0, on Monday and now needs 14 points in its last eight games to clinch its 14th Dutch champion-ship. It leads second-place Vitesse by 11 points.

The Danish striker Jon Dahl Tomasson put Feyenoord ahead at 15 minutes. After the break, Bert Konterman's header was cleared off the line and the Sparta defender Nico Jalink was fortunate to avoid an own-goal. Tomasson almost snatched a second goal in the fifth minute of injury time on a rebound.

The other Dutch game Monday finished in a 1-1 draw between FC Twente and FC Utrecht.

Lara Races to Century

CRICKET Brian Lara, the West Indies captain, continued his blazing form with a rapid century on the second day of the final test against Australia in Antigua.

Lara scored exactly 100 in 82 balls as he shared a stand-off 116 with Dave Joseph. Lara's last 69 runs took just 30 balls. He hit 15 fours and three sixes.

After Lara was out, the West Indies collapsed. It was all out for 222 on Monday in reply to Australia's first innings of 303. (AP)

WORLD ROUNDUP First Ball Thrown Out South of the Border

Majors Begin Baseball Season in Mexico

By John Ward Anderson

MONTERREY, Mexico - A sport obsessed with history and statistics and its particularly exciting game before a sellout crowd of 27,103 in this mountain-ringed and a sacrifice bunt. industrial city in northern Mexico.

Canada, signaling baseball's increasingly aggressive bid to expand its reach and Mexico's growing importance to U.S. culture, sports and entertainment. The venue was the brainchild of the San Diego Padres, last year's National League champions, who found an enthreisetic converse in the Colorado thusiastic opponent in the Colorado Rockies. The Padres, technically the

home team, lost, 8-2, Sunday.
"Every business worth its sait is exploring the global markets," said Larry Lucchino, the Padres president. "This sends a loud and clear signal to people outside the United States and particularly in Mexico that we recognize their importance to the growth in baseball."
Vinny Castilla, 31, the Mexican-born.

power-hitting third baseman for the Rockies, got a boisterous, hometown hero's welcome every time he took the field and stepped to the plate. He did not to rob the Padres third baseman, George

"I'm very excited to be part of this historic game," said Castilla, who was born in the southern Mexican state of Oaxaca and joined the major leagues in 1993. "It's important for Mexican baseball, for me and for all of baseball to keep expanding."

Castilla — who has batted at least .300

and has had more than 40 home runs and

with a five-run second inning and never looked back, scattering 18 hits over the game, including two singles, a double and a home run by left fielder Dante Bichette. The Rockies' winning pitcher, place in American life and tradition opened its 131st season with a solid if not

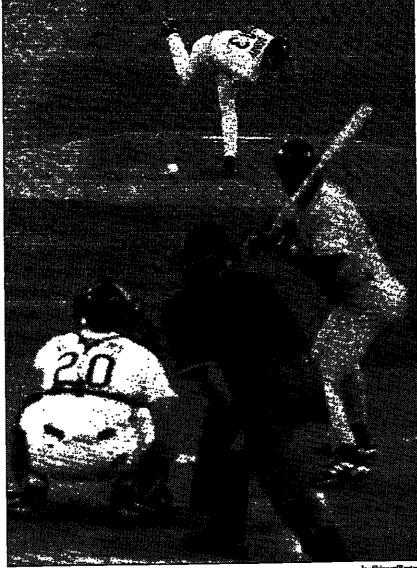
Articles and pictures of the Padres and Rockies were splashed across Mexican It was the first time that Opening Day occurred outside the United States or newspapers for a week and the stadium

The opener was shown nationally throughout Mexico on the Televisa network. ESPN, the U.S. sports channel, broadcast it to more than 200 other countries, including the United States. Major League Baseball executives said that, in coming years, the season opener might

be played in Japan.
In truth, baseball is still a novelty sport in Mexico. The first game in this country was played near this industrial boom town 85 miles (137 kilometers) from Texas on July 4, 1889, when the American foreman of a railroad construction project gave his U.S. and Mexican workers the day off and organized a baseball game.

Public surveys show that soccer is by far the favorite sport among Mexicans, followed by basketball. American football and baseball are popular principally disappoint, slapping three singles and a double and making a lightning-quick snag of a line-drive in the second inning in the north of the country, where U.S. television stations beam games across the border, helping teams such as the Padres and the Dallas Cowboys build huge fan followings. The Padres offer special buses from the border to their stadium, and many games are broadcast

driven in 100 runs in each of the last three can generate enough of it to lure a team ers to \$7 for the best seats. seasons - is one of the best Mexican- from the United States and pay the sal-



The Padres' Andy Ashby throwing the season's first pitch to Darryl Hamilton.

pionships in the 1990s. Yet they av- leaguer is \$200,000 and the average salin Spanish.

Although Mexican fans dream of having a major league team here, most say it won't happen any time soon. The real issue is money and whether fan support is money and whether fan support is soon and president, was part of a consortium that proposed Monterrey for an expansissue is money and whether fan support ange from about 80 cents for the bleaching angel from a center of the center of the bleaching angel from a center of the center of the bleaching angel from a center of the center of the bleaching angel from a center of the cent

That would not generate the cash flow born players ever to play in the majors.

The Rockies got off to a quick start

The Monterrey Sultanes of the Mex
The Monterrey Sultanes of the Mex-

ican Baseball League, for instance, have perhaps the best stadium in Latin America and have won three national chambal states in the 1000 North America and have won three national chambal states in the 1000 North America and have won three national chambal states in the 1000 North America and have won three national chambal states in the 1000 North America and have won three national chambal states in the Mexican league is paid \$25,000 a year, while the minimum salary for a U.S. major

Maiz listed the advantages: good climate, baseball tradition, good airline

Early Wynn, Winner of 300 Games, Is Dead at 79

The Associated Press
CLEVELAND — The Hall of Fame pitcher Early Wynn, a 300-game winner and one of the fiercest competitors of his time, has died at an assisted-living center in Florida, The Plain Dealer reported.

He was 79.

Wynn died Sunday night, his daugh-ter, Sherry Van Tilburg, told the news-paper. He had suffered a heart attack and a stroke in recent years, she said. Wynn pitched from 1939 to 1963, winning 20 games or more for the Cleveland Indians four times and once

for the Chicago White Sox. He was 23-11 in 1954 when the Indians won the American League permant with 111 victories in a 154-game season. In 1959, he won the Cy Young Award for the pennant-winning White Sox, posting a 22-10. Wynn was also a good hitter, with 17-career home runs and a batting average one season of 319. Managers would sometimes use him as a pindian would when returned to the Indians in 1963,

needing one more victory to reach 300. He reached the milestone on July 13, pitching five innings of a 5-4 victory in Kansas City against the Athetics.

After he retired, Wynn was a pitching coach for the Indians and for the Minnesota Trains. He was indicated into the

nesota Twins. He was inducted into the Hall of Fame in 1972.

■ Sosa Is Tops in Spring Homers Sammy Sosa won the spring training home-run title, hitting his 12th on the final day of preseason play as the Chica-go Cubs lost to the Minnesota Twins, 8-

The Associated Press reported. Sosa's leadoff homer in the ninth inning at New Orleans on Sunday gave him 12 in 32 exhibition games. Mark McGwire, who beat Sosa last year for the home run title and major-league record by hitting 70 to Sosa's 66, finished with nine in the St. Louis Cardinals' 29 preseason games.

Raptors Turn Rapacious

They Beat 76ers for Record 6th Straight Victory

The Associated Press

record for the franchise, and continued ington. their surprising rise through the Eastern

76ers, 97-82, to climb to seventh pla

NRA ROUNDUP

in a conference race that keeps getting

tighter. When teams come into Toronto, they know we're not a pushover anymore." said Dee Brown, who was 4 for 7 from behind the 3-point arc in a game that didn't stay close for long.

The Raptors shot 59.4 percent in the first half and led, 50-38, at intermission, then began the third quarter with a 19-7 run that gave them a 24-point lead. Philadelphia closed within 13 in the fourth, but got no closer. Allen Iverson, who leads the league in

scoring, didn't make the trip to Toronto after he and Larry Brown, the Philsidelines during the game Friday against

The Sixers insist that Iverson is being rested because of a deep thigh bruise, not because of his quarrel with the coach.

Heat 90, Wizards 79 Miami ended its The surging Toronto Raptors four-game losing streak — its longest in stretched their winning streak to six, a three years — with a victory in Washfour-game losing streak — its longest in

rs 98, Bucks 74 Wesley Person scored 20 points as the Cavs ended vis-The Raptors beat the Philadelphia iting Milwaukee's four-game winning

Sonies 101. Rockets 84 Gary Payton's backup, John Crotty, carried the Seattle offense during the fourth quarter with 14 of his career-high 19 points as the Sonics blew a 17-point lead

but beat visiting Houston. Pacers 108, Knicks 95 Rik Smits scored 22 points and the Pacers withstood a brief scoring outburst by Latrell Sprewell to beat New York in Indianapolis. Sprewell scored 11 straight points for New York to cut a 16-point deficit down to four by the end of the third quarter. Indiana then scored the

first seven points of the fourth quarter. Bulls 88, Grizzlies 87 Mark Bryant scored 25 points, including 10 in the fourth quarter, as Chicago reached double figures in victories and sent Vanadelphia coach, exchanged words on the couver to its 14th successive road loss.

Nuggets 82, Clippers 80 Chauncey Billups hit a driving layup with less than four seconds left and Antonio McDyess had 20 points and 13 rebounds as Denver beat the Los Angeles Clippers, who



Seattle's Payton going up for a shot.

dropped to 1-17 on the road. In games reported in late editions

Hawks 85, Hornets 83 Mookie Blaylock scored seven points late in the fourth quarter and Grant Long hit a baseline jumper with 2.6 seconds left as Atlanta beat visiting Charlotte.

Nets 91, Celtics 79 Keith Van Horn

The Devils Act Devilish

They Overcome New York in Fight-Filled Game

streak against the Rangers to 14 games didn't respond.

NHL ROUNDUP

with a 4-1 victory Sunday in a game which contained 61 minutes of penal-

Petr Sykora, Sergei Nemchinov, Jason Arnott and Vadim Sharifijanov scored as New Jersey inched closer to a third straight division title. The loss all but assured the Rangers will miss the playoffs for the second straight year.

The combination of the Devils' dominance and the Rangers' frustrations made the final 20 minutes entertaining for the sellout crowd in New Jersey.

The highlights were a major called against Chris Tamer, a Rangers defenseman, for fighting an unwilling Bobby Holik; a coincidental cross check and slash by Kevin Stevens of the Rangers and Sergei Brylin of the Devils; and a main event pitting heavyweights Rumun Ndur of New York and Krzysztof Oliwa of New Jersey in the final minute.

The Associated Press

EAST RUTHERFORD, New Jersey
—The New Jersey Devils might own the New York Rangers on the ice. That doesn't mean they can push them round.

On another occasion. With 2:48 to play
The Devils extended their unbeatenTamer started throwing punches. Holik

"Holik never fights," Muckler said. "He turtles out there on the ice. He likes to stab guys in the back and jump them from behind."

Holik fried to ignore the accusations.

Muckler has got "to do what he's got to do," said Holik, who made a great pass on Nemchinov's first-period goal that gave New Jersey a 2-0 lead. "I've got to do what I have to do to win the

hockey game." Oliwa felt the Devils were simply de-fending themselves. "We have the play-offs to go," he said. "We have to protect our players. They will be playing golf

two weeks from now and we're not."

Red Wings 3, Stars 0 Wendel Clark remained hot, with a third-period goal in Dallas, and Chris Osgood stopped 27

shots for his third shutout of the season. Kirk Malthy energized the defending Stanley Cup champions with a firstperiod goal, then Clark made it 2-0 with his fourth goal in six games since being acquired by the Red Wings.

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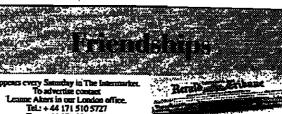
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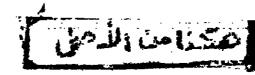
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SPORTS

Courier's Courage Sinks Britain

land—Addift on an angry sea,
Jim Courier refused to sink
below the surface. The arena
and its 0 400 predominantly
and in the end, all that remained for Courier was to
find a way to break Greg
Rusedski's serve if not his

The think everyone in the
locker room on our side all

anus

al at 79

DAYIS GUP TENNIS

the British, the emotion and commotion were extraneous.

The last wave had broken,

By Christopher Clarey reach with the racket and hit when he looks back on his en on Saturday and the Courth and the angle is a property of the angle is a pr International Herald Tribune

BIRMINGHAM, EngBIRMINGHAM, Engand in the end, all that rethat gets a lot of kids out lasted longer than three hours, and the standard of play was

hand that Rusedski could not my boat any day," said Todd handle at the net. Then a Martin, Courier's friend and is Cup teammates were bobbing up and down in their chairs, screaming encouragement in a futile attempt to be heard over the chant of "Go other low return and a Rusedski, the heard over the chant of "Go other low return and a Rusedski, the Singles of the day had allowed the British, who trailed 2-0 on United States will play host to heard over the chant of "Go other low return and a Rused-Greg Go, Go Greg Go."

But for Courier, in the Coffier's fellow American

Constants race. Findary, and the Drittsin, who trailed 22-0 on the Drittsin 22-0 on the

midst of the fifth set of this players scrambling joyfully tain and 99 years since the Cup were respected to the letter two nations played in the inplaying host to the Australians should be argural Davis Cup match at playing host to the Americans angural Davis Cup match at playing host to the Americans angural Davis Cup match at playing host to the Americans angural Davis Cup match at the current of the counter's relieve to the current of the current of the fifth set of this players scrambling joyfully over the wooden barrier september of the current of the current of the fifth set of this players scrambling joyfully over the wooden barrier september of the current of the

British occupants were rocking. Courier's American Daving.

British occupants were rocking. Courier's American Daving Cour we've been a part of at a Dav-

Australia in the quarterfinals

"I can't remember the last and Courier, after three hours in Boston. But it is doubtful tween the teams was played in time I had such a peaceful feeling," he said "I felt like the fans were the ocean trying to hit me with waves, and I felt more like a final, It is first etailed color."

and counter, after inree nours in Boston, But it is doubtful that there ever has been a Washington, But as this is the more competitive encounter to the International Tennis Fedthat felt more like a final, It is the right to be host to a match Three of the five matches eration granted the Americans ranking, and Martin's health and Agassi would have ist stayed calm."

a good bet that Courier's 6-4, went to five sets: Courier's the right to be host to a match victory over Henman on in July in Longwood no mar-

monster forehand. Need a big mph over Rusedski will be opening day; Henman's and ter who their opponent.

first serve, find the line. Need one of the first victories that Rusedski's doubles victory when Pete Sampras and on our backs. The other guys the same team spirit. Pete and save Everton from relegation, tory over visiting Wimble-save Everton from relegation and the first victories that the first victories that the first victories that Rusedski's doubles victory and the first victories that the first victories a stretch volley, reach and flashes through his memory over Martin and Alex O'Bri- Andre Agassi declined to who aren't here don't exist Andre are not team players."



Jim Courier, left, getting a hug from Tom Gullikson, the U.S. Davis Cup captain, after the American victory.

play for the United States, it this week. I love those guys, looked quite possible that the but we can't make them want Americans would be the hosts to be here.' of a relegation match at Long-wood. But Courier's tennis Lloyd, wished they had come; bore little resemblance to his "I really think that if Sampras

was not a problem. played, we would have won, Courier said: "We're the because I don't think the

PREMITE LEAGUE United — was in action. Ar-

burn Rovers on Tnesday.

Graham Stuart scored in the 75th minute Monday to give Charlton Athletic a 1-0 victory over its East London rival, West Ham. The victory lifted visiting

Charlton out of the bottom three in the 20-team division. At the end of the season, the last three teams are relegated to the first division.

senal is slated to play Black-

LONDON - The English Sheffield Wednesday - into Premier League's traditional the bottom three with his goal. Easter Monday program fea- Francis Jeffers gave Everton tured teams struggling at the bottom of the division. the lead, but Benito Carbone scored twice in the second half scored twice in the second half

Charlton Edges

West Ham, 1-0

None of the top four teams to give Sheffield the victory. - Manchester United, Ar-George Boateng's goal senal, Chelsea and Leeds gave Coventry a 1-0 home triumph over Southampton, taking Gordon Strachan's team six points above the relegation zone.

Elsewhere, Pierre van Hooijdonk curled in a free kick from 30 meters (100) feet) in the final minute to give Nottingham Forest, the last-place team, a 2-2 draw

with visiting Liverpool. But Nottingham Forest is nine points behind 19th-place Southampton with six games

Middlesbrough got off to a flying start with a goal after just 31 seconds from

SCOREBOARD

BASEBALL

MAJOR LEAGUE BASEBALL

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Klie, Leskonic (7), McElroy (7), Veres (9) and Manustring: Ashby, Boehringer (2); Reyes (6), Hoffmon (8), Miceli (9) and Myers. Leyriz (9). W—Kile, 1-0. L—Ashby, 0-1. HR—Colorodo, Bichette (1).

EXHIBITION BASEBALL FINAL STANDINGS



Pct | 742 | 488 | 467 | 594 | 333 | 294 | .182

Bestee 18 22 27 11—79
M.L.: Van Horn 6-19 13-13 25, Marbury 8-17
4-420: B: Walker 10-18 12-13 32, Anderson 510 3-3 13. Rebounds: New Jersey 52 (Felck, 12), Boston 54 (Wolker, Pierce 11), Assists: New Jersey 19 (Morbury 8), Boston 12 (Anderson 3).

Minut (Anderson 3).

Miami 21 22 27 29—99
Washington 16 23 25 15—79
Als Mourning 8-14 8-12 24, Hordoway 6-15
7-9-20; W: Howard 8-11 4-4-20, R.Strictiond 613 4-8 18, Rehovests: Miami 50 (Mourning 17), Washington 45 (R.Strictiond 7), Assists: Miami 20 (Hordoway 8), Washington 13 (R.Strictiond 8). Massington 13 (Restriction 49), Wassington 13 (R.Shiricidon 49), Mew York 22 19 21 23 35 Indiana 31 22 23 23 23 180 M.Y. Sprewell 7-14.5-520, Housdon 7-19.5-19.1: Smits 11-18 6-1 22, Jackson 6-12 0-0 14 Behavandra Mew York 46 (Federa 14)

nd 24 (Knight 21. .

C: Jones 5-19 6-10 14, Brown 6-8 0-0 14, Comphell 6-102-214, Coleman 5-12 4-414; A: Handerson 8-13 2-2 18, Corbin 6-10 9-0 15, Rebesteds: Charlotike 49 (Coleman 18), Adaptes 50, Kultombo 10), Assists: Charlotike 51 (Jones 5), Alfordin 17 (Bloylock 5), Hew Jersey 26 28 21 16—91 Besten 18 23 27 11—79 M.L.: Van Harn 6-19 13-13 25, Marbury 8-17 4-420; B: Walker 10-18 12-13 22, Androury 8-17 4-420; B: Walker 10-18 12-13 22, Androury 8-17 16 16, Rebonads: Los Angeles 56 (Wight 11), Denver 45 (Fortson 16), Assists: Cloppers 19 (Dauglas 6), Denver 20 (Billups 4).

ICEHOCKEY NHL STANDINGS

I DIDN'T THINK YOU'D DO IT, BUT YOU DID IT!

HWEST DIVISION 40 26 10 90 221 190 28 36 12 68 196 216 28 37 11 67 208 215 22 44 11 55 183 244 38 26 12 88 394 279 Brent Gelber 24 22 16 21-- 83 Chicage 26 16 24 22-- 88 Son Jose 21 18 22 22-- 85 V: Abdur-Rakim 7-11 12-14 26 Bibby 5-10 Los Angeles 29 30 17 75 182 177 Stuart Appleby, Aus. 28 42 5 61 171 201 S. Maruyama, Jap.

N.Y. Romgers

T 8 6—1
New Jerstry

Pirit Period: N.J. Syltoro 27 (Elics, Morfoot) (pp). 2, M.J. Nemchinov 11 (Holif,
Schoward 3, New York, Leetch 10 (Sundstrom, Malhotrol Secont Period: N.J. Armolt 26
(Elics, Syltorol) Thirt Period: N.J. Shortificanov
11 (Rahdan, Carpenter) (pp). Shorts on goodNew York, 7-3-10—20, N.J. 9-12-8—29.
Goodies: New York, Chodier, N.J. Brodeur,
Defroit

Defroit

Defroit

O 0 0—0

First Period: D-Mailby 7, Second Period:
None, Thirt Period: D-Clark 32 (Fedorow,
Murphy) 3, D-Holimstrom 12 (Yzeman)
Shots on good: D-12-8-6—26, D-10-9-8—27.
Goodies: D-Osgood, D-Bellour.

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Stewort Cink: U.S. 71-65-66-70—273
Rory Sobbalini, S.Afr. 65-65-77-0—273
John Huston, U.S. 71-65-67-70—273
Franklin Langham, U.S. 69-67-68-72—274
Millio Welt, U.S. 69-65-88-72—274
Glen Doy, U.S. 69-68-772-68-72-75
Davis Love 2d. U.S. 69-69-480—275

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1. David Duval, U.S., 13.52 paints ove 2. Tiger Woods, U.S., 12.62 3. Davis Love 3d., U.S., 19.42 4. Mark O'Mearu, U.S., 1996 5. Emile Els., South Africa, 9.15 Vigor Singh, Fit, 8.85
 Lee Westwood, Britoin, 8.52
 Nick Price, Zimbobwe, 8.23
 Colin Mortgomerie, Britoin, 8.07
 Fred Couples, U.S., 7.43 11. Jim Furyk, U.S., 7.33 12. Justin Leonard, U.S., 7.37 13. Phil Mickelson, U.S., 6.85 14. Masashi Oseki, Japan, 6.70

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DATEN FIRST DIVISIO NAC Bredg 2, Willers II Tilburg 2 STANDROCK Prepagate 61 points;
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Breda 15; Wachright 15.

National Forest 2, Liverpool 2 West Hom United 6, Chartten Athletic 1 8TANEDBROSS. Manchester United 64 paints: Anenol 66; Cheisso 59; Leods United 57; West Hom United 47; Aston Villa 45; Derby County 44; Liverpool 43; Middles-brough 45; Newcostle United 41; Wimbledon 41; Tottenham Hotspur 39; Sheffield Wed-nesdor; 38; Lelcostar City 37; Coverby City 37; Chartten Athletic 31; Blackburn Rovers 31; Everton 31; Southampton 30; Notfleghom Forest 21.

74-66-66-71--277 well 34: Aberdeen 34: Dundee 30; Dundee 66-72-68-71--277 United 29; Dunfermline 27; Hearts 25.

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stranschitons Borcelone 54 points; Votencle 5tr Vigo 49; Real Madrid 49; Coruna 48;
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Espanyol 24; Atlatico Modrid 34; Sentrander
22; Villorreol 31; Aloves 27; Extremodure 25;
Tanedia 24; Soistemen 22

WORLD YOUTH CHAMPIONSHIP

Germany 4, Paraguay 0
STANDANCE: Germany 3 po
Rica 1; Nigeria 1; Paraguay 0.

Argentino 1, Kozokston 0 STANDAMOS: Argentino 3 points; 1; Ghana 1; Kazakston 0. irekund 1. Mesdco 🗓

exico (i. Sandi Arabia

TENNIS

DAVIS CUP WORLD GROUP

GROUP 2 FIRST ROUND Medco 3, Paraguay 2 ublic 2, Peru 3

FAMILY COCKS COS

Martina Hinals (1), Switzerland

Elena Likhovisero, Russia, and Jana Ne votna, Czech R., def. Borbara Scheit. Austri and Pathy Schnyder, Switzerland, 6-1, 6-4.

TRANSITIONS

EASTRALL

AMERICAN LEAGUE

AMAHEIM—Opinional 18 Chris Pritcheit to
Edmonton, PCL. Pur RHP Juson Dickson on
15-day disobled and OF Reggle Williams on
15-day disobled itsi retroactive to Mound 30.
Pur OF Jim Edmonds on 15-day disobled itsi
retroactive to Mound 29, Bought contracts
INF Left Huson and MRE Tim Unstan from INF Jeff Huson and INF Tim Unroe from Edmonton. Recalled LHP Scatt Schoenewel

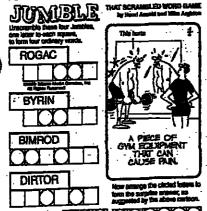
CHICAGO—Bought contract of OF Dorrin Jackson from Charlotte, IL.

JOCISON From Charlotte. IL.
CLEVELAND—Put LHP Torn Mortin on 15day disabled list. Assigned RHP Dove
Stevens, C Parl Borders, INF Jeff Mortio and
Orlando Miller to Buffolk, IL.
KANSAS CITY—Optioned C Sol Posono and SS Mendy Lonez to Omoho, PCL

DENNIS THE MENACE



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ZERO! THAT'LL TAKE FOREVER!





AND THEN SOMETIMES I GET A LITTLE HINT







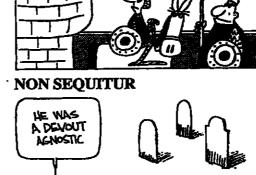
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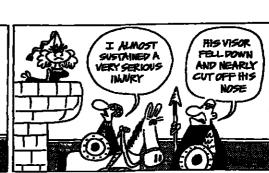




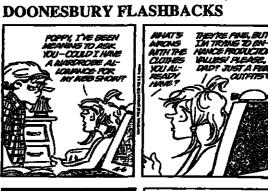




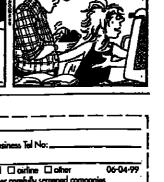








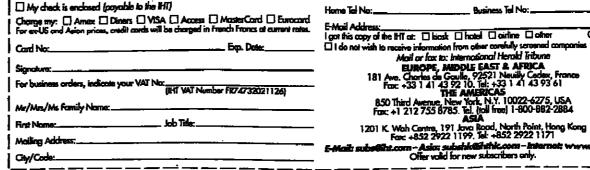




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ART BUCHWALD

Vying With Mr. Gates

NEW YORK—Bill Gates
has just written a book
entitled "Business @ the
Speed of Thought," in which
he has listed the "Ten New
Bules Conserving Computer

at Marcowave oven if it does Rules Concerning Computer not warm up. Networking."

Without stealing his thunder, I also have 10 rules that

I will eventually put in a book. They are not as sophisticated as Mr. Gates's, but then again, I don't have his money:

When • l. turning on your computer, try to remember because they can't recall standing next to you, whether they named their •8. The more bells and whether they named their

•2. Do not hit any key you are not certain of, as it will only make you lose the file on your hard disk. You may ask, "Which key?" No one knows which button on your hard to be to be to be the file on your hard disk. You may ask, "Which key?" No one knows which button on your lose of the file of an outdated computer will make you lose everything you have written for the last two days.

•3. Spilling coffee or mine in New Mexico.

•5. If you have difficulty getting the font you want, do not call the computer maker to talk to someone. They will put you on hold for a week or until you starve to death.

•6. There is no such thing as a friendly computer. It will stab you in the back as soon as you turn to answer the telephone.

•7. A computer is so simple even a child can use it as a matter of fact, only a child can use it. Do not try to your password. Many people do anything on a computer cannot boot up their machines unless someone under 13 is

password after their wives, whistles a computer has, the children or the girl next door. less chance you have of doing

> getting rid of an outdated computer other than to get in

Mandela Takes His Wife Home

JOHANNESBURG — President Nelson Mandela of South African spent part of the Easter weekend fulfilling a tra-ditional duty — introducing his new wife to his tribal clan in

a colorful ceremony.

Mandela, who will retire after general elections on June 2, married Graca Machel, the former first lady of Mozambique, on July 18, his 80th birthday. But he still had to meet his obligation to his Thembu clan. He spent Friday and Sanurday engaged in the traditional ceremonies of welcoming his bride to the tribe at his second home, in Qunu, a small village in Eastern Cape province.

A presidential spokeswoman said the ceremony formed part of the lore of the Xhosa tribe, of which Mandela's Thembu clan is a part. "Mrs. Machel was introduced to the Thembu family and they had a traditional blessing," the spokeswoman said.

In Indonesia, a Voice That Will Not Be Silenced

By Mishi Saran

JAKARTA — On a warm even-ing, Indonesia's most famous struggle to survive.

He was for a long time voiceless. discussing his memoir, which will conditions" and smuggled out, rebe published in the United States minded him that he was a writer. this month.

74-year-old Pramoedya Ananta Toer. "If I smoke, I'm still living."
Best known for "The Burn Tetralogy," a series of novels that have
been widely remedeted and hearn

been widely translated and began appearing in the United States in the early 1990s, Pramoedya is as fragile as a bird, slightly stooped reveals a gap in his teeth.
"I live for writing, but my books

are banned," Pramoedya says. 'That means that my life has been confiscated." He is most comfortable in Bahasa Indonesia, the language he writes in, or Dutch, and he

speaks a careful English.
On a low table in the front sitting room, galleys of his memoir "The Mute's Soliloquy" lie open. The collection includes parts of what rule. Pramoedya's writing is un-derstated and unflinching. "Is it possible to take from a man his right to speak to himself?" he asks in "The Mute's Soliloquy."

The Dutch regime arrested him in 1947 for being "anti-colonial."
The Indonesian military imprisoned him in 1960 for defending the country's persecuted ethnic Chinese. Then, on the night of Oct. purge of leftists, the writer was kidnapped from his home.

Hundreds of thousands of others were abducted or killed in the months that followed. For a few years, they languished in prisons and detention centers. Buru Island served as a prison for some of the prisoners, and for 12 years, he and thousands of others were forced to

in his east Jakarta home, the sweet- But snatched moments of scribsmelling kretek an essential prop to bling, notes written "under adverse

"What a high price one must pay "I smoke two packets of kreteks a for the right to call oneself an Inday; it's best for my lungs, "says the donesian citizen!" Pramoedya

greatest debt to Multatuli, a 19thcentury Dutch administrator who wrote against colonialism and said that a human being's duty was with age. Wisps of white hair fringe simply to be human. Pramoedya is the back of his head, and his grin still determined to speak. He writes occasional articles for the foreign press and is working on a book on

an Irian Jaya prison camp.
"Look, I have my own voice and I will express it at any time, to anybody. Although my freedom is confiscated, I create my own freedom," he says.
In 1992 he decided to stop re-

porting to the East Jakarta military Mute's Soliloquy" lie open. The collection includes parts of what survived from writings penned between 1965 and 1979, years he was a political prisoner under Subarto's strengthened my views. All those three premoedys's prifting is unstruggles are medals. My chest is studded with medals.

This steely stance is a magnet for younger writers and activists who trickle into Pramoedya's living room. As one friend put it, often they don't have anything specific to say, they just want to be near him. Pramoedya himself refuses to

subscribe to any ideology. "I am a Pram-ist." he declares. He brushes his hand over his memoir. "This 13, 1965, in the shadow of his hand over his memoir. "This Sukarno's fall and a nationwide was my past. The youth of Indonesia is my future."

Pramoedya has a secret weapon.
The man who combed through the



Pramoedya Ananta Toer: "My life has been confiscated."

Jakarta prison. For 20 years, Joe- waves them toward Joesoef. soef has coaxed and sculpted Pramoedya's writing, an amanuensis of sorts. He bustles around the writer, tidies up his loose ends and

frequently tells him what to do.

Pram types like a government employee, with 10 fingers and one space between the lines," Joesoef

close friend of the author and was a municate. That made him reluctant political prisoner for a decade in a to talk to outsiders, so he mostly

> The writer's trust is absolute. "When Pramoedya was 'freed,' he came to me with a stack of old papers, really old papers. He said, Joesoef, I found these papers. Read them. If they are interesting, maybe you can compose a book,'

Joesoef says.
So Joesoef made each chapter in The man who combed through the Years ago, a soldier hit the memoir an independent story, you're loose heaps of paper from Pramoedya in the head with a rifle He divided the fragments of writpoint of Pramoedya's past, picked the material and then edited it, was Joesoef the wound became infected, impairoedya's soul-baring letters to his Mish Isak. The wry former journalist is a ling his hearing and ability to comchildren were followed by the Kong.

writer's thoughts and reflections and finally, his essays. The book was published in Dutch in the Netherlands more than 10 years ago. An attempt to publish the memoirs in Indonesia, in Bahasa, on the author's 70th birthday

resulted in the book being banned. So to be heard beyond the Dutchspeaking world, the pair turned to Willem Samuels, a translator and an expert on Indonesian literature. Over a period of 10 years, Samuels translated into English the original 800 pages collated by Joesoef.

'He makes poetry out of nonfiction." Samuels says. "A good part of the collection is letters to his children; he writes as a father to a beloved child and it's a nuance you try to capture."

The hardest to compile and translate was the final section, a list of names of the prisoners who died on Buru, through illness, violence or hunger. Pramoedya noted as many as he could. "All the diseases - trying to find the Latin names and then the English," Samuels says. "Each prisoner's name had to be called from Pramoedya's scraps, alphabetized.'

Unlike with many Indonesian writers who set their stories in fantasy worlds, Pramoedya's work is rooted in history. He is precise, cinematographic, and Samuels tried to remain faithful to that style.

This month, the three men and Pramoedya's wife, Macmunah Thamrin, will go to the United States for a lecture tour and a seminar that coincides with the release of the translation by Hyperion Press.

In his Jakarta living room. Pramoedya stubs out his cigarette. He cups a hand behind his ear to hear the question, and says, "I have not left Indonesia in 40 years. I cannot even imagine what it's

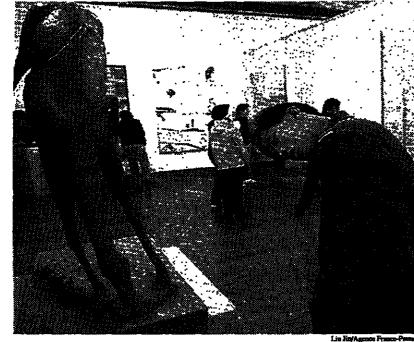
Joesoef says.

So Joesoef made each chapter in the memoir an independent story.

He divided to force the first country, his vision remains firmly in the future. "If you're not optimistic, what's the point of living?"

Mishi Saran is a writer in Hong

PEOPLE



OPENING — A soldier examining a sculpture at a modern art exhibition in Shanghai. The government has closed three such shows this year.

FIFTY years after the weekly music show Louisiana Hayride first took to the stage, hundreds of the original regulars returned for some hillbilly, western swing, blues, gospel, jazz, Cajun and pop music. Willie Nelson was back, as were others who worked behind the scenes on the show, which ran on Saturday nights until 1960. Johnny Cash, Slim Whit-man and Johnny Horton got their starts there, and Jim Reeves worked as an announcer until a singer didn't show up one night and he was asked to fill in. "It was a wonderful place," said Hunter Huff, who appeared in 1954 with his four-man dance band. "That crowd set you on fire and made your heart throb."

Kevin Costner realized one of his eague baseball game. He also realized one of his biggest fears - making an error Sunday to lose the game. Costner dropped a ball in the sixth inning, allowing the scoring run as the Anaheim Angels defeated his alma mater, Cal State Fullerton, 2-1, in the Angels' last

exhibition game before the season starts. 'It was a really great day, but it would have been better without the error," Costner said. "I felt really bad about making us lose the game. I just missed it in front of everybody." Costner has starred in the baseball movies "Field of Dreams" and "Bull Durham," in which he performed his own baseball stunts.

Joe Namath and his wife of 15 years, Tatiana, are getting a divorce. The former football star filed for divorce on March 19, the Sun-Sentinel in Fort Lauderdale, Florida, reported. According to court records, Tatiana Namath, 37, is not contesting it. The couple lived in Jupiter, Florida, with their children Olivia and Jessica.

Cheap Trick is headed for the Internet. The band plans to release a live album April 20 - but "Music for Hangovers" will be available via Amazon.com for two months before it goes to stores. The new album will in-

clude live tracks with the Smashing Pumpkins' musician Billy Corgan. It comes 20 years after the band's live "At Budokan" album spun off the hits "Surrender" and "Auf Wiedersehen."

Deborah Cox says she's enjoying life on the top of the U.S. charts as Canada's

first R&B star — but don't call her a diva. "I'm not," she told The Boston Globe. "I'm really a settled, down-to earth person. I treat people the way I like to be treated and that's just with respect." Cox, of Toronto, made history this year with the longest-running No. I R&B hit of all time — 14 weeks with "Nobody's Supposed to Be Here."

Slow Sales for Tickets to Diana Estate

ONDON - Sales of tickets to visit the ancestral home and final resting

place of Diana, Princess of Wales, have been slow so far this year, and nearly half remain unsold three months before the gates are opened to the public. Diana's brother, Earl Spencer, will open the Althorp estate and the museum he created in her memory from July 1 through Aug. 30, the day before the second anniversary of Diana's death in a 1997 Paris car crash. Visitors are not permitted to visit the island where she is buried, but can see it from the edge of

the ornamental lake on the estate. The tickets went on sale in January and more than 70,000 of the 152,000 that are available remain unsold, a spokeswoman for the earl said Sunday. "There wasn't the huge rush for them at the start as there was last year. And the princess's death has not dominated the news this year so sales are understandably slower," she said. About 150,000 people visited the estate last year.

out of the blue

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